The Courier-Journal.

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DELEGATES AND FRIENDS

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

Have the Courier-Journal mailed to your own home address or to friends during the convention. The paper will be sent for eight days, May 10 to 17 inclusive, by mail postpaid, for 25 cents. Give your order to authorized solicitor, or leave at Courier-Journal counting-room. Insist on a serially numbered receipt when you pay.

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Kentucky—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; slowly rising temperature.

Indiana—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair in south, showers in north portion; light to moderate southerly winds.

Tennessee—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair; slowly rising temperature.

THE LATEST.

Substantial progress was made in the consideration of the tariff bill, the amendments of the Committee on Finance being upheld by the Senate by substantial majorities. A feature of the day's session was a general discussion concerning the great disparity between wholesale and retail prices of commodities. Republican Senators declared that this difference was so great as to demonstrate that the duty levied by a protective tariff had no effect on the price paid by the consumer.

A guard of militiamen under noncommissioned officers was placed last night over the homes of the negroes employed at the quarries at Benson, below Frankfort, following the finding of several sticks of dynamite near the negroes' homes yesterday morning. The matter was reported to Adjt. Gen. Johnston, who took it up by telephone with Gov. Willson at Louisville, where it was decided that the colored workmen must be protected.

Art development in America was given an impetus at a meeting held at Washington under the auspices of the National Academy of Art, Vice President Sherman and Senators Root and Newlands indorsing the movement to form a National Art Federation, both by their presence and kindly words of encouragement.

The jury in the case of Capt. Peter C. Hains, U. S. A., charged with the murder of William E. Annis on August 15, 1908, brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree at Flushing, N. Y., yesterday afternoon. The jury had been out four hours.

The movement for deep waterways was given an impetus last night at a banquet tendered the officers of the battleship Mississippi at New Orleans. Congressman Ransdell, who made the principal speech, advocated bond issues to make the improvements.

Congress' failure to furnish funds for the carrying on of experiments in aeronautics at Fort Myer, it was announced, would necessitate the removal of signal corps dirigible No. 1 to Fort Omaha, where the trials this summer will be held.

Bishop Charles B. Galloway, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, is believed to be in a dying condition at Jackson, Miss. He has been in ill health for a long time, but the immediate cause of his illness is pneumonia.

Wilbur and Orville Wright, the aeronauts, arrived in New York yesterday. They proved to be shy heroes, declining to attend a big reception that had been tendered them, and discussing their plans and work with much reserve.

The refusal of the Parliament to take action at once has precipitated the postal strike in France. The railway mail clerks walked out last night and their fellow employes have been ordered not to return to work.

Broughton Brandenburg has waived extradition, and will be taken back to New York for trial on a grand larceny charge in connection with the sale of the article purporting to have been written by Grover Cleveland.

Two reports were submitted by the Sperry board to Secretary of the Navy Meyer bearing on the Newberry plan of navyyard administration, but the contents of neither have been made known.

Twenty workmen are believed to have been drowned as the result of the sinking of a gasoline launch in the Ohio River at Schoenville, near Pittsburg.

J. Pope Brown has been appointed State Treasurer of Georgia by Gov. Hoke Smith, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Robert E. Park.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen is holding its ninth biennial convention at Columbus, O., with about 400 delegates in attendance.

The twenty-seventh annual National Episcopal Church congress was opened yesterday in Boston. The congress will be in session four days.

The Court of Appeals of New York, in an opinion, holds that the American Tobacco Company cannot be forced to sell to any person.

CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER

Capt. P. C. Hains, Jr., Now Facing Prison Term

Jury Took Little Stock In Experts' Testimony.

Motion For a New Trial To Be Offered Monday.

AGED FATHER'S GREAT GRIEF.

Flushing, N. Y., May 11.—Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., U. S. A., to-night faces a prison term of from one to twenty years. Despite all the testimony submitted by the defense as tending to show insanity he was convicted late to-day of manslaughter in the first degree for killing William E. Annis at the Bayside Yacht Club last August.

Quickly following the young army officer's conviction his counsel announced that they would produce affidavits to show that the jury had not been properly guarded during the trial, and upon this allegation will urge that a new trial be granted. These affidavits will be submitted on Monday, the time set for passing sentence and for motions that the defendant's counsel desire to make. There will, of course, be the usual motions to set aside the verdict as against the weight of evidence and contrary to law, but the unguarded jury feature is the only departure from the stereotyped procedure looking to a new trial.

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O'Reilly's Statement.

Daniel O'Reilly, of counsel for the defense, said:

"There was no evidence in this case to warrant a verdict of manslaughter. It should either have been murder in the first degree or acquittal on the ground of insanity. The jurors were permitted to roam about the county in an automobile and go right to the verge of the scene of the homicide, which is clearly against the law. We will have affidavits to prove that such is the case and also that the jurors were permitted to leave the jurisdiction of the county and have been on Government property at Fort Totten, all of which will be urged as a ground for setting aside the verdict."

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Verdict a Surprise.

The conviction of the young army officer to-day after the jury had been out less than three hours came as a general surprise. It had been expected that the jurors would deliberate much longer and that a verdict of acquittal on the ground of insanity or a disagreement would result.

No one was more surprised than District Attorney DeWitt, who had said all he could hope for a was a disagreement.

Unlike the scenes attending the trial of Thornton Hains, the defendant's brother, who was acquitted of complicity in the same crime, there was no dmonstration in court when the verdict was rendered at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

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Hains Faces Jury.

Capt. Hains stood up and faced the jury, squaring his shoulders, thrown back in military fashion, while Foreman Sundling recited the verdict. As he heard the decision of the jurors Hains' face was white as chalk. He stood for a few moments motionless, staring at the jury after he heard the verdict. Then one of his lawyers touched him and he quietly sat down.

A few moments later, apparently little affected by the verdict, he walked from the courtroom with a steady stride between his two lawyers, and was taken back to the Queens county jail.

Aged Father's Grief.

In striking contrast to the demeanor of the prisoner was the grief of his aged father, Gen. Peter C. Hains, and his brother, Maj. John Power Hains. For a moment they sat as if dazed, then broke down and wept. The Captain's aged mother, who was such a pitiful figure in court during the trial, was not in court, having returned to New York early in the afternoon. This precaution was taken both because of the uncertainty of the duration of the jury's deliberations and to shield her from the shock. Gen. Hains, however, quickly communicated the verdict to her over the telephone.

* * *

Four Ballots Taken.

After the jury was discharged Juror William Craft said four ballots were taken. On the first three ballots six voted for murder in the first degree and six for acquittal on the ground of insanity. On the fourth ballot the compromise of manslaughter in the first degree was reached. Little consideration was given to the expert testimony. They believed, he continued, that Mrs. Thaddeus Hains, the defendant's wife, had made a confession to her husband of improper relations with Annis and that Annis deserved his fate, but none of them would consider the unwritten law and therefore the manslaughter verdict resulted.

Mrs. Annis was not in court to-day. She was in court yesterday during the summing up for the defense, but at no time was called as a witness.

DEATH NEAR FOR BISHOP GALLOWAY

DISTINGUISHED METHODIST ILL FOR MONTHS AND HOPE IS ABANDONED.

Jackson, Miss, May 11.—At midnight practically all hope for the recovery of Bishop Charles B. Galloway, of the Mississippi diocese of the Methodist Episcopal Church and one of the most distinguished churchmen of the South, has been abandoned and his death, it is announced by the physicians in attendance, is a matter of but a few hours.

Bishop Galloway has been in ill health for some months, suffering, it is stated, with Bright's disease, but with the return of spring he seemed to improve and his friends were hopeful that he would gain sufficient strength to pass through the heated season and hold the two Mississippi conferences to which he was assigned next winter.

On a recent trip to Nashville, however, where he attended a meeting of the college of bishops, he contracted a cold which yesterday developed into pneumonia. His condition fast became critical and late to-day it was evident that he could not survive. To-night while he is still alive the physicians in attendance hold out no hope for the recovery and declare it is hardly probable that he can survive the early hours of to-morrow.

MARION COUNTY MAN DROWNS IN ROLLING FORK.

Charlie Gilliam, of Finley, Victim of Rise In Stream—Leaves a Large Family.

Lebanon, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Charlie Gilliam, aged about 45 years, a resident of Finley, was drowned while attempting to cross the Rolling Fork below Calvary, yesterday. He left home in the morning and was not expected back until this afternoon and his family did not know of his tragic fate until this afternoon, when his body was found floating in the river by a party of Lebanon fishermen.

Mr. Gilliam was driving in a buckboard at the time of the accident. The horse was drowned and the vehicle torn to pieces. A heavy rain fell Sunday night and this caused the stream to be past fording when the unfortunate man attempted to cross it. He is survived by a wife and four children.

COL. TUCKER WAS CONSTANT DRINKER

MRS. PAYNE SAYS HE WAS ALWAYS INTOXICATED.

DRUNK WHEN HIS SON'S BODY WAS BROUGHT HOME.

WIFE PATIENT, BUT CRUSHED.

Chicago, May 11.—The deposition of Mrs. N. B. Payne concerning the habits and disposition of Col. William F. Tucker, U. S. A., retired, who is being sued for separate maintenance by his wife, Dolly Logan Tucker, daughter of Gen. John A. Logan, was made public here to-day.

Mrs. Payne is a cousin of Mrs. Tucker and lived in the family in St. Paul, Minn., from October, 1897, until March, 1898, and on other occasions. Her deposition was taken in New York. She was examined by John A. S. Campbell in behalf of Mrs. Tucker and cross-examined by Leo J. Doyle, counsel for Col. Tucker.

Mrs. Payne testified that the relations of Col. and Mrs. Tucker in 1898 were amicable, but Mrs. Tucker was very unhappy because of Col. Tucker's constant drinking and irritable disposition.

"Did his drinking increase while you lived with the Tuckers?" asked Mr. Campbell.

"It did. He was always under the influence of liquor."

"Do you remember any specific occurrence?"

"Yes; in St. Paul in 1898. One evening in January Col. Tucker came home in such a maudlin state that Mrs. Tucker sent all to bed. Although the weather was cold she went out on the porch and cried for at least an hour. I finally went out and brought her in."

"Were you living with the Tuckers when the body of their son George was brought home from the Philippines?"

"I was. I observed that the afternoon they arrived with the body Col. Tucker was intoxicated. He drank all the time the body lay in the house. In fact, he drank right along until he went back to the Philippines."

"Do you remember a trip that Col. and Mrs. Tucker made to Chicago in 1905?" asked Mr. Doyle. "If so, what was Mrs. Tucker's bearing toward the Colonel?"

"She was patient with him and I saw he was intoxicated all the time, and she was simply almost crushed to death."

"Do you remember Mrs. Tucker going driving very often with other men than Col. Tucker?"

"I do not. She always drove either with her mother or with me."

"Did you go with Mrs. Tucker to Cuba in the early part of 1907?"

"I did not. Miss Jessie Gillett went with her."

"Do you remember when she and Logan Tucker went to Chicago with Mr. Gately?"

"Yes."

"Did Mrs. Tucker ever state to you what her purpose was in that trip?"

"No."

"Did you ever at any time hear Mrs. Tucker declare that she intended to get a divorce from Col. Tucker?"

"No."

"Would you like to have Mrs. Tucker prevail in this suit?"

"Yes, because I want justice to prevail."

PARLIAMENT'S ACTION PRECIPITATES STRIKE

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS OUT, AND OTHERS WILL FOLLOW.

WARM DEBATE IN CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

EMPLOYES ARE DEFENDED.

Paris, May 11.—The Chamber of Deputies after a stormy session of four hours to-day adjourned the debate on the interpellations on the postal situation until May 13.

The response of the postal employes was quick and decisive. Within half an hour the federal committee had issued an order for a general strike and the railway mail clerks walked out in a body. An hour later a meeting of 6,000 postal employes at the Hippodrome took up the gage of battle and unanimously voted to strike. There was no great enthusiasm shown, but determination and resolution to force the hand of the Government was apparent.

"The Government is playing for time; we must not be caught napping," was the spirit of the meeting as expressed by Pauron, a dismissed postman, and one of the most active organizers of the movement.

During the debate in the Chamber MM. Sembat and Willm, Socialists, defended the position of the strikers, affirming their right to organize themselves into a syndicate as the only way of redressing their grievances and charging the Government with failure to keep its promises at the conclusion of the previous strike, especially with regard to the retirement of M. Simyan, Undersecretary of Posts and Telegraphs.

M. Deschanel considered the crisis very grave. He laid the responsibility for the present situation largely on "parliamentarism," which, he said, was working in a vicious circle, and he considered that the only remedy would be the introduction of real civil service based on merit to avoid favoritism and the spoils system.

M. Barthou, Minister of Public Works, the Government's only spokesman, insisted that neither he nor Premier Clemenceau had promised Secretary Simyan's dismissal. He produced the official journal as proof of what he had said. The Minister reaffirmed the Government's unalterable opposition to conceding the right of State employes to form a syndicate, as there was no analogy between their case and that of ordinary workmen, who are not protected against stoppage of work and are not guaranteed promotion and pensions in old age.

"If Parliament asks us to reverse our attitude," continued M. Barthou, "we will retire and leave to others the abdication which would be a mortal blow to the imprescriptable rights that Parliament holds from the nation and to the essential, vital and permanent interests of the nation itself."

WRIGHTS BALK AT RECEPTION

Famous Brothers Prove To Be Shy Heroes.

Have Little To Say of Their Exploits.

Contracts For Work Will Keep Them Busy.

THE TESTS AT FORT MYER.

New York, May 11.—Wilbur and Orville Wright returned from the scenes of their European triumphs to-day. They were about the shyest heroes that New York has welcomed in many a day. Despite the honors and successes they have achieved, they were almost as unwilling to talk of their work as when they first came to New York from their home in Dayton, O.

Both the brothers looked well and appeared to be glad to get back. They were accompanied by their sister, Miss Katherine Wright, who made three flights at Pau recently and said she was not scared a bit by her experience.

The brothers had little new to say to their interviewers. Summed up, they said they had signed contracts enough to keep them busy until they could get back to Europe and sign more; that about sixty of their aeroplanes were now in process of construction, and that officials of certain European military Powers had asked them to demonstrate that their flyers can be driven safely out of range of rifle fire. There was no information forthcoming as to whether contracts had been made with France, Italy, Germany or England.

* * *

Reception Called Off.

A big reception and welcome home which had been planned by the Aero Club of America and other societies was called off to-day at the request of the Wrights. They spent the evening quietly and consented to just one public appearance at the luncheon arranged for to-morrow by the Aero Club. In the afternoon they will take a train for home, where a reception awaits them. The Wrights will in all probability return to Europe late in August. This arrangement will prevent their taking part in any exhibitions on this side in the autumn, such as New York and Chicago admirers have been planning for them. Their unwillingness to consider any proposal to remain here is cited as strengthening the rumors that they have important engagements with Germany and Russia.

* * *

No Secret Experiments.

The aeronauts were passengers on board the steamer Kron Prinzessin Cecilie. Considerable concern as to the accident which befell Lieut. Calderara, of the Italian navy, in falling from the Wright aeroplane at Rome on Thursday last was manifested by the Wrights on reaching the quarantine station. The brothers said they would go as soon as possible to their home in Dayton, O., where the aeroplanes intended for use of the Government service are completed. From Dayton, they said, they intended to proceed to Washington to test the aeroplanes under the direction of Government representatives. The Wright brothers united in saying they had no intention of making secret experiments. Following the completion of their work in Washington, they announced, they expected to return to Europe to continue contracts already made with private individuals.

A large party of friends boarded the steamer at quarantine, greeted the aeronauts and accompanied them to the landing in Hoboken.

Robert Lee Morrell of the Automobile Club of America; A. Holland Forbes, acting president of the Aero Club, and W. H. Hammer, a director of the Aeronautic Society, made the trip down the bay to welcome the Wrights. At the pier were, among others, Charles Levee, of the French Aero Club; President Dozier, of the St. Louis Automobile Club, and Charles J. Edwards and Allen Hawley, directors of the Aero Club of America. The greeting to the Wright brothers at the pier in Hoboken was a cordial one.

* * *

Glad To Be At Home.

"Of course, we are glad to be home again," said Wilbur Wright. "My brother Orville, I expect, will make the tests with the machine at Fort Myer. I do not anticipate making flights myself while there. In August, probably, we shall return to Europe to carry out contracts made with the German Government."

Orville Wright said that, although the injuries he sustained in his accident at Fort Myer were still bothering him, he expected to manipulate the Wright aeroplane in the Fort Myer tests. The time limit for the tests there was June 28, and the aeroplane would be of the same type as the regulation Wright machine used abroad, he said.

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Future of Aeroplane.

As to the future of the aeroplane, Mr. Wright said:

"We have carried two passengers on some of our trips and the machine could easily be developed to sustain the weight of several more persons. But I do not believe the aeroplane will ever be a regular passenger carrier, as an ocean liner or a railroad train. Its province will be more in the nature of a special conveyance for the transportation of a few people."

As to the efficacy of the aeroplane in war, Mr. Wright declared that military experts had told him that the machine and its operators would be safe from injury by bullets at the height of 1,000 feet. As the aeroplane could easily ascend much higher, he considered that fact settled the question of its practicability in military operations.

STANDARD CUTS PRICES OF CRUDE OIL AGAIN.

Five Cents Clipped Off the Barrel, Bringing Figures To $1.68.

New York, May 11.—The Standard Oil Company to-day announced another 5-cent reduction in the price of crude oil, bringing it down to $1.68 per barrel.

Stocks Are Too Heavy.

Lima, O., May 11.—Standard Oil made its second slash in crude oil prices with the opening of the market this morning, another cut of 5 cents on the barrel for all grades being posted. While stocks of the Eastern fields show heavy losses, millions of barrels are in storage in Oklahoma and this, with the decline during the summer months of the domestic trade, is attributed as the cause of the cut.

DAVIS CASE TAKEN BEFORE GRAND JURY.

Alleged Accomplice Will Be One of Leading Witnesses Against the Attorney.

Washington, May 11.—The story of the fortune alleged to be involved in the charges against John C. Davis, the attorney charged with obtaining money on false pretenses and his brother, Martin T. Davis, secretary of the Potomac Building and Loan Association, who was also arrested, was told to the grand jury to-day.

Thomas A. Owens, the river pilot, whose name was signed to a number of notes given by John Davis to persons who had invested money with Davis, told of his knowledge of the case. Owens had been charged with being a co-conspirator of the Davis brothers. It is said that the information against him will be quashed and that he will be used as a witness.

Mrs. Anita Graves, who heretofore has been mentioned as a client of the Washington attorney, and who says she invested $18,000 with John Davis, Miss Nellie Keown, on whose complaint the original warrant for John Davis was issued, and other alleged victims of Davis, testified before the jury.

LAUNCH SINKS IN MIDDLE OF RIVER

TWENTY MEN MISSING, ALL PROBABLY DROWNED.

TEN OTHERS SUCCEED IN REACHING SHORE.

BOAT HAD BEEN OVERLOADED.

Pittsburg, May 11.—Twenty persons are missing and all of them are believed to have been drowned when a gasoline launch sank in the middle of the Ohio River near Schoenville, four miles below Pittsburg, to-night. Of the thirty occupants of the boat only ten are known to have escaped. The missing are:

ALBERT GRAHAM, pilot and part owner of the boat.
GEORGE THOMPSON, formerly of Altoona, Pa.
"BOOTS" O'NEILL.
JAMES CONNER.
WALTER LOW.
THOMAS KENNEDY.
WILLIAM GUTHRIE.
HENRY VOGELEI.
DENNIS MURPHY.
TONY BOLE.
RUSKEY, and nine others, whose names have not been learned.

All the men were employes of the Pressed Steel Car Company at the McKees Rock plant. The men had been working overtime until 8 o'clock and left the works to cross the river in the launch about fifteen minutes later. The boat is said to have been intended for not over twenty persons, and it is said it was dangerous to attempt to carry as many as twenty-five in it. But all the men wanted to get across the river on the first trip of the boat, and thirty of them crowded in. As the men started out in the boat one of them is said to have remarked that it seemed to him to be overcrowded and he feared it was not safe to attempt the trip in the boat. Graham, the pilot, and one of those who is missing, is said to have replied that it was safe enough all right, as he had had twenty-seven persons in it last night. No more was said about the load, but when the boat reached the middle of the river, where the water is perhaps twenty feet deep, it suddenly sank.

There was no explosion, no leak was sprung, but the boat simply sank beneath the weight it had carried and went to the bottom. As it sank it caused a suction which took many of the men down with it. Others attempted to swim ashore, but were chilled by the cold water and became exhausted before reaching the shore. So far as is known but ten of the men reached the shore.

The region is sparsely settled in the vicinity where the accident occurred and it was some time before the news had spread. One of the men who succeeded in swimming ashore went to a telephone and gave the alarm. Boats were at once put out in the hope of rescuing some straggling swimmer, but the task seemed hopeless, as so much time had elapsed before help was secured. Two of the men saved were brothers of Henry Vogelei, who was drowned.

TALKS ON SOCIALISM

FEATURE OF OPENING OF EPISCOPAL CONGRESS.

Many Leading Bishops, Rectors and Laymen Present At Meeting In Boston.

Boston, May 11.—Many of the leading bishops, rectors and laymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church were present in Tremont Temple to-night at the first session of the twenty-seventh annual National Episcopal Church Congress. Bishop William Lawrence, of Massachusetts, presided.

"Socialism in Relation to Christianity" was discussed at length by half a dozen speakers. Among the papers read was one by Silas McBee, of New York, editor of the Churchman, who thought the demand for unity was growing throughout Christendom.

The Rev. Elliot White, of Worcester, said the Socialist movement of the world expresses the most important fact of modern social evolution—the advance to political control of all nations by the producers of wealth.

"These are to be the arbiters of the times that are not far off," he declared. "What will be their esteem of a church which refuses to aid, or even opposes their tollsome ascent to power? Christianity must choose between the producers and those who by force of ownership now exploit them.

"In the face of the iniquitous coexistence to-day in America of multimillionaires and starving seekers for opportunity to earn bread; of wealthy idlers and child laborers; of monopolized natural resources and public utilities whose owners dwell in palaces, and crowded slums where 80,000 babes die every year from ills directly traceable to poverty—Christians who declare for Socialism, and churches who give it open hearing, should not be condemned until it is shown to be adverse to the practice of Christianity on personal and national life, as well as inadequate to diminish the grievous burdens and minatory peril of our social problems."

BUILDER OF PORTLAND CANAL PASSES AWAY.

Cincinnati, May 11.—John Molloy, pioneer contractor of Cincinnati, who built the canal around the falls at Louisville, died last night at his Mount Auburn home, aged 79 years. Among other great works constructed by Molloy were the piers of the first great Brooklyn bridge, the Cincinnati suspension bridge and a great part of the Cincinnati Southern railroad.

Lockout At Denver.

Denver, Colo., May 11.—Master builders and general contractors associations declared a lockout of 2,000 men affiliated with the Building Trades Council. It is expected that work on practically every large contract in the city will be suspended.

RATE ON GLASS AROUSES ROOT

New Yorker Creates Stir In the Senate.

Aldrich Quickly Decides To Make a Change.

Democratic Amendments Are Voted Down Promptly.

TARIFF THIEVERY EXPOSED.

Washington, May 11.—[Special.]—Democratic amendments seeking lower rates in the tariff schedule were proposed unavailingly to-day, Senator Aldrich always having a clear majority to defeat the minority coupled with the Middle West Republicans.

The defeat of the opponents of the bill yesterday resulted in a poor attendance to-day, it being assured that Senator Aldrich has sufficient votes to whip the tariff bill into such shape as he wishes it to go to conference. This has robbed the debate of much of its interest and official Washington is patiently awaiting the passage of the bill and its sending to conference.

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Beveridge Joins Insurgents.

Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, is probably the only man in the Senate counted upon by the Aldrich forces who has kicked out of the traces. Indiana is too near the Middle West to stand for the Aldrich programme, and, with such men as W. T. Durbin and J. Frank Hanly looking Senateward, not to mention the likelihood of the next Indiana Legislature being Democratic, Senator Beveridge has joined the Dolliver-Cummins-La Follette revisionists.

As it turned out, Senator Aldrich does not need Senator Beveridge's vote, and that may throw a flood of light upon the Indiana senatorship situation, though his friends say that it is the consumer rather than his seat in the Senate that Senator Beveridge has in mind.

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Root Gives Aldrich a Shock.

Senator Root, of New York, gave the "elder statesman" a severe jolt this afternoon by demanding a thorough explanation of the glass schedule. In fact, his insistence that information should be forthcoming created a veritable sensation in the chamber and led to rumors that the former Secretary of State had been inoculated with the microbe of insurrection against the men in charge of the making of the tariff bill.

Senator Root asserted later that he was not an "insurgent," but that he would insist upon an equitable and honest revision of the tariff and would assist in trying to obtain that result. But the fact that the eminent New York Senator looked like a "near-insurgent" threw confusion into the camp of the Finance Committee Republicans, with the result that Senator Aldrich is to-night engaged with glass experts formulating a general scaling down of the glass schedule so as to be able to offer amendments in the Senate to-morrow.

The Root sensation came at the very tag end of the day. After their victory of yesterday the Aldrich forces were sailing along serenely, though the chemical and earthenware schedules. Difficult paragraphs apt to precipitate controversy and delay like the white lead, zinc, gas retort and similar proposals were passed over for subsequent consideration, while items to which little opposition or any serious character was being made were easily adopted.

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Democrats Defeated.

The two most important votes of the day were on amendments offered by Senator Bacon, of Georgia, to the earthenware schedules, but they were supported almost wholly by Democrats, and were at no time in danger of defeat.

Finally, the Senate, on the verge of closing its day's work, reached the glassware schedule. Senator Cummins, of Iowa, offered an amendment on window glass, starting with a reduction from 1⅝ cents to 1⅛ cents on the lowest grades and average a 25 per cent. reduction all along the line. Scarcely had this amendment been offered before Senator Root took a hand in the game and since the proposal to reduce these rates came from one of the insurgent leaders, the sudden manifestation of interest on the part of Senator Root led to endless speculation and wonder as to whether he had gone off the Aldrich reservation.

Senator Root asked Senator Cummins could explain why there was so sudden a falling off in importations of window glass in 1904 and 1905, giving the importations for the former year as $23,253,000 and for the latter as $6,259,000. There had been no concerns at all in these importations and Senator Root wanted to know why this sudden drop in the amounts brought into this country.

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Combination Responsible.

Senator Cummins declared that it was caused by a combination of window glass manufacturers, who had so raised the prices that great importations from abroad were brought into the country, but that these fell off when the combination again lowered prices. Senator Cummins declared that the rates should now be lowered because it was not improbable that some future window glass combination might again raise prices. Senator Root said that the importation tables seemed to indicate that there were no importations at all at present of glass and moved made a point that he wanted to know whether this was due to the operation of excessive duties.

"It seems to me, then," declared Senator Root, "that these figures which accord with the statements made here to-day call on the gentlemen who wish to maintain the duty here for some explanation. I call attention to it now in order that it may be explained."

Senator Aldrich leaped up in his seat and told the Senate that he would to-morrow be ready to make an elaborate explanation of the window plate schedule. The impression which he created was that he would show that they were not too high.

However, it is understood that the mere show of opposition from Senator Root has had its effect and that Senator Aldrich informed several of his friends this evening that he would have the whole winning as he has eight votes to spare, that while Senator Aldrich does not care very long as he has eight votes to spare, that he is willing to sit up and take notice whenever there is danger of men like Senator Root joining the insurgent camp.

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New Zinc Schedule.

As soon as the tariff bill was taken up Mr. Aldrich stated that the Committee on Finance would submit to the Senate a different scale of duties on zinc ore and products of zinc, and asked that that schedule as well as sections inserted on relating to lead products be passed over for the present. The request was conceded. Mr. Bristow announced that when the white lead schedule should be reached he would wish to be heard on it.

The committee's amendment striking out the House duty of one-half of 1 per cent. per pound on refined nitrate of saltpeter was agreed to. It is understood that that product will be placed on the free list.

There were but few Senators present and Mr. Overman suggested the absence of a quorum, a roll-call bringing into the chamber sixty-one Senators.

On motion of Mr. Aldrich the section relating to soap was amended so as to place a duty of 50 per cent. ad valorem on perfumed soap, which he said was for revenue purposes.

The House provision on sulphur was further amended so as to place crude sulphur on the free list and to provide for a duty of $4 a ton on refined sulphur, the present law, and the House bill providing for a duty of $6 a ton.

The section relating to limestone rock asphalt was at first amended by reducing the duty 50 per cent. under the present law, but later, on motion of Mr. Beveridge, who suggested that perhaps that article should go on the free list, the paragraph was temporarily passed over.

* * *

Argument Over Earthenware.

When the schedules relating to chinaware and earthenware were reached, Mr. Cummins suggested that two-thirds of chinaware used in this country was imported, while 85 per cent. of the earthenware used was of domestic manufacture and added that he proposed later to offer an amendment to reduce the rate on earthenwares.

Mr. Aldrich said the two articles had been classified together and given the same duty since 1883, even the Wilson bill making no change in the classification.

Speaking in favor of a reduction of the duties on steel and earthenware as a means of giving the people generally cheaper goods of that kind, Mr. Bacon offered an amendment reducing the rate from 50 to 35 per cent. ad valorem.

Stating that this industry exemplified the best influences of the protective tariff system, by encouraging home production while at the same time being submitted to a lively competition from abroad, Mr.

(Concluded On 4th Page, 2d Column.)

BANQUET TO OFFICERS OF BIG BATTLESHIP

THE MISSISSIPPI SAILS FOR NATCHEZ THIS MORNING.

DEEP WATERWAYS MOVEMENT GETS A BOOST.

RANSDELL MAKES ADDRESS.

New Orleans, May 11.—For the double purpose of celebrating the first passage of a big modern warship up the Mississippi River to a point as high as Natchez, thus giving great impetus to the deep waterways movement, and also a public reception to the officers of the battleship Mississippi, the citizens of New Orleans entertained at an elaborate banquet to-night.

The banquet was given in the palm garden of the St. Charles Hotel and was attended by about 500 prominent citizens of the city, several out-of-town guests who have played conspicuous parts in the matter of deepening the waterways of the country and the officers of the Mississippi.

The battleship starts for Natchez, Miss., to-morrow morning and the banquet was made the occasion of several addresses expressive of the good will of the people of the Mississippi valley and best wishes for a successful trip up the river.

Mayor Behrman presided and introduced the speakers in turn. Capt. Fremont, of the Mississippi, responded to the address of welcome in behalf of the Navy and told of the perfect order, duty and deep patriotism of the men. He then proceeded to introduce another. We have at this great gathering an excellent toastmaster. He has served us well in the past, but in no place did he shine better than as managing editor of the Courier-Journal. The greatest newspaper of the South, and I take pleasure in introducing to you Mr. Arthur Y. Ford, the toastmaster of the evening."

* * *

The Layman's Mission.

"This is a layman's meeting," said the toastmaster. "We have a few preachers here, but they are here on sufferance and also to supply the light to testify to the serious layman needs. The layman is the boy in the trench, or to be more correct, the man in the pew, who, when the clergyman is not on the job, jumps up on the rail.

"A different spirit has sprung up in the past few years and this has brought the layman to his sense of duty. There is nothing of greater importance than that the laymen feel more keenly their duty and offer their best to Christ and do the best they can for the cause. The layman is the glory of the time. He is the hope of the Southern Baptist Convention.

* * *

The Layman's Opportunity.

"The Layman's Opportunity" was the toast that President J. T. Henderson, of Bristol, Va., was called upon to respond to. After working his audience into a convulsion with several funny stories, President Henderson plunged into his subject with great fervor and his listeners followed him closely.

"The layman is the missing link in that great chain of a rebellious world to Jesus Christ," said the speaker. "The greatest minds of the age are now engaged in the missionary problem. The strongest and most cultured minds are yearning for a chance to go to the heathen lands to preach, but there is not the means to send them. This gives the laymen the opportunity to furnish the means.

"This great scheme to subdue the world to the Almighty God is up to the laymen. It offers them the opportunity. This laymen's missionary movement gives us laymen the chance to become cosmopolitan. We are naturally selfish and provincial. I am thrilled with the thought every Sunday morning that I can give my dollar, or five dollars, and as I do it realize that I am preaching the gospel in China, South America, India and in other parts of the world. So it furnishes an opportunity not any longer restricted by any county lines or corporation.

* * *

Where Riches Are Excusable.

"The second opportunity that it offers is to become rich before God. It is an opportunity for a stay against selfishness and commercialism. There is a danger of being rich unless one gets rich with God at the same time. One has got to get rich in a two-fold sense—rich materially and rich toward God. So the opportunity comes to the rich. We need not conflict in these days when commercialism is so dominant. This laymen's movement is teaching us that we are not to be here very much longer. It makes us arrange to draw dividends for our next life.

"The third opportunity that it affords is that it gives us a chance to line up with these good men and women who need our assistance. It isn't that the clergy are not doing their duty, but it is that we need to work together. I have no sympathy with Mr. Aked, the pastor of Carnegie's church, who says that the ministers are not keeping up with the laymen. I have traveled through fourteen States and witnessed these men, graduates of colleges and seminaries, and know that they are abreast of the times. I have seen them in their studies in the morning. They are men of power in communities and if we will line up with them a new era will come. The preacher fal's down because the layman falls first.

* * *

A Good Senior Partner

"The big opportunity is that it offers the choice to work with God. An enterprise with God as the senior partner calls for the very best men and their very best thought and energy. The time has come when men have got to draw their checks rather than dropping their nickels. You have heard of the story of the penny and the $10 bill and how the penny reproached the ten-dollar bill when it found him opposite in the plate and commented on what a rare occasion it was that the ten-dollar bill was to be found in such hallowed surroundings.

"This movement furnishes the opportunity for the $10 bill to go to church. This laymen's movement proposes that we

TEN DAYS IN JAIL

WITH FINES OF $500 EACH FOR NIGHT RIDERS.

Defendants Secure Banjo and Make Merry With Music and Dancing In Cells.

Waverly, Tenn., May 11.—A verdict of guilty was returned late this afternoon in the case of the fourteen men charged with being members of the night riders' organization and whipping Esquire J. M. Reece on October 15 last. The punishment was fixed at ten days in jail and a fine of $500 each. They were remanded to jail under a strong military guard, to reappear in court to-morrow, when a motion for a new trial will be made.

After the verdict was announced the defendants shook hands with each other and to-night they secured a banjo and music and dancing were indulged in in their cells. The names of the men convicted are Wyatt Cowart, Charles Pite, Lee Warren, Walter Warren, Jim Devinney, Charles Hopper, Walter Gordon, George Hodge, Harry Marshall, John Mulkey, Jeff. Mulkey, John Moran, Wylie Sanders, Sam Dickerson and Frank Estes. The indictment on which they were tried contained four counts, going masked through towns and villages with unlawful purposes in view, going in disguise upon the premises of another with intention to do him bodily harm, assault with a deadly weapon while wearing a disguise and assault and battery while masked. Judge Cook's charge embraced the Ku Klux law, conviction carrying capital punishment or life imprisonment, at the discretion of the jury and Judge; the whipping law, carrying conviction in the penitentiary for certain periods, and the misdemeanor statutes, with jail imprisonment and fine.

COL. YOUNG WILL SPEAK

At Unveiling of Confederate Monument At Madisonville.

Madisonville, Ky., May 11.—Col. Bennett H. Young, of Louisville, has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the unveiling of the Confederate monument which will take place here on May 28, the second day of the annual reunion of the Second Kentucky Brigade, United Confederate Veterans. Henry George, of Pewee Valley; Capt. W. T. Ellis, of Owensboro; Judge C. C. Givens and D. H. Kincheloe, both of Madisonville, will also deliver addresses. Gen. Basil W. Duke, of Louisville, was unable to accept an invitation because of a prior engagement.

PATRICIAN Shoe

One of the Revelations

which await the English people on their first visit to this country is the skill with which our shoes are made.

They learn with amazement that a store in almost every city in America has a shoe made for them, and that from the moment of purchase they may walk forth in ease and comfort without experiencing the excruciating "breaking in" process.

The Patrician Shoe for Women excites their greatest admiration, for they find in it not only the sturdy English qualities they love so well, but most remarkable lines of grace and beauty.

The makers of Patrician Shoes have contributed much to the good reputation of American shoemaking.

Oxfords $3.00 and $3.50.

John C. Lewis Co. (Incorporated)

Bargains in Millinery.

Many new styles and shapes to show you.

LARGE HAIR BRAID TURBANS $3.98, $3.49 Values at $2.49.

Small Roses, six in a bunch, all colors.

25¢ Values at 10¢.

Chips and Milan Shapes, in white, burnt and black.

Myers MILLINERY

Style Center. 328 West Market Street.

make an investment in treasure and in thought that is in keeping with this great enterprise. We want laymen to do things by the wholesale. God Almighty has quit the retail and is going in for the wholesale, and is calling upon men who are are thinking in a large way.

* * *

More Baptists Than Democrats.

In introducing R. H. Coleman, of Dallas, Tex., to respond to the toast, "The Layman's Ability," Toastmaster Ford said there were more Baptists in Texas than Democrats.

"They are full of the big spirit," said the toastmaster. "The Texas spirit is largely responsible for the Laymen's Movement, and the next speaker will tell you of it."

* * *

Must Be There Personally.

"Since I have been in religious work I have always believed in giving the layman a chance and not making preachers of them," said Mr. Coleman. "I believe that they should be present personally and not by proxy. We have too long possessed the idea that the layman can have the work done by the pastor. They have lost sight of the fact that each one of God's children is called to do work and that he is equipped to do his work. We must go into this movement personally. Don't depend upon others. I firmly believe with the previous speaker in the matter of gift, but that must not make us go by proxy into this movement. We need to go ourselves.

"My position and not the profession lies the chance for the layman's chance. A great many people have too long depended upon the professional minister to do all of God's work. The layman's position gives him a chance to do the work that the minister can't do. It gives him a chance to enlist others that the pastor can't reach. He has the chance to help us send out the Gospel.

* * *

Passion the Layman's Culture.

"Passion is the layman's culture. A passion for lost souls is the thing that is most desired. We could only catch a little passion that Jesus Christ had for the lost world we could do wonderful work. A passion for lost men is what we need. Jesus Christ is in the midst of his foes everywhere and the fight is fast and furious, and we should be in the midst of it, sending out the cry, 'We are following the Leader.'"

* * *

President Levering There.

The Hon. Joshua Levering, of Baltimore, president of the Southern Baptist convention, who arrived late, was then called upon to reply to the toast "The Layman's Ability." Mr. Levering opened his remarks by stating that he felt quite at home, because there were so many Texans present.

"It seems to me that this occasion is more of one for Texas than for Louisville. I have been in Texas and know the things that are possible there. Those who have not been there do not know what promising there are in that land.

"The people in the Far East are craving for the word of God. The way of God has been shown to them and they are eager for it. They have heard about it, a vague glimmer, and they crave for more light. Are we going to hear God's cry for the salvation of those people and shirk our responsibility.

"We should invest our thoughts, our prayer, time and money in the missionary cause. We should do our work at home, but don't overlook the work in those far-off lands where they need us most."

Mr. Levering then gave a graphic description of the conditions under which the people of the far-off East live and told of the wonderful improvement that is caused in their material as well as spiritual well-being under the guidance of the missionaries. He told of visiting a missionary and as he was about to leave he was called back and requested to join in the evening prayer, as the father of the household produced his Bible.

"How many, I wonder in how many homes in this Christian land would you have the same experience as I had in that home in China. I pray and hope that God may help us in the discharge of this responsibility."

The Rev. C. C. Slaughter, of Texas, who is a preacher, was then called upon by the toastmaster.

"Hope is the greatest thing that man has," said Mr. Slaughter. "It is the last thing that man gives up. What is the world without it? It is the best thing in life. The world is just awakening and beginning to think of improving the best thing that they possess. When they begin to think what will fit the situation they discover that nothing will do but the love of Jesus Christ.

"Hope is what brought me to become a Christian. When hope is brought to its fruition by the love of Jesus we will have the hope of this life and the life to come. It is hope that links us together with God."

Dr. H. A. Porter, of Louisville, pastor of the Walnut-street Baptist church, was the last speaker. He spoke briefly, and confined himself to witticisms hurled at some of the speakers.

EARLY ARRIVALS TO BAPTIST CONVENTION

DELEGATES COMING ON EVERY TRAIN AND RECEPTION COMMITTEE IS BUSY.

Although several hundred delegates to the Laymen's Movement and others who will be in the limelight of the Southern Baptist convention were present at the great banquet at the Galt House last evening, there were comparatively few arrivals up to nightfall. The trains that reached Louisville from 6 o'clock up to midnight, however, were crowded with the visiting Baptists, and many of those that were at the banquet went directly from the depot to the Galt House to participate in the opening event of the programme.

For two days delegates have been arriving in small numbers on every train from the South, West and East.

At all the depots to-day members of the reception committee will meet the trains that arrive from early morning until late at night. As every delegate has his room assigned to him, the committee will simply escort the visitors to the place in which they are to live during their stay here. There are about 150 men and women on the reception committee and yesterday they assembled at the armory at 8 o'clock and received their badges, assignments and instructions from W. M. Bruce.

One of the earliest arrivals yesterday was the Rev. George Henry Judd, who is now associated with the Rev. Lynn G. Broughton, of Atlanta, Ga. The Rev. Mr. Judd, who resembles King Edward, is a globe-trotter and has visited every nook and corner of the world and is a fund of information on Baptist missionaries in all parts of the globe. He is a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society.

Joke On the Rev. Mr. Judd.

Some of the Rev. Mr. Judd's friends are enjoying a little joke at his expense. It seems that the "globe-trotter" got the impression that the State of Indiana was the Indian reservation. The thought that the Indian reservation was in this part of the country puzzled him, but he took it for granted that it was so because of the name. Cautiously he inquired how to get across the river and then he blurted out the reason for wanting to go over into Indiana.

The Rev. Dr. R. E. Chambers, who has spent fourteen years as secretary of Chinese Baptist educational publications, with his headquarters in Canton, China, is another arrival. Dr. Chambers speaks all the dialects that the Chinamen who are in America talk. Last Sunday at Norfolk, Va., he preached to a class of Chinamen in their native tongue. He was in Canton during the Boxer uprising and, although several of the missionaries at his post were killed, he escaped without injury. Dr. Chambers will be at the Foreign Mission Board exhibit at the armory and there will have many curious exhibitions that he has brought from China. During the past year Dr. Chambers distributed ten million pieces of Baptist literature in China.

With Dr. Chambers came T. B. Ray, general educational secretary of the Foreign Mission Board, which is at Richmond, Va. To Mr. Ray is assigned the work of keeping every Baptist in the South acquainted with the work of foreign missionaries, and he suggests methods of raising funds for their support.

* * *

Three Prominent Laymen.

Three prominent laymen workers in the Laymen's Movement, who arrived early, are: General Secretary J. T. Henderson, who is president of the Bristol, Va., College; the Rev. H. W. Virgin, pastor of the First Baptist church, of Jackson, Tenn., and J. W. Miller, a prominent banker, of Elizabethtown, Tenn. Secretary Henderson responded to one of the toasts at the banquet last evening. The Rev. L. J. Ehlrich, a Christian Jew evangelist, from Atlanta, Ga., was another arrival.

Dr. W. W. Hamilton, of Atlanta, Ga., is another arrival. Dr. Chambers speaks

You Office Men

Nine tenths of you are constipated. Your sedentary life is bad for the liver—if you're not careful constipation will run into chronic liver complaint or piles or lay you liable to typhoid fever, rheumatism and all manner of sicknesses.

Nature's Remedy REG. U.S. PAT. OFFICE NR-TABLETS-NR

makes lazy livers active, cures constipation and does not lead to the cathartic habit. Take an NR tablet tonight and you'll feel better in the morning

Better than Pills for Liver Ills 51

Get a 25¢ Box.

PROGRAMMES OF BAPTISTS TO-DAY

Although the Southern Baptist Convention is not convened until to-morrow evening, this will be a busy day for the delegates in auxiliary movements which hold their sessions before the big convention. The Baptist Young People's Union of the South, the Southern Baptist Educational Association, the Laymen's Missionary Conference and the Southern Baptist Seminary trustees will all hold sessions.

The programmes for to-day are as follows:

* * *

B. Y. P. U. At Armory.

2:30 p. m.—Opening exercises, by President W. W. Hamilton, of Atlanta, Ga.
3:00 p. m.—Address, by the Rev. Caleb A. Ridley, D. D., Beaumont, Tex. Subject, "Visions."
3:30 p. m.—Address, by the Rev. John E. Briggs, Atlanta, Ga. Subject, "How the B. Y. P. U. Helped Capitol-avenue Church."
4:00 p. m.—Reports of Executive Committee, Education Committee and treasurer. Other business.
8:00 p. m.—Devotional service, led by the Rev. J. M. Frost, Nashville, Tenn.
8:30 p. m.—Address, by the Rev. O. C. S. Wallace, D. D., Baltimore, Md. Subject, "To Obey Is Better Than Sacrifice."
9:10 p. m.—Address, by the Hon. E. W. Stephens, Columbia, Mo. Subject, "The World's Heathen and Southern Baptist Young People."

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Laymen's Missionary Conference At Broadway Baptist Church.

AFTERNOON.

Ex-Gov. W. J. Northen, Atlanta, Ga., presiding.
2:30—Devotional hour; J. T. Henderson, Bristol, Va., general secretary.
3:05—"The Bible View of Laymen," Dr. J. R. Gambrell, Dallas, Tex.
3:40—"The Model Laymen of To-day," Dr. Len G. Broughton, Atlanta, Ga.
4:20—"The Great Dynamic," the Rev. J. C. Massee, D. D., Chattanooga, Tenn.

EVENING.

Mr. J. Harry Tyler, Baltimore, Md., chairman Executive Committee, presiding.
7:45—Devotions, ex-Gov. Longino, Jackson, Miss.
8:00—"Stewardship of Business Talents and Possessions," Mr. Joseph N. Shenstone, Toronto, Canada, chairman Baptist Laymen's Missionary Movement of Canada.
8:20—"The Great Commission and the Layman," President B. G. Lowrey, Blue Mountain, Miss.
8:40—"The Fields Are White," Mr. J. Campbell White, New York City, general secretary of Laymen's Missionary Movement.

* * *

Baptist Educational Association At Walnut-Street Baptist Church, Third and St. Catherine Streets.

First session to be held at 8 o'clock to-night.

* * *

Seminary trustees to meet at Norton Hall at 10 a. m.

BAPTIST EDUCATORS TO MEET TO-NIGHT

DISTINGUISHED MEN OF SOUTH SCHEDULED TO TAKE PART IN INTERESTING PROGRAMME.

Noted Baptist educators of the highest standing in their profession are on the programme for the annual meeting of the Southern Baptist Education Association, which begins to-night at the Walnut-street Baptist church. There will be three sessions, one to-night and two to-morrow. The association is allied with the Baptist convention, which opens to-day, and the members of the association belong to both organizations. The object of the annual meetings of the educators is to stir up interest in things educational.

Among the more distinguished of the Southern educators on the programme are Arthur Yager, president of Georgetown University; E. M. Poteat, president of Furnam College; Dr. R. H. Pitt, editor of the Religious Herald; Prof. F. W. Moore, dean of the faculty of Vanderbilt University; S. P. Brooks, president of Baylor University, and Dr. Garnett Ryland, a professor at Georgetown University. The president of the association is F. W. Boatwright, of Richmond, Va., and the secretary is W. W. Rivers, of Conway, Ark. Mr. Boatwright is president of Richmond College and Mr. Rivers is president of the Arkansas College for Women.

The programme in full follows:

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 8 P. M.

Address of welcome—W. H. Harrison, Louisville, Ky.

Response, President A. P. Montague, LL. D., East Lake, Ala.

"The Denominational College and the Carnegie Foundation," President Arthur Yager, Georgetown, Ky.; President E. M. Poteat, Greenville, S. C.

"Education Commissions," R. H. Pitt, LL. D., Richmond, Va.; P. T. Hale, D. D., Louisville, Ky.

THURSDAY, MAY 13, 10 A. M.

"The Course of Study in a Southern Baptist College," Prof. F. W. Moore, Ph. D., Nashville, Tenn.

"College Entrance Requirements," Garnett Ryland, Ph. D., Richmond, Va.

THURSDAY, MAY 13, 2:30 P. M.

"The Denominational College and the Secondary Schools," president S. P. Brooks, Waco, Tex.

"The Southern Baptist Theological Seminary and the Colleges," W. O. Carver, D. D., Louisville, Ky.

SEMINARY

Alumni Banquet To-night Will Be a Feature of Convention.

One of the happiest events in connection with the meetings of the Southern Baptist convention here this week will be the alumni banquet to be given this evening at the Galt House. It will be the largest attended affair of its kind among southern Baptists this year, lovers will be laid for at least 400 guests.

Although the alumni attendance will be very large, the president of the Alumni Association, Dr. L. W. Doolan, says there will be room for women guests, as it will be necessary, however, for all wishing tickets to secure them not later than this morning at 10 o'clock at Norton Hall. Plates are $1.00 each.

Dr. Harvey Host To Baptist Editors.

The Rev. Dr. W. P. Harvey, of the Baptist World, will give a dinner at the Louisville Hotel Friday evening at 8 o'clock in honor of the Baptist editors who are attending the Southern Baptist convention. Dr. Harvey has also secured free entertainment for the editors at the Mammoth Cave Hotel.

THE STEINDELS GIVE SCHOLARLY RECITAL TO APPRECIATIVE AUDIENCE.

Sane, scholarly, objective music—music for music lovers who are interested in ideas rather than personal exhibitions or whims—such was the entertainment provided by the Steindels at the Woman's Club last night. The audience being of the kind befitting the occasion, there was no lack of warm and intelligent appreciation. Mr. Bruno Steindel was already known in Louisville, as he is the world over, as a masterly 'cellist. His nephew, Mr. Ferdinand Steindel, pianist, made his first appearance here on this occasion.

Two movements of the Beethoven Sonata, op. 69, for piano and 'cello, opened the evening's programme. The playing of Beethoven reverently and capably is a thing to be gratefully for, and it seems ungrateful to say that the interpretation was coldly scholastic. But seeking the meaning of the master in the score rather than in the heart seems to have resulted in this disadvantage. Everything else was there except the personal element, the "human touch."

The second group consisted—the printed programme to the contrary notwithstanding—of an Aria and Bourree by Bach and the well-known Rondo of Boccherini, all for 'cello solo. In the first of these, a number excellently suited to Mr. Steindel the glorious big cantabile of the 'celloist became apparent and throughout the group his ease of execution gave the requisite grace to the graceful turns and trills of these old masters.

With the Pergolese "Stellano" which proved to be no other than the lovely air of "Nina" sung recently here by Emma Eames, a more romantic spirit entered into the programme and the numbers following were nearly all of a more popular character. They consisted of a "Moment Musicale" by Schubert, a serenade by Gerzvanow and three numbers by Popper, including the familiar gavotte. In addition to these Mr. Steindel generously responded to encores with several favorites in the richly melodious style in which the 'cello is universally appealing. These were Massenets "Elegie," "My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice" and the "Swan Song," by Saint Saens, and "O Cara Memoria," by Servais. In these beautiful numbers both artist and audience seemed to find a more intimate spring of enjoyment than in the grander or more florid works which established his rank as a masterly technician and musician.

Mr. Ferdinand Steindel had chosen as his first number Liszt's fantasy upon the Rigoletto quartet. It is an odd coincidence that this is the third time that this famous composition has been heard in Louisville in as many weeks, and that this is the third pianist in succession to visit Louisville who has chosen Liszt for the chief or only number. This fact is the more worthy of notice as there are so many piano lovers who would prefer to hear some other composer.

In this case, however, there was nothing to regret. Beautiful cascades of tone as clear as crystal, absolute precision of phrasing, a rich singing bass, an interpretation well nigh perfect—these were the qualities which established the pianist in instant and enthusiastic favor. Recalled by a storm of applause Mr. Steindel played the Chopin Nocturne in D flat. In this there was fine artistic work, but a lack of something which for the sake of a name we call temperament.

The "Elfin Dance," by Arapellnikoff, was like the "Rigoletto," clear and crystalline, and was a very interesting number. The pianist met with great favor from the musicians and music lovers present and Louisville will hope to hear him again. Mr. Bruno Steindel will be heard here with the Theodore Thomas orchestra, which will give the third and last concert of this series on June 24.

BANKRUPTCY

PROCEEDINGS BEGUN AGAINST JEFFERSONVILLE MAN.

Hardware Dealer's Assets Are Placed At $4,000, While Liabilities Reach $6,000.

Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings were instituted in the Federal Court in New Albany yesterday by the Jennings Hardware and Manufacturing Company, of Louisville, and other creditors against Eli M. Lindley, a hardware dealer at Jeffersonville. The suit was precipitated, it is said, by Mr. Lindley giving certain chattel mortgages to several Kokomo, Ind., creditors. Mr. Lindley's liabilities are placed at about $6,000, while his assets are given at about $4,000.

A great deal of regret was expressed in Jeffersonville last evening when it became known that Mr. Lindley had been forced into bankruptcy by his creditors. Mr. Lindley is a popular man in his city and did a large and paying business until the present panic developed. Good-hearted in the extreme, he permitted many employes to run large accounts at his store, and when the institution closed down he was left with a large balance on the wrong side of the ledger. His friends claim he fought as best he could with the odds largely against him, and his car works trouble to some extent was made great through unavoidable circumstances, Government Depot. Recently it became known to those who were conversant with affairs about the office of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, that Mr. Lindley was financially embarrassed.

Mr. Lindley originally went into business with W. E. Veasey. The latter retired in 1894 and John R. Fry became Lindley's partner. Several years ago Mr. Fry dropped out and Mr. Lindley became the sole owner of the store. Since 1901 the business has been conducted at the corner of Spring and Market streets in one of the largest rooms in the city, and a large stock has been carried. At one time Mr. Lindley was the Mayor of the city of Jeffersonville and was elected by a large popular vote. The failure is regarded only in the light of the natural consequence of the hard times where strong credit business was done before the panic came.

LICENSE INSPECTORS HOLD ON A SHORT WHILE LONGER.

Administration Not Likely To Oust Them Until After Republican Convention.

The Sinking Fund Commissioners adopted the new by-laws, which allow the commissioners to discharge office help and license inspectors at will, at its meeting yesterday. After the new laws became effective the commissioners went ahead with the regular order of routine business.

No attempt was made to remove any of the twelve Democrats in the office, although they now hold their jobs by the grace of the Republicans. They would all have been thrown out yesterday except for the coming Republican convention. The appointment of twelve men would make scores sore, because nearly 100 want the places.

Several wagon workers expect to get places as inspectors and it is the intention to keep them in line with promises. The political heads of the twelve Democrats will in all probability fall under the Republican axe soon after the convention, as the commissioners will hold a special meeting for that purpose one week from next Tuesday.

The office of secret service man in the board was abolished. Outside of these two actions, only routine business was transacted.

GOOD ROADS DIRECTORS DISCUSS FUTURE PLANS.

The board of directors of the Kentucky Good Roads Association held a meeting in the Urban building yesterday afternoon, at which work of the association for the future was outlined. It was decided definitely to have meetings of the board of directors at many points, covering the entire State. It is the purpose of the board to meet with and get in closer touch with the Fiscal Courts of the State and to confer with citizens of every county who are interested in good roads, and to organize the movement to a healthful status.

The Bosworth-Wyatt constitutional amendment, which alters the statutes to such an extent that each county may raise by special taxation funds for the building and maintenance of good roads, is to be placed before the people of the State by the association. An association button, inscribed "K. G. R. A.," was adopted at the meeting yesterday, and an order for a large number of them will be placed at once. These buttons are to be sold, the proceeds of which will go toward the expenses of the association in its work of education and good roads enlightenment. The first of the meetings in the circuit will be held at Elizabethtown June 12.

Sixty-first Anniversary.

The sixty-first anniversary of the Louisville Liederkranz Society will be celebrated to-night with a concert in the auditorium on the roof of The Seelbach. The members of the society have been engaged in practicing and rehearsing for several weeks and they say they will give a most enjoyable entertainment.

JUDGE GREGORY NOW PRESIDENT

Heads New Officers Elected by Commercial Club.

Honorary Membership Conferred Upon Fred Keisker.

Many Hopeful Speeches Made At Annual Meeting.

SOME 400 MEMBERS PRESENT

The Louisville Commercial Club met in annual session at the Louisville Hotel last night. Judge James P. Gregory and a ticket known as the "Progressive ticket," headed by him, was elected. The ticket is composed of Judge Gregory, president; Capt. Brinton B. Davis, first vice president; Pendleton Beckley, second vice president, and Henry Levy, G. W. Hubley, Marcus Blakemore, A. B. Lipscomb and Caldwell Norton, members of the board of directors.

The meeting was called to order at 8:20 o'clock by President Fred W. Keisker and the invocation was offered by the Rev. S. S. Waltz, pastor of the First English Lutheran church. President Keisker read an outline of his annual report, which had been printed and furnished to everyone present.

The principal speaker of the evening was W. W. Thum, whose subject was in keeping with the slogan of the club during the past year and which is to be one of the chief lines of work in the future—a better and greater Louisville. Mr. Thum's address was a masterly effort, presenting a happy picture of what Louisville may be, and the manner of his putting it before the club robbed his most pessimistic associates of all impracticability and made them appear not only possibilities but probabilities.

* * *

Bouquets For Mr. Keisker.

At the close of Mr. Thum's address Robert W. Brown said:

"President Keisker, you will please step down and out for awhile, and this next is to be something in the nature of a hot one—Chief Tyson should take the chair."

President Keisker did step down and out, and Chief Tyson took charge, after which Mr. Brown proceeded to say all the good things he knew about Mr. Keisker, the retiring president. Mr. Brown, in his own inimitable style, hurled bouquet after bouquet at Mr. Keisker, who accepted them modestly, until several waiters ran into the room with a large step ladder. Placing this near the speaker's stand, a colored waiter climbed to the topmost rung and tacked on a placard. As Mr. Brown continued to say good things about Mr. Keisker, the nailing on of placards continued down the ladder. When all had been attached the steps of the ladder presented an acrostic from the words

Firm
Resourceful
Enterprising
Democratic
Wise
Kindly
Efficient
Independent
Successful
Keen
Enlightened
Rational.

* * *

Made Honorary Member.

The initial letters were large and spelled the name "Fred W. Keisker." The effect was magic and a roar of applause greeted the idea. Mr. Brown then announced that it was all about the fact that Mr. Keisker had been awarded the honorary membership certificate of the club for the years 1908-09. In a short talk Mr. Keisker accepted the honor, saying, however, that he felt that it should have been awarded to some other as a reward of merit, rather than to himself.

Mr. Brown's presentation of the certificate was a happy one. The certificate, in a handsome frame, was given to Mr. Keisker, who placed it on display while the meeting continued.

The next speaker introduced was the Rev. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the Broadway Baptist church. Dr. Landrum's subject was "The Ideal City," and in presenting his views of what such a city should be he spoke of numerous ideas of government. Recently it became known to those who were conversant with affairs about the office of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, that Mr. Lindley was financially embarrassed.

Mr. Landrum's address was a masterly effort, and was the most interesting number of the evening. He spoke of the necessity of the club during the coming year to take up the question of a better administration of public school affairs in Louisville. He favored some plan that would effectively remove the schools from all political hamper, and suggested that a complete abolition of a School Board and the placing of the affairs of the schools in the hands of a commission of competent, honest men would solve the problem.

Judge Gregory was followed by Pendleton Beckley, who accepted the office of second vice president. A. B. Lipscomb, on behalf of the newly-chosen directors, said that those elected with him as directors would "stand by Judge Gregory, and if in his zeal and impetuosity he got into a ditch they could pull him out."

At the close of the programme a light lunch was served in the two small dining-rooms. The luncheon was enjoyed by the 400 members present, while Wehrley's Band dispensed lively music. The meeting was replete with vim, enthusiasm and determination, showing the club in a healthy condition and ready for another year of successful work for a greater and better Louisville and a greater and better Kentucky.

The following is a review of the annual report of Fred W. Keisker, retiring president:

* * *

Mr. Keisker's Report.

"We have done several things worthy of comment and perhaps of commendation. First, I would mention the exposition, which in a time of more or less stress achieved an electrical and industrial and artistic and financial success, and I am grateful to those who contributed to its very satisfactory termination. Louisville to-day enjoys the fame of being one of the best lighted cities on the continent. It has demonstrated to the world that it can do big things well. The displays equalled the best displays at New York and Chicago, and merited the honest appreciation of exhibitor, visitor and citizen. We are conscious of having done our duty and of having it appreciated.

"We have maintained a membership of over 3,000 during a period marked by business depression, which is in itself an acknowledgment worthy your organization. We have maintained the spirit of the club by doing things worthy the club. We face the future with our membership intact, our courage undaunted, our hope undismayed, our future bright and full of promise.

"We have made Louisville known throughout the country as 'The Convention City.' We have entertained a number of big gatherings to the satisfaction of visitor and citizen.

"We have established a better feeling between our neighbors across the river and ourselves, or if you will have it, a kindlier regard among the Falls Cities each with the other. Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville are one because each sees that nothing can be gained through jealousy or misunderstanding. Louisville and New Albany and Jeffersonville want each other to succeed and each is pledged to do what it can for the other.

* * *

Louisville For Kentucky.

"We have established in the minds of fair people this fact that Louisville is for Kentucky and that Kentucky is for Louisville. Our city is the home of those who came from the State and it is but the truth to say that we are one people, proud of our heritage and determined to work for the upbuilding of the greatest Commonwealth of the Union. One year's record in our attitude to the State Fair, the Blue Grass Fair, the other county fairs, and the State Development Association, convinces us and others that we are working along helpful and honest lines with a single thought for the success off our State at large and its cities and its farms.

"We have materially increased the public interest in civic improvement and I am grateful to Brinton B. Davis and his very able committee for suggestions which have been given to the public and which will, when carried into effect, add greatly to the Greater Louisville. The public owes this committee a substantial debt of gratitude.

"In Ohio River work we have played an important part. Favoring the deepening of the channel of that glorious river, we have not selfishly confined our energy or thought to that one plan of action, but have given expression by delegations and otherwise to the deep waterway projects which affect the streams north and south of us—the Ohio and Mississippi. We as a city gave $2,000 to aid in securing a nine-foot channel in the Ohio. We sent a large delegation to Washington to attend the Rivers and Harbors Congress, and as the whole is known by its units, we found pleasure in joining other organizations in sending a very representative body of citizens to legislate for improved waterways.

* * *

Friendly Relations Across River.

"We visited Southern Indiana points and established friendly relations. We sought new markets by other excursions in Kentucky. We became better acquainted with the opportunities at our door—all for the glory and advancement of Louisville. The right hand of fellowship went out unreservedly to visitors from three cities in Oklahoma and to a large delegation of Chicago's foremost organization—all marking progressiveness in modern life.

"A bureau of industries will be formed within a week which will work for Louisville's best interests in securing new industries. There is room for larger activity in this direction. We need to not only keep what we have, but also to reach out for what we need.

"We gave aid and counsel to those seeking improvement to the industrial condition of the colored race.

"We were not unmindful of the fact that public servants merited our appreciation and our January reception was tendered to police, fire and health departments of our city.

"We have pledged our support to the project to secure for Louisville a union depot in fact as well as in name.

"We have provided a birthplace for dozens of organizations, each aiming at the upbuilding of our city.

"We are for a better-lighted, better-paved, better-maintained city. We seek boulevards and more parks.

"We are in need of an auditorium and we must have it if we expect to maintain our reputation as a convention city.

* * *

Small Bank Balance.

"In common with some others, we have a smaller bank balance than we had a year ago, but considering our achievement and the conditions existing throughout the year we are satisfied that this is as it should be. We raised $13,975.08 and expended $13,133.01, leaving a balance of $841.47. The balance in our special fund is $1,000.

"It was my privilege to say to the board of directors, and I am pleased to repeat before the membership of the club that the spirit of success had been ours was due in a large measure to the splendid ability and absolute fidelity of my personal friend, the secretary of this organization, A. T. Macdonald, and, as I have years drew away from the benumbing influence of slavery, dead and gone, as the Civil War fell back into the past and a new generation, wholly unembittered, came forward, the natural vigor of the race asserted itself in new activities. There had always been valuable elements from the Eastern and Northern and Southern States in our city and other individuals arrived of an equally good class, bringing new ideas, energy and, though wholesome, foreign contribution which had settled here years ago received sterling additions. Evidences of growth appeared. People commenced to use the parks. The Board of Trade published comparative statistics of health, of bank clearings, of population, of trade production in our heaviest lines. Somebody actually noticed them. The voice of the Commercial Club was not only heard, but it was even partly listened to. Men who had been accustomed to putting their fingers to their ears and exclaiming, 'Stop bawling!' did, for a minute or two, take their fingers down in order to hear what the Commercial Club was talking about. Interest was aroused. The spirit of unity, the spirit to do and perform, to make better as well as to see faults, began slowly to move.

* * *

The Spirit of Brotherhood.

"We are brothers and neighbors all. This is our common city to make it great. And what this ever youthful veteran says of his own craft that its exercise should be in a spirit of hope and good humor may well be applied to the civic spirit. For this we thank him, say. Heaven still further out has not the time come for the boulevard which is to connect the park systems? Will not the expense of it to the city be more than made good by the increased value of the taxable property? Is it not a fact that upon every consideration of health, beauty and economy the pall of smoke about us must be permanently removed. What will it avail if the most exquisite architecture, the most uplifting creation in stone or marble appear among us if its surface is to be smoked and discolored and tear bedraggled by the rain? Already the fine facade across the bridge, or go off in the train that runs South over the plain it is but a little while before the noise of the traffic and the hum of the city is still and voices of the captains and the shouting die away. Your people, men of the press, speaks far and near. You represent, you embody the spirit of your city. Once I was thousands of miles away from home for a long time, and the papers were sent to me and I seemed to read that so often they spoke as in the cloud of partisan strife. We look to you of the press for higher leading. To you more even than to the preachers belongs the power to make or mar, to mold public opinion. It is for you to illustrate and for us the body of the citizens to uphold you in it—for we act and react—fairness, honorable dealing, energy, progress, advancement—the civic spirit in its best aspects.

* * *

Civic Improvement Commission Suggested.

"The modern idea and one that greatly recommends itself is that there should be planning ahead with intelligent and expert study aided by those who know the people and conditions so as to improve the city in accordance with its present and its future, its possibilities and its needs, and for this purpose a body of men or commission is desirable holding a long term or arranged so that its membership is changed only in part each year in order that there may be a continuity in its own life and in its plans. The purpose of this commission would be to help to arrange and dispose of the city's area and environs so as not to cramp but to make most available space for abattoirs, for manufactures, for business houses, for transportation, for residential portions, for parks, for public buildings and to so relate them to each other and to so connect them and to adorn and embellish the parts and the whole as common sense and good taste may dictate. The fact that a city has already to some extent fixed its own lines of progression by chance or temporary need, does not justify a continuance of haphazard plans or absence of plan. It only makes necessary greater thought and wiser planning. We have some two hundred and fifty thousand people or more here. We look forward to five hundred thousand in our time.

* * *

The Smoke Nuisance.

"Laying aside ideal conceptions is it not beyond dispute that we immediately need some intelligent plan of connecting the Eastern and Western parts of the city across its Southern end with ample facilities in the way of electric cars and such avenues and boulevards as convenience and beauty may suggest, with such plans for the future as regards connections on the South as may now be determined by intelligent foresight. And still further out has not the time come for the boulevard which is to connect the park systems? Will not the expense of it to the city be more than made good by the increased value of the taxable property? Is it not a fact that upon every consideration of health, beauty and economy the pall of smoke about us must be permanently removed. What will it avail if the most exquisite architecture, the most uplifting creation in stone or marble appear among us if its surface is to be smoked and discolored and tear bedraggled by the rain? Already the fine facade of the City Hall is black and defaced by soot and smoke. Ought not the frightful poles to come down and the wires to go underground? They stand like gibbets along our streets, hideous and dangerous. With their presence it is idle to talk of the city beautiful."

New York has the greatest number of wage-earners, of the States in the Union. Pennsylvania is second.

Peterman's ROACH FOOD

And Other Vermincides

PETERMAN'S ROACH FOOD—Entices from their hiding places roaches, water bugs and beetles. They eat it and die.

PETERMAN'S RAT-MOUSE FOOD—Makes rats deathly sick. They leave premises at once. Non-poisonous—no dead rats in walls.

PETERMAN'S DISCOVERY—Kills bed bugs and their eggs instantly.

Standard for 23 years. Insist on Peterman's.

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The safe route—electric block signals.

Through sleeping cars to Riverside, Los Angeles and Pasadena.

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The Very Best of

CAMDEN HIGH-GRADE PITTSBURG COAL

Per Ton $3.75 Per Ton

"Old Lee" Anthracite $7.75. "C. C. B." Poca Lump $4.40.

Both Phones 585.

Camden Coal Co.

(Incorporated)

Main Office 430 W. Jefferson St. W. C. Williams, Pres. and Treas.

LEVERING TO SUCCEED SELF

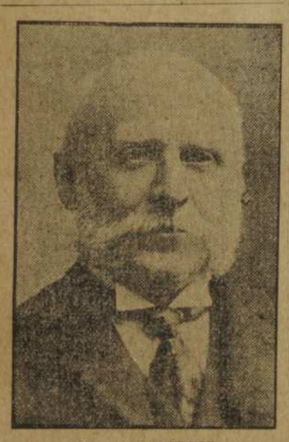
Again To Be Elected President of the Baptists.

Secretaries Also To Be Kept In Their Positions.

Open Headquarters At Armory This Afternoon.

GOSSIP OF THE DELEGATES.

It is pretty generally conceded that the Hon. Joshua Levering, of Baltimore, will be re-elected president of the Southern Baptist convention, which begins its sessions in Louisville Thursday. He made a highly satisfactory presiding officer last year, and the Southern Baptist press has made no mention of any other man for the office this year. Mr. Levering is also president of the Board of Trustees of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, which institution celebrates during the convention the fiftieth year of its history. Mr. Levering has always been a warm friend of the seminary, and donated the money with which



JOSHUA LEVERING.

to build the Levering gymnasium, located on the seminary grounds at Fifth and Broadway. He was the unsuccessful candidate for President of the United States on the Prohibition ticket in 1896.

* * *

Old Secretaries Again.

The Rev. Lansing Burrows, of Georgia, and the Rev. O. F. Gregory, of Virginia, have served as recording secretaries of the convention for twenty-seven consecutive years, and Southern Baptists do not care for any others so long as these two live. Two years ago these two secretaries were presented with gold medals, suitably engraved, in recognition of their quarter century of efficient service at the secretarial desk. The late Dr. T. T. Eaton, of Louisville, made the presentation speech, and it is well remembered as one of the brightest and aptest of all his able utterances. The secretaries announce that their office will be open today at the First Regiment Armory, at 2 o'clock, and they request all delegates to bring their enrollment cards and register early. Only those whose credentials have been filed with the secretaries will have votes in the convention.

* * *

Many Return To Louisville.

The convention brings to Louisville a great many who have been in times past students at the various educational institutions in this city. Alumni of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary especially are in evidence. Many of those who were educated here came in yesterday in order that they might have leisure to renew old acquaintances. They seemed at home in the downtown district yesterday, where they mingled freely with the merchants with whom they had dealings in past years. One delegate said he had been a thousand miles from Louisville in the last six years, yet he still clings to his Louisville tailor, who makes better garments and sells them 25 per cent. cheaper than he can buy in his own State.

* * *

Dr. Hamilton To Preach Again.

The Rev. W. W. Hamilton, D. D., formerly pastor of the Fourth-avenue Baptist church, this city, was among the early arrivals yesterday. Since leaving Louisville three years ago he has been in charge of the evangelistic department of the Home Mission Board, with headquarters in Atlanta. He has recently resigned this position, however, to accept the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Lynchburg, Va., which position was made vacant by the removal of the Rev. Carter Helm Jones, also well known in this city, to Oklahoma City. There is general sorrow among Southern Baptists that Dr. Hamilton leaves the department of evangelism, which was the organizer of this department, which now maintains seven general evangelists, and it is conceded that he himself is one of the wisest, most tactful and most effective evangelists that ever swept in the South. He goes to Lynchburg June 1. A mass meeting on evangelism will be held at the Walnut-street church next Sunday night, and Dr. Hamilton will be in charge. Dr. B. D. Gray, of Atlanta; Dr. George W. McDaniel, of Richmond, and Dr. Len G. Broughton will speak.

* * *

Here To Buy Books.

Owing to the fact that Louisville turns out so many theological students, this city is still headquarters for them in the book line. This fact was abundantly evidenced yesterday by the number that crowded the book stores here. Ample arrangements are being made to accommodate them by the local dealers. Both the Baptist Book Concern and the Baptist World Company will have branch stores in the armory building, and these branches will be well supplied. The American Baptist Publication Society, of Philadelphia, also has a booth in which several thousand books may be seen.

* * *

Sunday-School Secretaries Meet.

There was a meeting of the Baptist Sunday-school secretaries at the Norton Hall last night. These have many problems peculiar to their own work, and the session was for their own enlightenment only. Among those in attendance were the Rev. J. M. Frost, of Nashville, Tenn., general secretary of the Sunday-school Board; the Rev. Harvey Beauchamp, of Dallas, Tex.; the Rev. B. W. Spilman, of Asheville, N. C.; Prof. L. P. Leavell, of Oxford, Miss.; Mr. Arthur Flake, of Winona, Miss., and a number of State secretaries from different parts of the South.

* * *

Dr. Hale Goes To Texas.

The Rev. Fred D. Hale, D. D., of Wilmington, N. C., is another pastor who is well remembered in Louisville. Dr. Hale came in yesterday morning. He organized the Twenty-second and Walnut-street Baptist church, of this city, and built it up to a membership of nearly 1,000 members. He left the pastorate of that church to become pastor of the McFerran Memorial church, this city, now known as the Fourth-avenue church. After serving there efficiently several years, he resigned to become pastor of the First Baptist church of Owensboro, which work he left to organize the Third Baptist church of the same city, which is at present the largest church in that city. Dr. Hale announced to his convention friends yesterday that he had been called to the McKinney-avenue church, of Dallas, Tex., and would leave his pastorate in Wilmington, N. C., to accept the Dallas call.

President W. W. Rivers, of Central Baptist College, Conway, Arkansas, is a delegate to the convention, and is making his home with his brother, Dr. B. D. Rivers, in the Highlands. President Rivers is secretary of the Southern Baptist Educational Association, which holds its opening session to-night.

The Rev. R. E. Chambers, of Shanghai, China, delivered a lecture before the students of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, last night upon the subject "China, the Old and the New." His lecture was illustrated with stereopticon slides. Dr. Chambers is a graduate of the seminary, and has been in China as a missionary for the past fourteen years. He is secretary of the China Baptist Publication Society, which he organized, and which is one of the most powerful of the Baptist evangelizing forces in that land. Mr. Chambers is receiving a hearty welcome, as this is the first visit he has made to his native land since going out as a missionary in 1896.

FOR REPLANNING OF LOUISVILLE

CIVIC LEAGUE WILL MEET TO-MORROW AFTERNOON

FOR DISCUSSION OF PROF. ZEUBLIN'S SUGGESTIONS.

ROBINSON AND HIS VIEWS.

The Civic League at its meeting to-morrow afternoon will take steps to carry out the plans for the moral and physical improvement of Louisville as outlined in the course of free lectures delivered in Louisville by Prof. Zeublin a short time ago. These lectures of Prof. Zeublin were largely attended by the most prominent of Louisville's people, and everybody seemed deeply interested in the work. Many of the most noted writers of the day are taking a deep interest in the improvement work and are writing instructive and interesting articles on plans for the betterment of the conditions of the cities of the country.

Charles Mulford Robinson, in the course of an article on "The Replanning of Cities" in Charities and the Commons, says among other things:

"Broadly speaking the benefits to be expected from an expert remodeling of our cities are threefold. They lie in a bettering of those circulatory problems that have been created by congested traffic; in the improvement of social conditions in many directions, and in increasing the visible beauty and splendor of cities. It is seen that the demand has grown out of the necessities created by an unexpectedly large and rapid municipal growth. Urban conditions have so changed that recasting is required; streets that were sufficient for the town cannot carry the traffic which a metropolis pours upon them; the children of the poor, who formerly had access to the country in a few moments' walk, are now fenced in by miles of closely built up streets; the public building is hidden by crowding skyscrapers, and gardens have given place to the closed ranks of masonry.

* * *

Scope of the Replanning.

"The replanning of cities is concerned with all of these matters, because it has to do with the urban framework, as this is made up of streets and avenues and open spaces of one sort or another. It treats of the skeleton of the city, of that which gives to the city its constructional form; and it must take the broad and comprehensive view considering the needs, not of districts only, but of the community as a whole. It has little to do with details, such as billboards, pavements, etc., but it is intimately concerned with the problem of transportation, with the convenience of the streets for traffic purposes; with the proper location, and, if possible, the grouping of public buildings; with the development of neighborhood centers which shall become a moral and social force; with the location of parks and their accessibility to those who most need them, and with the attractive development of residential and suburban tracks.

* * *

Public Spirit At the Bottom.

"There should be something said of the spirit in which this remaking of cities is undertaken and authorized. You will hear half a dozen motives announced for the ordering of the work. The city is to be improved to keep pace with other cities, to draw tourists, to correct evils, but it all simmers down into one thing—public spirit. And those to whom the commission is given undertake it reverently in appreciation of the great trust which thousands of persons are reposing upon them, and of the opportunity, for never before has artist had so wonderful and complex a material with which to work. A man's every higher instinct must respond to the appeal when called to replan a city.

"As to the method of procedure a word should suffice. The replanning of cities is clearly a serious matter, to be undertaken only with full understanding of the general problem in all its ramifications, with careful study and after much experience. It is best that local prejudice should not warp the judgment nor familiarity dull the sense to opportunities for change. For these reasons, the best results are obtained from outside advice. And it is clear, too, that the study, if properly undertaken, is full of promise for the future. There is perhaps no other current movement of equal promise to so many persons of so many classes of society. This is because of planning, if not superficial and spectacular merely, strikes at the root and cause of thinking. Thence, indeed, has come its new and higher dignity."

THE MAPLE LEAF CLUB PREPARES FOR BANQUET.

An enthusiastic delegation of the Maple Leaf Club met at The Seelbach last night to decide on final arrangements for their banquet, to be held on British Empire day, May 24.

Final word was received from the Hon. W. H. Montague, the noted Canadian orator and statesman, who has promised to deliver the principal address of the occasion.

Besides the banquet is to be held at The Seelbach at 6:30 o'clock. Besides the chief speaker of the evening addresses will be delivered at the banquet by Gov. Willson, Mayor Grinstead, Edward W. Jonas, S. J. Duncan-Clark and the Rev. Henry Alford Porter. Tickets for the banquet are now on sale at The Commercial Club, Crutcher & Starks and the Starr-Swartz Company.

Charged With Stealing Linen.

Ida Schultz, colored, was arrested at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the charge of stealing linen handkerchiefs, belonging to Mrs. Julia Lingreen, of 508 East Chestnut street, and valued at $200. The linens, it is alleged, were found in a trunk belonging to the negro woman.

Economy

Save your money. Alabastine once applied saves expense in future redecoration. The new coat goes right over the old, and the wall is better than ever.

Alabastine
The Sanitary Wall Coating

Alabastine is a powder made of Alabaster rock sold in packages. Simply mixed with cold water and applied. It is far better than kalsomine. More beautiful, more healthful and more economical.

Try it. All dealers.

SQUABBLE

Over Voucher Drawn In Favor of Chief Haager.

THE CHIEF FEATURE OF LAST NIGHT'S COUNCIL MEETING.

MEASURE PROVIDING CENSORS FOR PICTURE SHOWS.

ELECT SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

A rather tame affair was last night's meeting of the General Council, and because of the absence of wrangling a great deal of ground was covered. The nearest approach to trouble occurred just before a voucher for $2,287.50, drawn in the name of Chief Haager, passed the Board of Aldermen. Chief Haager will use the money to employ outside detectives at $10 a day and hire extra policemen during the Shriners' Conclave. Aldermen Reed, Ashcraft and Hess objected to it being called out of the hands of the committee with less than a two-thirds vote of the members-elect. President William Heyburn asserted that "the will of the body was supreme" and so ruled. The voucher was taken out of the hands of the Police Committee and then approved by all the votes except those of the three objecting Aldermen. Chief Haager deems the money necessary to provide protection against "crooks" during the time the Shriner hosts are in Louisville.

Mr. Heyburn introduced an ordinance providing for a police censorship of all moving picture films. Alderman Reichert introduced a new ordinance looking toward the complete regulation of traffic. All the payrolls and vouchers prepared were approved by both bodies. The Mayor's request for $1,500 to hire accountants to go over the Cumberland Company's books was granted.

* * *

Industrial School Directors.

Jesse Rubel, Joseph Conkling and Cary L. Warren were elected directors of the Louisville Industrial School to succeed Judge Matt O'Doherty, John Kiefer and D. P. Bennett in the joint session of the two boards of the General Council last night. The terms of the directors are three years. Joseph Burge was also elected manager of the Cook Benevolent Institution.

The joint session was called to order at 8:45 o'clock by President Heyburn of the Board of Aldermen. Twenty-seven members of the General Council were present at the session. Jesse Rubel, Cary L. Warren, Joseph Conkling, Henry Klauber, Dillon Mapother and Judge Matt O'Doherty were placed in nomination. Councilman Richardson placed the name of Judge O'Doherty in nomination, but afterward withdrew the name. Only one ballot was required for the election, the vote standing: Rubel, 24; Warren, 17; Klauber, 13; Mapother, 3 and Conkling, 24. The vote for Joseph Burge as manager of the Cook Benevolent Institution was unanimous.

Adjournment was taken until May 25.

MARKET ORDINANCE

Killed in the Upper Board By Vote of 5 To 4.

William Heyburn, president of the Board of Aldermen, called that body together shortly after 8 o'clock last night. The following members were present:

Charles A. Hess, Ernest Horn, Henry Panke, J. Duff Reed, F. A. Reichert, T. Stern, Tracy Underhill and Andrew P. Vogt. The first order of business was the introduction of an ordinance by Mr. Heyburn providing for the police censorship of all moving pictures and pictures in penny arcades. Mr. Heyburn said that the ordinance was given to him by Benjamin Flexner and announced as his opinion that it was a needed measure.

It is stipulated in the ordinance that before any film can be shown that it be inspected by the Chief of Police or a committee of twelve appointed by him to serve without pay. If the Chief of Police or the committee of censors deem the picture right and proper for exhibition, then a permit will be given for its display. Without this permit no moving picture can be shown. It is stipulated in the ordinance that if the Chief of Police refuse a permit for any film or picture that an appeal can be taken to the Mayor whose decision will be final. A fine is provided for the showing of a film or picture for which no permit has been secured. The ordinance was referred to the revision committee as a matter of form, as all the aldermen are ready to pass it.

* * *

To Regulate Traffic.

Another new ordinance was next introduced by Alderman Reichert which seeks to regulate traffic and travel on the streets of Louisville. It has but few changes from the ordinance now in effect. It is a very lengthy measure and exhaustive. It lays down the rules of the road and throws every possible safeguard around travel and the lives of pedestrians. It was given into the hands of the Police Committee for consideration. The ordinance did not stipulate that the ordinance now in effect was to be repealed from and after the passage of the new ordinance.

Next came up for consideration the ordinance already passed by the lower board which grants the K. and I. Bridge and Railroad Company the right to remove its trestles from Marine street, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-ninth streets, and to provide indemnities in making the fill. The measure was deposited with the railroad committee for a report at a future date. Another ordinance passed by the lower board which seeks to license all firms doing electrical wiring was referred to the finance committee. As the revenue is to go to the sinking fund some doubt was expressed as to whether the entire license ordinance would not have to be amended to bring about the desired result.

* * *

Mayor Gets His Accountants.

An ordinance empowering the Mayor to hire public accountants to go over the books of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company so as to get at the company's earnings and show that the rate-regulating ordinance is not prohibitive came up from the lower board. It was referred to the finance committee and reported out soon after. Alderman Hess doubted if the $1,500 provided was sufficient for the work, and Alderman Reed desired to make a minor amendment. When it was shown that the auditing of the books was imperative and that delay would injure the city the amendments and objections were withdrawn and the measure passed unanimously.

At this point in the proceedings the board adjourned to the joint session held in the chamber of the Board of Councilmen. The session was again resumed in the upper board at 9 o'clock.

The contract committee, through its chairman, Alderman Reichert, next reported favorably the seventy-five fire hydrant contracts which have been awarded to William P. Adams, of Valley Station, at $14 and $130 each, the larger price being for hydrants placed on the side of the street opposite from the water main. Mr. Reichert said the people of the city were clamoring for hydrants. Mr. Reed answered that several of them were being put in near property he owned, and that he hadn't heard of any clamoring or done any. The cost of the seventy-five hydrants will fall principally upon the owners of property near whose places they are to be placed. After argument, which availed nothing more than to kill time, the contracts were approved unanimously.

* * *

Market Ordinance Killed.

Alderman Ashcraft, chairman of the committee on streets, Western district, reported the much-discussed market ordinance unfavorably. Mr. Panke, the other member of the committee, agreed to the report, but introduced a substitute ordinance. The ordinance provided for the establishment of a market on Market street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, and several public hearings have been devoted to its discussion. The unfavorable report was adopted, 5 to 4, thus defeating the original ordinance. Then, on a point of order by Tracy Underhill the substitute ordinance was thrown out of the board. Mr. Underhill's point of order was that two ordinances of the same nature could not be introduced in one month.

Next a voucher for $2,287.50 for Chief Haager was approved after a warm discussion. The chief is to use the money to bring into the city twenty out-of-town sleuths at $10 a day and hire forty-five extra patrolmen during the time the Shriners have their conclave here next month. The voucher was accompanied by a letter from the Mayor urging that the money be placed in Chief Haager's hands and also a resolution from the lower board that the chief make an itemized account of his expenditures. The upper board approved the voucher and took no action on the resolution to make Chief Haager give an accounting of how it will be spent. Aldermen Reed, Ashcraft and Hess voted against the voucher. Chief Haager and W. Garnett Munn, of the Board of Public Safety, talked on the need of the money being placed in the chief's hands, and Mr. Heyburn did some fancy stunts at overriding all the established rules of the board in his haste to spend the city's coin for housing foreign detectives, paying their railroad fare to Louisville and paying them $10 a day to enjoy the gayeties of the conclave.

* * *

Columns Not Up To Contract.

The Board of Public Works sent up a contract for approval between the city of Louisville and Cassini Mosaic Tile Company, of Cincinnati, in the amount of $1,275. The Cassini company, in consideration of the $1,275, is to tear down eight imitation marble pillars on the first floor of the annex and replace them with eight sheet rear-marble pillars of a more artistic nature. The contract was approved after being rushed into the hands of Alderman Reichert, of the contract committee, for a favorable report on the spot. Alex G. Barret, chairman of the Board of Public Works, carried the contract to Mr. Reichert in person.

To a reporter Mr. Barret explained that the present scagliola columns in the annex are not up to the contract. He said the cost of the new "scagliolas" would be taken out of the money owed General Contractor Connor, who is erecting the annex.

The meeting adjourned after passing all of the departmental payrolls and vouchers in their possession. The adjournment was taken to May 25.

LOWER BOARD

Appropriates Money For Extra Police During Shriners' Meeting.

The lower board was called to order at 8:15 o'clock by C. B. Nordeman, clerk, in the absence of President Buyer. All members were present except President Buyer and Councilmen Boone, Forst, Kebs, Schranz and Will. Councilman Bohanon was elected temporary president of the board.

A communication was read from the Mayor, accompanied by a letter from Chief of Police Hagger, explanatory of the need of seventy-five extra policemen from June 6 to June 12, inclusive, during the national meeting of the Shriners. The letter also explained that twenty detectives would be here from June 6 to June 11, inclusive, from other large cities to look after the crooks that may come to the city during the meeting. These detectives are to be paid at the rate of $10 a day, besides railroad fare and other expenses. The extra policemen are to receive $2.50 a day and will be used on the outskirts, while the veteran patrolmen will be brought into the central part of the city.

A voucher accompanied the communication for $2,287.50 to pay the salaries of the policemen and salaries of the outside detectives and their expenses. After a resolution was drawn so as to provide that unexpended money be returned to the city, it was adopted and the voucher approved. Chief Haager said that the voucher was $1,659 less than the voucher for the same work during the Knights Templar Conclave in 1901. Chief Haager said that he first thought he could get this money from the $10,000 appropriated to the Shriners, but the local committee would not agree to it, and he had to come to the General Council.

Chairman Krieger, of the revision committee, reported favorably ordinances changing the names of the following avenues and streets:

Hepburn avenue to Kentucky street, Hackney avenue to Green street, Letterle avenue to Brownsboro road, DeBarr street to Barr street. The ordinances were passed unanimously.

Councilman Krieger introduced an ordinance providing for the changing of the public market, between Floyd and Jackson streets, from the north side of Jefferson street to the south side of the street. The ordinance was referred to the revision committee, of which Councilman Krieger is chairman. He immediately reported the ordinance favorably and it was passed. The board adjourned at 9:40 o'clock.

MAYFIELD POLICEMAN KILLS "JIM" PUCKETT.

Latter Attempted To Escape, and Is Shot To Death By Officer.

Mayfield, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Policeman John Lewis shot and instantly killed "Jim" Puckett here to-night. The officer had arrested Puckett in Parker's Restaurant on a warrant charging him with selling whisky illegally. They walked about one-third of a block to the corner of Eighth street and Broadway, when Puckett broke loose and ran north on Eighth street. Officer Lewis followed and began shooting and when in front of the First Presbyterian church, a block from where Puckett started to run, Puckett fell dead a corpse. Four shots were fired by the officer and three of them took effect. The fatal shot entered the brain and oozed out with the mass of blood that came from his head.

LONG-DISTANCE WALKER ARRIVES IN LOUISVILLE.

Joseph Mikulec, who has started on a little jaunt afoot of 25,000 miles, reached Louisville yesterday in the course of his travels, accompanied by a stout hickory cane, a string of medals, a whole lot of strange-looking jewelry and a beautiful coat of bronze tan on his arms and face. "Joe" said he had covered 17,000 miles since he left his home in Austria three years ago.

As a Marathon pedestrian E. P. Weston doesn't seem to have a great deal on Mikulec. As he paddled huskily into Louisville, he hesitated at the city hall and secured the signatures of the Mayor and the Chief of Police. He also had a few of the city's seals placed in his autograph album.

Club License Bill Killed.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 11.—Gov. Hadley's bill, providing for the licensing of so-called clubs which sell intoxicants to members, was defeated in the House today for the second time. The Governor sent two messages to the Legislature urging the passage of the measure.

Died In Evansville.

Evansville, Ind., May 11.—Mrs. John Herman, of Owensboro, Ky., died at a local hospital to-day. She is survived by a husband and two children.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
Business Established Sixty-three Years.
NEW YORK STORE.

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STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
Business Established Sixty-three Years.
NEW YORK STORE.

Extraordinary Specials For To-day's Selling.

Sale of Unusual Importance Begins To-day.

Two Thousand Five Hundred Women's Lingerie Waists

Values Up to $4.00. On Sale To-day at 98c.

The greatest Waist value of the entire year will be presented in this section to-day. The buyer of this department has just returned from New York, where he obtained from an overstocked manufacturer the greatest Lingerie Waist values in the American market to-day. The entire quantity represents upwards of 2,500 Waists, made in the season's best styles of such splendid materials as mulls, lingerie cloths, batiste, etc.; trimmed with German and French Valenciennes lace, also tucks, insertions, medallions, hemstitching and embroidery. The variety of styles is very extensive; in fact, the artist's sketches herewith produced only illustrate a few of the many dainty designs in the great lot. They are all shown in the new high neck models; also the new baby, half, three-quarter and long sleeve styles—an unusual combination of quality, style and price which undoubtedly stamps this as the

Most Extraordinary Sale of Waists Ever Offered at the Price.
Values Up To $4.00—On Sale To-day at 98c

Extraordinary Sale Lace Coats,
Values Up To $100.00, At
$10.75

The women of Louisville have never had such a great bargain opportunity to purchase real Hand-made Tailored Lace Coats as this sale affords. The values are without question the most remarkable ever offered in this class of merchandise. They include Hand-made Irish Crochet Lace Coats, Princess and German Hand-made Lace Coats, Novelties, etc., all in white; a few in black.

The Values Actually Range Up To $100—Sale Price
$10.75

Remarkable Sale Silk Dresses,
Values Up To $30.00, Sale Price
$10.75

There hasn't been in years a better bargain opportunity offered in the Ready-to-Wear Section. These excellent garments are all made one-piece Princess style and of such materials as foulards, messalines and pongees, in the new colorings and natural shades, and are fancy trimmed and in embroidered effects, which are entirely new and just the thing for late spring and summer wear. All the new shades are represented.

Values Up To $30.00—Sale Price
$10.75

Great Sale Leather Handbags
Worth Many Times the Price.
Values Up to $5.00. Sale Price $1.00

Direct from New York comes this special lot of Bags. The buyer of this section has just returned from New York, where he obtained the greatest lot of bargain values ever offered in this particular line. They comprise all the very latest novelty effects in such leathers as suede, patent, grain, alligator, etc., in colors and black; many mounted in sterling silver and gold; some fitted; many in the lot worth five and six times the price quoted. Values up to $5.00—

Sale Price $1.00

Remarkable Sale of Silk Petticoats Will Be Held To-day,
1,000 Silk Petticoats Values Up To $10.00 At
$2.98

An unheard-of sale of All Pure Silk Petticoats, consisting of messalines and taffetas, in colors of black, white, three shades of wistaria, three shades of brown, light blue and navy, cardinal, green, biscuit, champagne and tan. Extra heavy, high-grade quality of silk only has been used in the making of these skirts; all strictly tailored and good, full width—

Values Up to $10—For This Sale $2.98

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

Members R. M. A.
Railroad Fares Refunded.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

CHARMING TALK

Given by Mrs. Breckinridge In Behalf of Suffrage.

FREQUENTLY APPLAUDED BY REPRESENTATIVE AUDIENCE.

MARSHALS HER ARGUMENTS LIKE A VETERAN.

MEETING AT LIBRARY HALL.

Gowned in dainty white and with a head brimful of energy and wit, crowned with a red hat with crimson feathers tipped with a plume of black, Mrs. Desha Breckinridge, of Lexington, held the earnest attention of a large audience of women and men folk at the Louisville Free Public Library for over an hour last night, when she talked on "Woman Suffrage" under the auspices of the Woman's Suffrage and Woman's Equal Educational Leagues.

Mrs. Breckinridge's personality and the charming and earnest way in which she advocated the suffragist movement made every argument hit the mark, and nearly every sentence of her speech was greeted with applause.

The keynote of the address was that woman has the equal right with man in the betterment of the world. After being introduced by the Rev. W. H. Ramsay, of the Church of the Messiah, Mrs. Breckinridge, bowing to a storm of applause, said Kentucky should be complimented for granting the first rights to woman seventy years ago. Kentucky was the outpost, she said, and started the purest agitation—woman's wrongs.

She said there was equal suffrage in four States and that even in the Orient women were coming to the front in the affairs of state.

After discussing recent legislation for cities of the second class in Kentucky, Mrs. Breckinridge said the city governments needed aid of the women in freeing towns and cities from graft, disease and the social evil. Women, she said, drank the same water as men, and when typhoid fever germs come along they catch the fever, too, so they should have a say as to the water supply, as typhoid was no respecter of sex.

There had been talk of the increased tax on hosiery and gloves, she said, and, as it was a question in which women were as much interested as men they should have a hand in the settlements.

* * *

As To Effect On Girls.

Mrs. Breckinridge laid emphasis on the fact that young girls are better protected where women vote and that the candidates who offer for office are of a higher class than heretofore.

She protested against the objection to women appearing in public life and pointed out the good they are doing in rescue work, binding up of wounds and building hospitals and asylums. But this was not constructive in the proper sense of the word, but still women are performing every public function.

Ridiculing the idea that woman would lose her womanliness by appearing at the polls, Mrs. Breckinridge told of three women found at a voting booth eating chocolate candy.

"That looks as if they were still women," said the speaker with a smile.

Mrs. Breckinridge discussed the race problem and said the granting of woman's suffrage would solve it in the South, as there are 600,000 more white women than negro women in that section. She spoke of school suffrage and the efforts of the suffragists made at the last session of the Legislature. She suggested as a motto for hold-over members: "Rest in peace until we meet again."

When Mrs. Breckinridge, with every hearer's hands clapping, was asked the question as to what Rozel Wessinger had done for woman, Mrs. Breckinridge replied it was when husband and wife bill which gave the wife absolute control of her property.

A woman in the audience said she knew of a teacher who had a piano and soon after she married it was sold for a debt of her husband.

Miss Virginia Pollard Robinson charmed the audience in a short talk, in which she requested those present to join either the Woman's Suffrage League or the Equal Educational League, or further more she said it would be better to join both.

DEFICIT OF ABOUT 12 PER CENT. FOR FESTIVAL.

Some $5,000 To Be Raised By the Guarantors To Pay All the Bills.

The May Music Festival deficit will be about 12 per cent. which will be paid by the subscribers to the guarantee fund, which approximates $9,000.

The directors held a meeting yesterday afternoon and did not conclude the auditing of bills, which work will be completed to-day or to-morrow. The board of Directors indorsed Mr. Taylor's letter in regard to the controversy between Prof. George Cookins and Thomas K. Basham and Walter Hammrosch.

The directors declined to speak further of the matter.

STATE COUNCIL K. OF C. MEETS AT OWENSBORO.

Deputy J. T. Donovan and Secretary Burkley Re-elected Without Opposition—Other Officers Chosen.

Owensboro, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Kentucky State Council, Knights of Columbus, held one of the most successful meetings in its history in Owensboro today. Every council in the State was represented and all of the State officers were present.

J. T. Donovan, of Paducah, was re-elected State deputy without opposition. George K. Burkley, of Louisville, was re-elected State secretary also without opposition. Other officers elected are: James S. Rodman, Owensboro; State treasurer, Frank P. O'Donnell, Maysville, State advocate; D. C. Robinson, Covington, State warden; the Rev. J. C. Hayes, Bowling Green, State chaplain; J. T. Donovan, Paducah, and R. A. Watson, Louisville, delegates to the National Council; Lavega Clements, Owensboro, and J. C. Rogers, Lexington, alternates.

The National Council meets in Mobile, Ala., in July. Lexington was chosen as the next meeting place.

STRONG BIDDERS FOR GROCERS' CONVENTION

LOUISVILLE AND LEXINGTON AFTER NEXT YEAR'S MEET.

BLUEGRASS CAPITAL'S DELEGATION CHARGE ON FRANKFORT.

HIGH-CLASS PURE FOOD SHOW

Frankfort, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—A battle royal between Lexington and Louisville began here this morning and will continue through to-morrow. The prize is the next convention of the Kentucky Retail Grocers' Association, and both Lexington and Louisville are trying to land it. Lexington came down to Frankfort this morning with about one hundred delegates and, flags flying, determined to win the convention for the capital of the Bluegrass. Louisville will not send her delegation here until to-morrow, but Dave Hirsch, M. J. Doll and Henry Lee, of Louisville, have been at work last night and this morning among the delegates securing pledges, and they are going to make a strong play for the next convention. The big delegation which is coming from Louisville to-morrow will add its weight to the arguments of the Louisville advance guard, and it looks now like they will be able to swing enough votes to land the convention. At any rate it is going to be a pretty fight.

Lexington's delegation came to Frankfort over the interurban electric line this morning, headed by J. Watkins, president of the Commercial Club. They left the car in front of the Capital Hotel and then formed in line, two and two, with the Frankfort military band at the head, and marched to the skating rink, where the pure food show is being held. The Lexington delegation made a fine showing, the line of march extending for more than a city block. The visitors took possession of the food show and stirred things up at a lively rate there.

The real work of the convention of the grocers began here this afternoon when the convention was formally called to order in the Capital Theater. Only routine work was done, however, as the committees, which were named this afternoon, will have to make their reports before anything of importance can be acted on to. The committees were named and probably will make their reports to-morrow. The selection of the next meeting place probably will be made to-morrow afternoon. No night session was held to-night, but the delegates all went to the pure food show.

No bigger or better pure food show has ever been held in Kentucky than that which is being held here in the old skating rink. The rink has been decorated until it does not look like the same place and some fifty booths have been erected, at which displays are made of all kinds of things to eat and drink. The admission fee is 15 cents and it is said that each visitor will get about $5 worth of goods in samples, which are distributed. Several Louisville firms have displays. The attendance last night was unusual, the crowd being so great that the building could not accommodate all those who wanted to get inside. It is expected that the attendance will be as great during the remaining nights.

An expert decorator did the work on the booths at the show, and he has done his work well. Every kind of food for human beings is on display in an attractive form and Frankfort is being initiated into some new things in the line of food.

NOT THROUGH

Smith's Friends To Fight For Rights To End.

BIGGEST FIGHT ON DAY OF PRIMARY AND CONVENTION.

VOTING PLACES AND TICKETS MADE PUBLIC.

AGREEMENT IN THE COUNTY.

The leaders of the forces of George Weissinger Smith in the race for the Republican nomination for Mayor are far from being satisfied with the treatment received at the hands of both the Republican Advisory Committee and the Republican City and County Executive Committee Monday night in the appointment of chairmen for the primaries to be held in the voting places in the various wards throughout the city. They are not so much dissatisfied with the personnel of the officers as they are with the manner in which they were appointed, especially as to the location. The Smith followers still stoutly assert that the Grinstead forces have the best of the arrangement in that their chairmen are at most of the voting places near the river front, where all the heavy voting, especially rush voting, takes place, and where the voters are not so well known to the election officers.

"We do not seriously object to the men named as chairmen by the committee; in fact, we are satisfied with the selections, but we do say that we were handed a lemon at the end of the rod when it came to getting chairmen in river-front voting districts," said a Smith adherent last night. "However, we intend to put up a strong fight and we will not stand for any pressure in causing their votes who are not entitled to vote in the districts where they offer to vote. Lists of eligible voters in all the districts will be furnished the tellers for use during the voting.

"Everything that we have got in the way of concessions from the Republican City and County Committee has been after the hardest of fighting. At the beginning of this fight the committee was not willing to give us anything, but they softened as time went on. They knew of the rumblings of discontent in the distance and they heeded the sound. We are not going to stop the fight. We are going to keep it up until the convention is over next Tuesday. We intend to get a fair deal, and we are going to get this deal if it is in our power."

* * *

Voting Places.

The locations of the voting places follow:

First ward, First district—1072 East Washington street.

First ward, Second district—1130 East Green street.

Second ward, First district—840 East Market street.

Second ward, Second district—941 East Broadway.

Third ward, First district—731 East Broadway.

Third ward, Second district—Frankfort and Chowood.

Third ward, Third district—1437 Winter avenue.

Fourth ward, First district—S. w. corner Jackson and Gray streets.

Fourth ward, Second district—504 East Laurel street.

Fifth ward, First district—209 South Floyd street.

Fifth ward, Second district—908 Preston street.

Sixth ward, First district—222 West Green street.

Sixth ward, Second district—981 Third avenue.

Seventh ward, First district—666 Third avenue.

Seventh ward, Second district—S. w. corner Fourth avenue and Hill street.

Eighth ward, First district—515 West Broadway.

Eighth ward, Second district—1521 Sixth street.

Ninth ward, First district—905 West Jefferson street.

Ninth ward, Second district—542 Ninth street.

Twelfth ward, First district—Schaefer's Hall, Twenty-seventh and Portland.

Twelfth ward, Second district—Twenty-fifth and Duncan streets.

Twelfth ward, Third district—Roth's tailor shop, Twenty-sixth, near Chestnut street.

Twelfth ward, Fourth district—Corner Twenty-eighth street and Grand avenue.

The following is the list of delegates that will be voted for at the primary conventions Monday afternoon:

* * *

Grinstead Delegates.

First Ward—W. C. Childers, W. R. Helmes, W. A. Heuser, Matt Schupp, T. H. Baker, Charles Bell, W. W. Smith, G. K. Davis, E. Gottschalk, T. J. McCann, W. S. Markhoff, G. Hooper.

Second Ward—P. C. Dawson, Edward Dahl, Henry Kaufman, Gottlieb Haug, Harrison Marks, William G. Lutz, George J. Kihnley, Julius Deter, August Scharre, Phillip Zoeller.

Third Ward—H. Koehler, Ed Schneider, George Spurrier, Jesse Spies, Hector Reager, Jim Lawrence, Louis Humphrey, R. W. Watson, William I. Tyler, John Dorsey, Phil Saam, Lum Brookins, Fred Griffin, Mose Barnes, C. A. Koop, John Roser, Frank Russell, Dan Gaddie, Henry Rohr.

Fourth Ward—Albert Spies, Charles L. Scholl, William G. Struss, D. W. Edwards, Ed H. Marcus, Dr. E. T. Merchant, A. E. Detweiler, Dr. R. B. Scott.

Fifth Ward—D. W. Fairleigh, G. C Reitze, John Brile, John Keller, Mike Minton, W. G. Rau, H. L. Breckle, J. Hirshberg, Henry Levi, G. W. Wolford, R. P. Ogden, Roscoe Conkling, Theodore Hankins, William Franklin.

Sixth Ward—George Du Relle, Charles F. Huhlein, John Metzger, Rudolph Miersch, William Sweeney, Nick Denunzio, Fred Schaich, Tony Gulliano, Victor Quiney.

Seventh Ward—Col. M. B. Belknap, Col. H. L. Stone, William Heyburn, Alex Eilke, Murray Boone, John Popp, C. B. Blakey, William Marshall Bullitt.

Eighth Ward—Capt. J. H. Browning, Charles Fetz, Louis Simms, Charles Oestrich, Morris Gifford, Joe Bowles, John Odell, Robert Harris.

Ninth Ward—J. F. Bohannon, G. G. Young, Robert Claxon, L. B. Crowder, George Scott, John Page, James Norton, David Yancey.

Tenth Ward—Dr. Lewis Ryans, John Hawkins, William Hewitt, William H. Leonard, M. N. Yancey, Joseph Vetter, M. R. Taylor, J. H. Tenner, John McWhorter, P. A. Curtis, W. O. Johnson, Sandy Brooks, Andrew Eckels, George G. Trtick.

Eleventh Ward—Mark H. Gabhart, Sam B. Richardson, J. Henry Koch, E. C. Buyer, James Stringer, Sam Lucas, John Shields, Fred Boro, Dan Sowbel, Charles Freise, Fred Meyers, Charles Reed, Jacob Daub, Henry Fehler, George Roberts, David F. Evans, John Foster, Green Logan, Horace Marshall, Thomas Speight, Sandiford.

Twelfth Ward—Ben B. Kelly, Eugene Dailey, Charles Fitch, Charles Fertig, Henry O. Schlenk, Ed Hoffstetter, Peter Wernz, Archie Hall, John Maurer, W. H. Sohns, Fred Harkins, Dr. Hickerson, Sr., Hugh Ellis, Robert McAleese, Homer C. Waking, J. B. Stewart, Charles Heahl, W. G. Davies, John Nussear, Dr. F. G. Fowler, Irvington Earl, Louis Gutermuth, Frazier Davis, Al Whitehouse, Charles Rogers.

* * *

Agreement In County.

County Compromise Ticket—H. H. Simms, Richard Gwathney, Charles Bauard, J. M. Chilton, Ernest Mattmiller, Dr. J. W. Turner, R. Cole, Tyler, C. McD. Cartwright, R. M. Jones, West Gilbert, Dr. F. L. Cessna, Andrew Cowan, Pete Molter, C. G. Wright, W. O. Bradley, Lawrence Gagel, J. T. Niles, J. Burnett, Frank Dodge, William DeForrester, C. F. Ogden, Henry Schmutz, H. B. Burnett.

* * *

Smith Delegates.

First Ward—R. J. Cougler, John James, William Jamison, Al C. Weber, Herman Roehr, James Nevil, Charles Jutz, John Meyer, Robert Keller, W. R. Cranna, Ed Dupre, G. E. Ellerkamp.

Second Ward—William R. Leight, Harry R. Evans, Herman Knauer, George H. Merhoff, Charles W. Lehnhard, Albert S. Gray, Ed Oyler, Val Heuser, . J. Flocken, Samuel Gfoerer, Sr.

Third Ward—Len S. Merimee, Louis Vissman, N. C. Shouse, W. E. Koop, A. W. Saunders, Ciscero Strickland, R. B. Boyd, James Oldham, J. P. Carter, John Ehleiman, John Zulauf, Louis Held, John A. Sweazy, Joseph Aulbach, John Kurzz, W. B. Merrifield, Jim Martin, Rufus Shaw, W. S. Simpson.

Fourth Ward—Ben Hirsch, John Linke, Sol Rhode, Joel Schuman, Jim Petty, Squire Gray, Joshua McQuincy, William Spradling, C. C. Bates.

Fifth Ward—W. C. Bass, E. Hyman, Charles Seng, James Gelpin, Fred Doll, A. Wacker, Clarence Kuhn, Fred Davis, Robert Hurst, J. Reginald Clements, Charles Schuman, John Leyerle, T. H. Hawkins, W. C. Rau.

Sixth Ward—Nat. Cureton, Isadore Forst, W. H. Sweeney, S. Scott Prather, Fred Schaich, George Cuscaden, Sr., John Brown, Tony Gulliano, W. R. Archer.

Seventh Ward—W. C. Owens, John B. Baskin, M. H. Thatcher, Bethard Flexner, Cleves Kinkead, Harry Driver, Emil Tachua, Joseph Hart.

Eighth Ward—J. D. Reed, R. D. Nicholls, Henry Munz, Otto Cohen, W. T. Milburn, Joseph P. Sones, Charles W. Johnson, George Thompson.

Ninth Ward—Sam Harlan, Dan R. Stiglitz, James Phelan, George Tobin, George Bakes, S. W. Jordan, Robert Nurse, M. Hines.

Twelfth Ward—C. A. Hess, E. J. Ashcraft, W. A. Pell, Charles Holstner, W. F. Comstock, R. W. Foley, George A. Miller, G. W. Shields, Edward Coburn, C. E. Campbell, Charles Jones, C. O. Hutton, John W. Girard, Louis Grall, Samuel McKnight, Patrick Fahey, C. S. Ryan, H. Blechner, A. H. Buschemeyer, William S. Harrington, Edw. Hofmeister, W. Howard, Leslie Combs, R. H. Hundley.

RATE ON GLASS AROUSES ROOT

(Continued from First Page.)

Dolliver said he would vote against the proposed decrease.

Mr. Bacon's amendment was defeated by a vote of twenty-five to fifty-four, Senator La Follette being the only Republican who voted in the affirmative with the Democrats.

Explaining that he desired a rate of duty on common crockeryware which would reduce its cost to the consumer, Mr. Bacon offered another amendment to reduce the rate from 55 per cent. ad valorem, as it stood in the bill to 40 per cent. After considerable debate the amendment was voted down—fifty to twenty-seven.

* * *

Scott Pleads For Protection.

When the glass schedule was reached, Mr. Scott made a plea for protection of the glass industry. Taking from his desk one piece of glassware after another and holding them up in full view of the Senate, Mr. Scott gave an object lesson in the cheapness of labor in Europe.

"Here," he said, "is a half-gallon pitcher we sell for 90 cents a dozen. They sell at retail for about 40 cents apiece."

Senators and visitors in the galleries craned their necks to see the sample held aloft by Mr. Scott.

"Here again," he said, "is a tumbler. When I first went into the glass business this tumbler retailed at $2.50 a dozen. Now we sell it for 11 cents a dozen, less than I sell apiece. Here is one dish to be bought in any store for 70 cents a dozen. If we keep on we will soon be paying people to carry this glassware away. Here is another goblet that formerly sold for $3 a dozen, and which now under protection sells at 25 cents a dozen."

Then, holding up a piece of an eleven-story building, Mr. Scott said it was the business place of a wholesaler and retailer of glassware, and he added that the man who owned the building had made more money than all the glass manufacturers.

Mr. Newlands suggested the appointment of some kind of official body to inquire into and report concerning the differences in wholesale and retail prices so that Congress might have proper information.

* * *

Flint Gives Illustration.

Saying he had much information to illustrate the great difference in wholesale and retail prices, Senator Flint said he had in mind an instance of a set of Haviland china costing to import $5.71 with 40 cents packing charges, 85 cents custom and $4.08 duty, making in all $10.89, which retailed for $36. He instanced another case of an article costing 41 cents to import which retailed for $3.50. Those, he said, were the prices in the great department stores of the East, and in the Northwest States the prices were increased 50 per cent.

"Fifty per cent. more," said Mr Hale.

"Yes, 50 per cent. in addition to those large prices," replied Mr. Flint.

Senator Smoot made another contribution to the fund of information concerning extortionate prices. He cited a case of a razor, the manufacturers' wholesale price on which was $3.96 a dozen, which sold for $2 each. A woman's glove, he said, manufactured for $7.40 per dozen sold for $2 per pair or $24 a dozen. These high prices, he said, had nothing to do with the protective tariff because compared with the retail price the tariff charge was small.

* * *

Asks About Agreements.

Senator Fletcher inquired whether there were not agreements between the manufacturers and the jobbers and later between the jobber and the retailer to sell at stipulated prices.

"I have been in the manufacturing glass for forty years," declared Mr. Scott indignantly, "and I never knew of any such contract or agreement to maintain the price." He added that "we should not be too hard on the jobber and retailer." He said there was great breakage in glassware, charges for packing, etc., which ran the prices up.

"Prices can be produced here to show," said Mr. Flint, "that the retail merchants make a larger percentage of profit than in any other line of business. I undertake to say that if there was no duty on Haviland china that article would sell no cheaper than it does to-day."

Mr. McLaurin defended the retail dealers against the charge of extortion, saying retailers would lose their trade if they undertook to charge too much. He said the high prices result from the tariff.

Mr. Lodge said that tea selling at 16 cents a pound in this country is retailed throughout the land for 60 cents a pound.

Mr. McLaurin insisted that a tariff of 10 cents a pound on tea would increase the price of tea to that extent.

* * *

Tillman Jars Republicans.

"Why do you Republicans deny that?" inquired Mr. Tillman in a loud, rasping voice. "when you have been telling the people you will not place any burden on their tea. The Senator from Iowa the other day said you dared not put any duty on it."

Mr. Tillman, addressing himself to Senator Hale, asked whether, if he believed the duty on tea would not increase the price, he would join him in voting for a 10-cent duty on tea.

"We have an infant tea industry down in South Carolina," continued Mr. Tillman, "and I want to know whether the Senator from Maine will join me to protect it. I will assist because I want protection for that infant industry in South Carolina."

"If the Senator will be a little less boisterous," interrupted Mr. Hale, "I will try to answer him."

"Why should you ask me to be less boisterous," retorted Mr. Tillman, "when some other Senators have been high-horsing around here as if they were in a circus?"

Mr. McLaurin chided the Republicans with having abandoned the theory that the foreigner pays the tax, and asked to know who did pay the tax if the duty did not raise the price.

* * *

Lodge To the Rescue.

Mr. Lodge insisted that the destruction of American manufacturing would result in the destruction of a corresponding portion of the world's competition and made the point that even under free trade the prices of commodities would not be reduced in the long run.

Mr. Cummins offered several amendments to the window-glass schedule saying they were intended to prevent in the future any combination among manufacturers or others in that industry from putting up prices. He said at this time the domestic price of such glass is less than the duty added to the cost of manufacturing the product so that competition was fixing the price to the consumer.

An animated colloquy occurred between the Iowa Senator and Senator William Alden Smith. Mr. Smith declaring that the Senator from Iowa was in a position to make good a campaign promise to reduce the customs duties which he did not feel under obligation to do.

"I voted for the Dingley bill," said Mr. Smith, "and I have no apology to make for that vote. The Senator from Iowa, fearing some possible combination among glass manufacturers in the future, wishes to bring the foreign manufacturer a little nearer his American competitor and I do not."

Without acting on the window-glass schedule the Senate adjourned.

HOPES TO SAVE

Money On the Purchase of Horses For Army.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL HAS HIT ON NEW SYSTEM.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY WINS CASE BEFORE COMMISSION.

RATES HELD REASONABLE.

Washington, May 11.—[Special.]—The Quartermaster General is preparing a new system for supplying the army with horses. He believes that by this system he will be able to effect a material saving in the number of animals periodically condemned as unfit for use by mounted troops. This will be brought about by having horses purchased in the first instance by cavalry officers, acting individually.

The horses thus acquired it is purposed to send to the army remount depots, one of which has been established at Fort Reno, Oklahoma. Another is to be established at Fort Keogh, Montana. At these places the horses will be broken in and trained for service with cavalry and field artillery, one of the features of such work being to accustom the animals to stand while fire arms are discharged. From these depots the horses will be sent out as required. In this way the mounted troops will have fresh, young trained animals, which are expected to last longer than the horses purchased under contract and trained for service without uniformity.

* * *

Railroad Is Victorious.

In the case of DeCamp Brothers against the Southern Railway, the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day held that the defendants' rate for the transportation of pig iron in carloads from Sheffield, Ala., to points in Kansas not unreasonable.

The commission says: "Because a delivering carrier sees fit to state that it will protect a rate made by its competitor, but fails to do so, the commission cannot hold that such lower rate is necessarily unreasonable. It will take some other evidence in order to justify the commission in holding an existing rate unreasonable than the mere statement two years ago of one of the connecting carriers that it will protect a rate made by one of its competitors."

* * *

Find Against Railroads.

In a decision promulgated to-day by the Interstate Commerce Commission it was held, in the case of the Indiana Steel and Wire Company against the Rock Island Railway Company and others, that the complainant's plants at Kokomo and Muncie, Ind., were being discriminated against on shipments of wire and wire products, particularly to Arkansas common points. The plants at Muncie and Kokomo are in what is known as Cincinnati territory. The commission holds "that the different rates, fares and regulations made to apply to Chicago territory and to Cincinnati territory created discriminations, preferences, prejudices and disadvantages as between Chicago territory and Cincinnati territory, and particularly between the plants at Muncie and Kokomo, Ind., Rockford, Waukegan, Janesville and Milwaukee, in Chicago territory, and the plants located at Muncie and Kokomo, in Cincinnati territory. These discriminations, preferences, prejudices and disadvantages are found to be undue and unjust, and are hereby condemned."

The defendant lines are ordered by the commission to establish, by July 1, the same rules, rates and regulations regarding the shipment of all wire and wire products from points in the Cincinnati territory to Arkansas common points as are in force from Chicago territory, and to maintain those rates and regulations for a period of at least two years.

Prepare To Guard Taft Home.

Preparations are being made by the secret service for the guarding of President Taft's summer home at Beverly Cove, Mass., while the President is there this summer.

W. H. Moran, assistant chief of the secret service, had a conference to-day with Secretary of the Navy George von L. Meyer, whose summer home is at Hamilton, near by. Mr. Moran sought information regarding the approaches to the house so that a proper secret service detail may be assigned to fully guard the President during his vacation. The usual custom of having the President's house guarded every hour of the day and night will be carried out.

* * *

Public Hearing To Be Held.

The Interstate Commerce Commission will give a public hearing on the proposed uniform code of demurrage rules at the offices of the commission in this city June 4 and 5. Tentatively a code of rules has been adopted, but it is the desire of the committee which drafted the regulations to have the benefit of the advice of both railroad and shipping experts on the subject before the rules are formulated permanently.

Persons interested in the rules will have the privilege of presenting their views either orally or in the form of briefs. The rules, as finally agreed upon, will be submitted to the next annual session of the National Association of Railway Commissioners.

* * *

Capt. Kirkman's Death.

Capt. Jackson Kirkman, of Bolivar, Tenn., a clerk in the pension office, this city, died here to-day. Capt. Kirkman was one of the group of officers known as "the immortal six hundred" who, as prisoners of war, were placed under Confederate fire on an island, near Charleston, S. C., by the Union army as a measure of retaliation. Capt. Kirkman served under Gen. John H. Morgan, enlisting when only 15 years old. The interment will take place in Bolivar.

* * *

Contested Election Case.

One of the few contested election cases before the House is that of Parsons vs. Saunders, from the Fifth Virginia district. The testimony was opened at the office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to-day. Saunders was elected by about 200 majority. Parsons claims the seat largely by reason of the Virginia Legislature's "gerrymander."

Bank Examiner Resigns.

The Controller of the Currency to-day announced the resignation of Harrison Nesbit, national bank examiner in charge of the Pittsburg and Cleveland districts. Mr. Nesbit was also chairman of the bank examiners' district No. 4, which includes the States of Ohio, West Virginia and all of Pennsylvania, outside of Philadelphia. Mr. Nesbit has been elected first vice president of the Bank of Pittsburg and also a member of the board of directors.

Mr. Nesbit was formerly the assistant solicitor of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

* * *

Follows Up Taft's Suggestion.

Senator Depew to-day introduced a bill for the relief of the Civil Government of Porto Rico in the manner suggested by President Taft in a special message sent to Congress yesterday. It is expected a meeting of the Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico will be held at an early date in order to procure indorsement of the proposed legislation and that action will be taken by Congress at the present session.

* * *

Kentucky Postmasters.

Postmasters have been appointed for Kentucky as follows: Akuesville, Monroe county, Hiram J. Silvy, vice C. R. Gum, resigned; Armstrong, Carter county, Andrew M. Lange, vice N. G. Armstrong, resigned; Halsey, Whitley county, Sheridan R. Carroll, vice C. G. Petrie, resigned; Humble, Russell county, H. F. Barnard, vice W. L. Simmons, resigned; Mount Hermon, Monroe county, Elmer McCreary, vice J. J. Comer, resigned; Park, Berren county, Carl J. Zeutschel, vice J. F. McGlassen, resigned.

YESTERDAY'S REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

M. J. Myrtle to Maude Webster, 25 feet, south side of Burnett, east of McCloskey ..... $ 1

Mary Crawford to H. H. Steger, 30 feet, south side of Preston Court.. 1

Josie Wolfe to M. B. Weller, 30 feet, north side of St. Catherine, west of Eighth 1,300

W. P. Robison to Fred Shubach, lot in Lenox 1

A. A. Spieth to J. P. Edwards, lot in Beechmont 1

M. F. Montgomery to Fred Weikel, 20 feet, east side of Tenth, south of Magnolia 1

T. R. Coleman to Eliza Beck, 25 feet, south side of Madison, west of Sixteenth 1

A. C. Krieger to E. C. Catterson, lot in Dulaney Place..... 1

W. R. Belknap to F. G. Von Roehn, 25 feet, north side of Market, west of Thirtieth 1

Magd. Groop to D. F. Dowd, 30 feet, east side of Twentieth, north of Chestnut 1

West Moreland Land Company to Nannie C. Helm, two lots in West Moreland Place 1

C. M. Winter to C. G. Birdwell, one acre 1

O. Anderson to Alice Osborn, tract in county 1

Charles Scoggan to C. T. Ray, five acres 1

C. T. Ray to Mary L. Jones, 5 acres 1

L. J. Brewer to Fred Weikel, 20 feet, east side of Tenth, south of Magnolia 1

M. D. Chapman to W. G. Thomas, 30 feet, west side of First, south of Barbee 1

Z. P. Grimes to S. H. Calhoun, 26 feet, west side of Ninth, south of Magnolia 1

Alice Osborn to O. Anderson, 25 feet, south side of Milton, west of Hickory 1

Kate Shackelford to J. W. Glore, 25 feet, northwest side of Hamilton avenue 1

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended May 11 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Tem.	Pre.	Stations.	Tem.	Pre.
Abilene	84	.00	Marquette	64	.00
Amarillo	84	.00	Memphis	68	.00
Atlanta	72	.00	Modena	54	.00
Bismarck	74	.00	Montgomery	74	.00
Cairo	64	.00	Nashville	68	.00
Cincinnati	62	.00	New Orleans	74	.00
Charlotte	68	.00	New York	60	.04
Chattanooga	68	.00	North Platte	86	.00
Chicago	58	.00	Oklahoma	74	.00
C'p'n Christi	72	.06	Omaha	74	.01
Davenport	64	.00	Palestine	76	.00
Dodge	80	.00	Pittsburg	58	.00
El Paso	84	.00	San Antonio	80	.00
Fort Smith	72	.00	Shreveport	72	.00
Galveston	72	.00	St. Louis	64	.00
Indianapolis	62	.00	St. Paul	62	.00
Jacksonville	76	.00	Vicksburg	74	.00
Kansas City	68	.00	Washington	66	.00
Little Rock	68	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

Local Forecast—Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy and warmer.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, May 11, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.24	30.15
Temperature	48	61
Dew point	37	57
Relative humidity	74	49
Wind velocity	8	S
State of weather	Clear	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, May 11, 1909.	
Maximum temperature	63
Minimum temperature	41
Mean temperature	52
Normal temperature	65
Departure for day	—12
Departure for month	—42
Departure since March 1	—33
Prevailing winds	N W
Mean barometer	30.20
Mean relative humidity	57
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.09
Departure for day	—.09
Departure for month	—.02
Departure since March 1	+2.53

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was slowly falling last night. The stages were 10 feet 9 inches on the falls, 13 feet 1 inch in the canal and 37 feet 4 inches below the locks. Business on the levee was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Tell City, Capt. Anderson, for Evansville at 4 p. m.... Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Indiana, Capt. Brennan, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton....Hanover, Capt. Kay, to Madison....Lena May, Capt. Kay, from and to Tyrone....Tell City, Capt. Anderson, from Evansville.

DRIFTWOOD.

The popular lower river packet Tell City will depart from the wharfboat at the foot of Fourth avenue at 4 o'clock this afternoon, taking passengers and freight for Owensboro, Evansville and all lower Ohio and Green River points. M. J. Connelly is her agent....The Lena May was in and out from the Kentucky River yesterday with good consignments both ways. She leaves on her next trip Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock....The Hanover returned to Madison yesterday with a fair manifest. ....The Charley Brown arrived from the upper river yesterday with a tow of coal. She returned last night to Pittsburg with empties....The J. N. Williams cleared for New Orleans late last night with a big tow of Pittsburg coal....The Indiana will be the packet for Cincinnati to-day and will leave from the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m....Capt. Will Devan, of the United States Life-saving Station, left yesterday for Martinsville, Ind., where he will take the baths for rheumatism. Capt. Devan has been ill for some time, but he has improved sufficiently to make the trip to Martinsville....Will Maurer, pilot of the steamer City of Cincinnati, who returned to work after being ill for several weeks of typhoid fever, has suffered a relapse, and has been forced to go to his home at Newport, Ky.....Capt. Oscar Barrett, the well-known towboat man, has just purchased a $2,000 home in Cincinnati. Capt. Barrett is interested in the Louisville and Cincinnati Packet Company, besides being at the head of the Barrett Towboat Company. He is an ardent supporter of the Ohio River improvements....The New Orleans Picayune of yesterday says: "Capt. Joseph M. Gibbons, president of Crescent City Harbor, No. 18, American Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots, is the fortunate one who has been selected to pilot the battleship Mississippi on her trip to Natchez and return, he having received notice of his appointment last evening. Capt. Gibbons, although a comparative young man, is one of the most experienced pilots on the Mississippi River, and generally acknowledged one of the best. He has piloted most of the warships that have gone up the river in recent years, the last having been the President's yacht Mayflower, on her trop to Vicksburg last year. Having always made good in his assignments with Uncle Sam, he is said to stand in high favor with the Navy Department, and that he should have been the one assigned to direct the navigation of the Mississippi on her unusual voyage will be no surprise to the steamboat men. His numerous friends along the river will be pleased to learn of the honor conferred upon him."

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, May 11.—[Special.]—With the rivers now below a coal-shipping stage and the packets out on their regular trips there is little of interest along the rivers in this section. Spring repairs are occupying much of the time on the various new boats, but aside from new shafts and other little improvements there is not much work going on. The stage at Davis Island dam to-night was 7.6 feet and at Freeport 7.1 feet. The rivers have been falling all day, and will be low for the summer months. The Monongahela River is falling slowly, with 3.5 feet in the channel at Brownsville at 6 p. m. to-day. Business is dull.

Cincinnati, May 11.—[Special.]—The Ohio River fell 0.3 feet to-day, with 5.2 feet in the canal at the Davis Island dam. The weather was clear and warm. The Kanawha River is falling slowly, with 3.5 feet in the channel at Kanawha Falls at 6 p. m. to-day. The Monongahela River is falling slowly, with 3.5 feet in the channel at Brownsville at 6 p. m. to-day. Business is dull.

Wheeling, May 11.—River 9.9 feet, falling. Clear.

Point Pleasant, May 11.—River 15.5 feet, falling. Rain.

Cincinnati, May 11.—[Special.]—River 32.4 feet, falling. Fair and warmer. Arrivals: Greenland from Pomeroy; Courier from Maysville; Chilo from Chilo; City of Cincinnati from Louisville. Departures: Greenland for Pomeroy; Courier for Maysville; Chilo for Chilo; City of Cincinnati for Louisville. The Valiant passed up from Louisville to Pittsburg with empties. The Winifreda arrived with a tow of Kanawha coal. She will lay up at Hatfield harbor a few days for repairs. The Hefen White passed up with empties for Pittsburg. The Lola will arrive to-morrow with a tow of timber.

Madison, May 11.—[Special.]—River 30.5 feet, falling. The Charles Brown down with coal. Clear and pleasant.

Evansville, May 11.—The Ohio River, which has been rising here for the past week or ten days, came to a stand last night and this morning registered 35.6 feet. The river will probably start to fall by to-night or Wednesday morning. It will take two or three weeks for the bottom farmers to finish breaking for corn and in some sections it is feared that planting will have to be abandoned. It is believed that wheat in the lowlands overflowed will be seriously damaged.

Cairo, May 11.—River 42.1 feet, a rise of three-tenths of a foot. Fair and cool. Departed: Alice Brown, St. Louis, 7 p. m.

Memphis, May 11.—[Special.]—River 32 feet on the gauge, a rise of two-tenths of a foot in twenty-four hour. The J. N. Harbin departed at 5 p. m. for Arkansas River with a good trip.

Investigating an Accident.

Evansville, Ind., May 11.—[Special.]—Expert witnesses were before United States Commissioner J. W. Wartmann here to-day to be examined about the accident to the steamer Samuel which ran into a raft log near Calhoun, Ky., last winter and killed four men. Capt. T. H. Johnson, owner of the boat has suits for $40,000 pending against him growing out of the accident. The purpose of the testimony to-day was to show whether or not the navigation laws had been violated.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, May 11.—Arrived: Steamer Kroonland, Antwerp. Sailed: Hamburg, Naples; Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen; Potsdam, Rotterdam; Regina d'Italia, Genoa; Indiana, Genoa; Lituania, Libau.

Boston, May 11.—Arrived: Bosnia, Hamburg.

Gibraltar, May 11.—Arrived: Steamer Neckar, New York for Naples and Genoa, and proceeded.

Fastnet, May 11.—Steamer Ivernia, Boston for Queenstown and Liverpool, 10½ miles west at 2:30 p. m. to-day; reach Queenstown about 11:30 p. m.

Marseilles, May 10.—Arrived: Perugia, New York.

New York, May 11.—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm II., New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Trieste, May 6.—Sailed: Alberta, Philadelphia.

Bordeaux, May 8.—Sailed: Steamer California, New York.

Marseilles, May 8.—Sailed: Steamer Roma, New York.

Lizard, May 11.—Steamer Majestic, New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton, 204 miles west at 9 p. m. to-day; reach Plymouth 12:30 p. m. Wednesday.

Copenhagen, May 11.—Arrived: Steamer United States, New York via Christiansand.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS

REPRESENTING ABOUT TWENTY STATES OF THE UNION.

Begin Convention At The Seelbach To-day—Pay High Compliment To University of Louisville.

The American Confederation of Licensing, Reciprocating and Examining Boards, representing about twenty States, will meet in annual session at The Seelbach at 10 o'clock to-day. This confederation is composed of the medical examining boards of the States represented in it and which have legal control of the practice of medicine and examine students for certificates that will enable them to conform to the laws of any State. The purpose of this convention is to arrive at definite conclusions as to the extent of education that should be required to admit a student to a medical college; the number of years he should attend and the curriculum for each year; also the equipment that a medical college should possess and the character of teachers that will justify the board in recognizing the school as reputable, so that the graduates may apply for examination and registration.

Another object is to adopt uniform requirements in all the States of the country so that a graduate from any school may apply for registration in any State under the same requirements. Again, when this is accomplished, it is the purpose to establish a reciprocity between the different States, so that a physician who has obtained his certificate upon examination in one State may, upon the presentation of this certificate to another State, be allowed to practice medicine without being subjected to a further examination.

This confederation is doing excellent work because of the fact its members represent the legal authority that permits a physician to practice medicine. Schools are compelled to elevate the standard in every way. The work these men are doing has been shown in recent consolidation of all the schools of Louisville into one thoroughly equipped school, and with an abundance of well-trained teachers.

The president of the board, Dr. Spurgeon, of Indiana; the secretary, Dr. Harrison, of Detroit, and Dr. Avord, of Michigan, examined the medical department of the University of Louisville yesterday and expressed themselves as being delighted with the equipment of the school and the character of the work that is being done. They believe that Louisville is now more than prepared to maintain its reputation as a great medical teaching center, which fact has made it famous for nearly a century.

LESLIE BAER MISSING FROM FATHER'S HOME.

It was reported to Lieut. Montfort last night that Leslie Baer, a night watchman for tobacco rehandlers, had been missing from his home at 2818 Fifth street, since Sunday morning. His mother, Mrs. Lula Baer, and his father, Hatcher Baer, a machinist, are greatly worried and are at a loss to account for the young man's sudden disappearance.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—5 lots for $500; they are pretty as can be and lie 200 ft. of Second-st. car line; worth double the money. TERRY & TICE, Paul Jones bldg. *

FOR SALE—Houses 1827, 1829 and 1833 Ferndale ave. Inquire at 433 S. Third.

FOR SALE—MISCELANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—One direct connected engine and generator, built by Ridgeway Engine and Dynamo Co., Ridgeway, Pa.; rating of engine, 140 H. P.; cylinder, 15x15 in., 250 revolutions; 100 lbs. steam pressure, rating of generator, 100 kilowatts, 500 amperes, 125 volts, direct current, floor space 10 ft. 6 inches by 12 ft.; generator is of Thompson-Ryan design and will operate from no load to full load without shifting of brushes; the set has been in use only 22 months; field rheostat furnished with generator. Address COURIER-JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky. *

FOR SALE — Saloon business in Louisville, on prominent corner, with good trade. Bargain if sold quick. Good reasons for selling. Address J. LEWIS, Enterprise Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—Vaudeville and picture show doing good business in Granite City, Ill., seating 350; population 15,000. J. B. PARKER, Manager O. T. Crawford Film Exchange, Louisville, Ky. *

FOR SALE—Owing to financial troubles, will sacrifice my new 60 h.-p. automobile; has never been used. Address C 69, this office. *

FOR SALE—Coal and coke; cut-rate prices. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones.

FOR SALE—Cheap, good work mule, especially suitable for farm work. C. S. TABB, 211 North Fifteenth st. *

FOR SALE—Onyx soda fountain; 12 syrups; oak top; base; counter; cheap. Address M 104, this office. *

FOR SALE—Shetland pony; gentle; suitable for children. CLAUD SHARP, Corydon, Ind. Both phones. *

FOR SALE—300-lb. ice box for grocery or dairy. Apply 4314 W. Chestnut.

FOR SALE—Full-blooded collie bitch; 2 years old. Apply 3420 W. Madison. *

FOR SALE—Machine shop, in good location. Address Y 50, this office. *

about stationary for twenty-four hours. The Monongahela River mines are turning out a big coal product and it is expected that heavy shipments will be made as soon as the rivers rise again.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free

1879 Kaufman-Straus Co. 1909

INCORPORATED.

A Great Commemoration Sale!

Wednesday, the 12th of May, marks the thirtieth birthday of the house of KAUFMAN-STRAUS COMPANY. It is a great day in our history. It stands for

Thirty Years of Serving the Public Faithfully.
Thirty Years of Fair Dealing With One and All Alike.
Thirty Years of Conscientious Endeavor.
Thirty Years of Prosperity Under the Same Management.
Thirty Years of Living Up To the Highest Standards.

As a well-deserved tribute to the confidence and loyalty bestowed on us by the people of Louisville and as a fitting recognition of this occasion, we have arranged a special commemoration sale which, from a value-giving standpoint, will eclipse anything of the kind ever undertaken by this concern.

In many instances goods are offered at prices much under those which merchants pay for them. AND ANOTHER THING: Each item offered will be fully up to the high standard of excellence that identifies this house. MOREOVER, values will be found exactly as represented. FURTHERMORE, there will be enough of everything to go round. Come and participate in the celebration.

Most Wonderful Sale of Genuine South African Ostrich Plumes.

These are the lowest prices we have ever quoted on such high-grade goods. The feathers were all plucked from wild, hardy male birds in South Africa, which are recognized as producing the finest feathers in the world.

These plumes will be admired more for their width and elegant quality than their length.

14-inch Plumes, in black and white; our regular $3.00 quality; this sale

$1.65

18-inch Plumes, in black and white; our regular $7.50 quality; this sale

$4.25

17-inch Plumes, in black and white; regular $5.00 and $6.00 qualities; this sale

$3.25

19-inch Plumes, in black and white; regular $9.00 and $10.00 qualities; this sale

$5.25

All regular $4.00 and $4.50 lines in black, white and colors reduced for this sale only—

$2.50

All broken lines of Black, White and Colored Plumes that sold at $1.75 and $2; this sale

$1.15

Ready-to-Wear Garments: Big Values

For this sale we offer the most wonderful concessions ever made in ready-to-Wear Garments. The qualities are all very good and the prices are more than remarkable.

High-grade Tailored Suits, made in the best selling style of the season. They are the product of one of the leading factories of the country, splendidly tailored and finished. The coats are all lined with taffeta. The materials are assorted and the colors are all the fashionable shades of the season. Plain and fancy weaves, including black. These Suits are regular $30.00 goods. For this sale

$14.95

Pure Linen Tailored Waists, tucked all across front with ½-inch tucks; laundered collar and cuffs. Made in the highest class style. This is a regular $3.75 value. This sale

$1.69

Exquisite Lingerie Waists, made of soft, sheer lawn. Trimmed with seven rows of Irish lace in front, six rows in back, three on either sleeve running up and down with pin tucks between. Regular $4.50 values—

$1.89

Bargains in Leather Bags.

500 guaranteed genuine Leather Shopping and Carriage Bags, newest style handles, some with inside purses. They come in black, brown, tan, green, blue and red and are beautifully made. All regular $1.00 and $1.50 goods..... **47c**

100 genuine Mat Seal and other Leather Shopping and Carriage Bags, the finest qualities procurable, combined with the best workmanship. Come in black and colors. $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 values..... **$3.39**

Corset Special--A Marvelous Value.

This is undoubtedly the greatest value our Corset Department has ever offered.

J. B.
Model 25
Regular Price $3.50
This Sale
$1.49

There are only 35 dozen of these Corsets and they will go fast. They are made in the latest spring model, medium bust, long all round, giving the perfect flattening effect.

Fitted with two pairs of rubber button hose supporters. Made of the finest batiste, boned throughout with best French horn. An inspection will prove what a remarkable bargain it really is.

Laces and Embroideries.

The Most Wonderful Values Ever Quoted in This Class of Goods.

For this sale we have prepared an assortment of values that are almost beyond belief. This is made possible on account of our being large importers with unequaled facilities for advantageous buying.

10,000 Dozen Valenciennes Laces at About Half Price.

German and Square-mesh Valenciennes Laces and Insertings; narrow, medium and wider patterns; one of the most desirable articles at the present time; offered at this sale at less than importer's prices. Don't miss this opportunity; it is worth your while. Sold by the piece only.

Allover Embroideries and Waist Fronts,
50c, 75c and $1.00 qualities

29c

Real Hand-made Crochet Laces. Wonderful Bargain.

The identical work as the Real Irish; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9-inch Edgings and Insertings, which, under ordinary conditions, would sell for from 50c to $3.00 per yard, are offered in this sale as one of the greatest bargains ever offered. For this sale they are marked 10c to 50c yard.

Corset Cover Flouncings, 18 Inches Wide,
30c, 40c and 50c qualities

19c

15,000 Yards of Embroidered Edgings and Insertings,

12½c, 15c and 20c VALUES

7½c

These are worked on excellent Cambric and Swiss, in very desirable patterns. Sold in any length wished.

A Very Deep Cut in Real Laces.

Such as Rose Point, Venise and Duchess Point.

Lace Robes and Spangled Robes.

During this sale we shall make a special reduction of 33⅓ per cent.

Real Laces marked $3.00 at.....$ 2.00
$15.00 Robes for this sale.....$10.00
Real Laces marked $15.00 at.....$10.00
$50.00 Robes for this sale.....$33.50

and so on in every article in the department, regardless of how desirable, making this a commemoration sale Louisville will remember.

Wonderful Bargains In Art Needlework.

The prices quoted on these goods are the most remarkable ever made on this class of goods. The savings are enormous.

German Cluny Lace Centers.

Round and Square Designs.

Size.	18-in.	24-in.	30-in.	36-in.
Regular price	50c	75c	$1.00	$1.50
Special price	35c	49c	75c	98c

Chinese Hand-Embroidered Centers and Scarfs on Chinese Grass Linen

At Half Regular Prices.

Size.	20-in.	24-in.	27-in.	30-in.	33-in.
Regular price....	$5.00	$6.00	$7.00	$8.00	$9.00
Special price....	$2.50	$3.00	$3.50	$4.00	$4.50

Scarfs.

Size.	20x36	20x45	20x54	20x63	20x72
Regular price...	$7.50	$9.00	$10.50	$12.00	$13.50
Special price...	$3.75	$4.50	$5.25	$6.00	$6.75

Crepe Paper, all colors, 10-foot rolls; regular price 7c. Special price, this sale, per roll, 4c.

Wonderful Bargains in Silks and Satins

These goods, at these prices, are the most sensational values ever offered in high-quality Silks in this part of the country. They are for this sale only, and cannot be duplicated afterward.

1,000 yards of Black Granite Chiffon Taffeta, 19 inches wide, beautiful finish. This quality is guaranteed and is regular 85c grade. Special price, this sale

49c

Colored Satin Tetrazzini, 36 inches wide, in gray, gold, plum, old rose, catawba, Copenhagen blue and lavender. Beautiful quality; regular $1.50 grade. Special price, this sale

$1.09

Striped Taffeta Suitings, 19 inches wide, in the new, up-to-date colorings. Regular price 85c. Special price, this sale

58c

1,200 yards Striped and Checked Marquisettes, in pink, ciel, blue, tan, helio, maize, apricot, ivory, cream and black and white; $1.25 grade. Special price this sale

59c

Striped Messalines, 20 inches wide, in blue, brown, navy, olive, old rose, wistaria and gray. Splendid for dresses and suits. Regularly $1.00. Special price, this sale

69c

Satin Messaline de Paris, 19 inches wide; in all shades and white and black. Regular price 85c. Special price, this sale

59c

Marquisettes and Chiffons in stripes, figures and polkadots; in navy and white, black and white, green and white, Copenhagen and white, etc. All silk, 45 inches wide. Reduced from $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 yard—

89c

Note These Bargains in Gloves

Three items in Gloves that are marvelous bargains for this sale, pair, 25c.

200 dozen Kayser's Lisle Gloves in tans, grays and black and white. Sizes 5 to 8½; regular 50c goods. Also 1,500 pairs of Double-tipped Silk Gloves, in black and white; sizes 5 to 8½. The very best and most desirable 50c Glove in the land. Special in this sale, pair..... **25c**

350 pairs All-silk Open-mesh Gloves, in black and white. These are regular 75c goods; in this sale, pair..... **25c**

Bargains in Colored Dress Goods

For this sale we have arranged an enormous quantity of high-grade, desirable dress fabrics in four lots at prices which make them wonderful bargains. It will prove an opportunity seldom equaled.

1,000 yards of Dress Goods in stripes, checks and plaids, in a beautiful line of combination colorings. Suitable for waists, skirts and dresses for women or misses. These are all regular 50c goods; for this sale, yard

19c

25 pieces of Dress Goods, including tailor suitings and fabrics for dressy dresses. The assortment contains the newest shadings and latest styles. Nothing worth less than $1.50 per yard and many pieces sell regularly for $2.50. For this sale only they are offered at, yard

98c

1,000 yards English Sicilian, 50 inches wide; in navy, brown, green, light and dark gray. Has a beautiful, permanent luster, suitable for outing purposes as well as regular wear. This is our regular 75c quality; this sale, yard

39c

750 yards Shadow-stripe Satin Prunellas; 44 inches wide; pure wool. This is one of the season's best selling fabrics. Comes in taupe, wistaria, Volga green, Russian blue, tan, cedar, Ethel rose and navy; together with many other shades. Our regular $1.25 quality; this sale

69c

Footwear; Remarkable Values at $2.95.

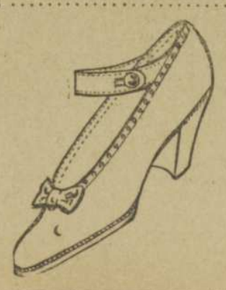
For this sale we offer three of the most remarkable values in High-class Footwear we have ever presented. These goods are all very stylish; are strictly first grade, and, at the price, are great bargains.

Patent Colt One and Two-eyelet Street Ties, welt soles, 1¾-in. Cuban heels. Easily converted into walking pumps by replacing the ribbon tie with leather bow to match. These are regular $4.00 goods **$2.95**

Black Castor Suede 2-Eyelet Ties

Leather, Cuban heels, square edge, turn soles, wide ribbon laces. Regular $4.00 goods; special, this sale,

$2.95



Cuban Heel Turn-sole Ankle-strap Pumps

In black, castor and taupe gray Suede, with leather bow to match. Regular $4.00 goods; special

$2.95

Black Dress Goods: Great Values.

For this sale we have collected an enormous quantity of High-grade Black Dress Goods at astonishingly low prices. They are divided into three assortments, and are on sale during this sale at prices which hardly represent their regular cost to us.

300 yards Pure Silk and Wool Eoliennes and Voiles, 44 inches wide and are in a variety of beautiful designs. They are most correct for dressy gowns. Regular $1.50 and $2 values. Special price, this sale

59c

Fine grade Pure All-wool Storm Serge, sponged and shrunken; 38 inches wide; regular 65c value; together with Pure Wool Nun's Veiling, 38 inches wide; regular 65c quality. Special price, this sale

43c

English Sicilian Mohair, 44 inches wide, rich silk luster; All-wool Striped Satin Liberty, 44 inches wide, a big fad; All-wool Taffeta, 45 inches wide, splendid for general wear; All-wool Clay Worsted, 45 inches wide, correct weight for tailored gowns. These items worth $1.00 to $1.25 per yard—

69c

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

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All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 12, 1909

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, May 11.—After ruling fairly active and firm during the early trading, the New York stock market became strong and active and closed with fractional gains all through the list and a few substantial gains.

Money on call was steady at 1½ to 2 per cent., ruling at 2. Time loans were fairly active and firm at 2¾ to 2¾. Sterling exchange was steady.

The Chicago wheat market ruled strong on damage reports from Kansas and Nebraska, closing 1⅝c to 1¾c net higher. Corn, oats and provisions closed strong.

The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 3 to 4 points, and developed considerable buoyancy, closing 13 to 30 points net higher.

The Chicago cattle, hog and sheep markets were steady.

Lessons From France.

Looking over toward France and contemplating the grave situation that looms up in that country, the New York World comments:

"No Government could long subsist that abandoned its authority and turned over to its employes control of the machinery for their own selfish purposes. It would soon degenerate into class rule by the rabble of greedy placeholders, without regard for that balance of power and responsibility upon which free and representative governments must rest. There must be discipline to insure orderly and efficient administration in behalf of the public. It is the infallible weakness of a system where, as in France, the Government service encroaches so far upon the rightful field of private enterprise that the Government should be at the mercy of political agitators who incite its employes to assume undue privileges and powers at the expense of the people they are paid to serve. And the further that system is extended the greater the risks for truly democratic government."

And, yet, there are so-called thinkers in the United States who would convert our Government into a great manufacturing, transportation, telephone and telegraph concern; who would erect a communism instead of a republic; who would bring about a situation of dual danger by having the individuals swallowed up in the mechanism of the Government and by placing the mechanism of the Government at the mercy of individuals.

Aside from certain public works of a peculiar nature, a Government should not dabble in business enterprises. Business, industry, manufacturing and all such kindred things should be left for individuals to work at, that citizens may profit according to their several abilities, ambitions, energies and pluck. The Government should occupy itself in the safeguarding of the rights of those individuals; in passing or rejecting laws; in administering relations with foreign nations; in maintaining courts, that justice may be done among all men.

When a Government starts to operating business concerns it is departing from its true field and intruding upon the preserves of the individual. It is enfeebling itself in so doing. It becomes a competitor of individuals. It is taking from individuals an opportunity to gain prosperity.

When an individual employer has a conflict with labor the situation is unfortunate. When a Government gets into a controversy with its armies of industrial employes—a Government which should be all-powerful in enforcing its decrees, whose machinery should be incessant and eternal—the situation is so lamentable in its possibilities of evil and anarchy as to challenge description.

What most nations need is not more Government ownership, but less of it.

The Conviction of Hains.

Capt. Peter C. Hains and his lawyers, after looking over the field, concluded that they would rely upon the plea of insanity as a defense. The jury has paid so little attention to the pretext as to convict the prisoner of manslaughter in the first degree. Unless something interveneS, the Captain must undergo his punishment for killing Annis.

It is comforting to the respecters of law to see the law thus upheld. It is pleasing to observe that here is a jury unshaken by the rigmarole about exaggerated ego, brainstorms and all that. Evidently the jury holds the view that Capt. Hains took a cowardly advantage of Annis, that he was sane before, during and after the act, that he violated the law and that he deserved the penalty imposed by the law.

It is probable that Thornton Jenkins Hains, the brother, who was cleared as an accessory, has not now so high an opinoin of the unwritten law as he boasted upon the conclusion of his own trial. He was going to write a book extolling it. If the outcome of the Captain's trial causes him to throw the manuscript of his threatened volume in the waste basket it will accomplish even more than a vindication of the law; it will save the public from a literary bore.

To Whom It May Concern.

The Courier-Journal desires to supplement what it said the other day touching the local political situation with a few observations of a yet more immediate and personal description.

It feels that, in respect equally to fellowship and justice, it owes the Democrats of Louisville the fullest measure of candor. The individual ambitions of candidates for office, factional quarrels among groups of Democrats, do not concern it. It is just a Democrat, pure and simple, quite dyed in the wool. All things being even as to contests where there is at the fore no distinct issue dividing parties, it still prefers its own dog to the other dog.

It would like to see the Democrats instead of the Republicans, down about the City Hall. But, in the absence of some decisive mark of difference—some clear issue affecting the public welfare—its foremost objective point always good Government—it cannot see why it should whoop things up, or tear its hair, or fail to keep its shirt on, as the saying is, merely because of the label. Assuredly, as a newspaper, it matters no more to it than to other citizens and taxpayers, who occupy the seats of the mighty.

The Democratic party organization in Kentucky—notably here in Louisville—has been mishandled so often and in so many ways, now and again the merest sport and prey of the winds and the waves of all that is selfish and sordid, that the best men find little encouragement to give more than their votes, and sometimes not even these. There seems no leader at once capable, disinterested and having authority. The appeal to the Courier-Journal to take the helm and to steer the bark aright, comes from two classes; either from those who want to use it to their own ends, rejecting counsels inconvenient to themselves; or those who do not know the inside of what is really going on and who mistakenly think that it is the province of a public journal to engage in the work of setting up and running the party machinery.

It is not. If the Democratic party in Louisville lacks sufficient vitality to do its own organizing—if it has not the enterprise and the spirit, the patriotism, the homogeneity and the self-respect, to get together upon some definite line of principle and policy, God help it, for the Courier-Journal cannot.

Hitherto the last decade Democratic leaders have for the most part accepted the lead of the Courier-Journal only when in extremis. Finding themselves in a hole, they have been graciously willing that the Courier-Journal should pull them out. In case of success, the victory was their victory, small thanks to the Courier-Journal. In case of defeat the black eye was ours. Every intelligent Democrat in town and country knows this to be true.

"When things go wrong, charge it to the Courier-Journal," seems to have become the common formula alike of friend and foe. Whilst we are gratified by such obeisance to its solidarity and power as this may imply, and whilst its shoulders are quite broad enough to carry all it takes upon itself to carry, yet, nevertheless there should be mutuality where there is responsibility, and, assuredly, the Courier-Journal will decline responsibility where there is not an issue and a cause wholly public and unselfish, refusing to be party to anything prepared for it, or done in a corner. It has no secrets in its dealings with the people. It has no reserves. It has always spread its hand face upward upon the table, saying to all comers, "beat that, and you beat me."

There is but one issue of real pith and moment now before the people of Kentucky. That is the issue of Prohibition. In our judgment the future of Louisville hangs upon the determination of this; the future of Kentucky Democracy hangs on it. We believe that, whether we go forward or backward, depends upon whether an alliance of fanatical preachers and of cowardly or tricky politicians is permitted to make havoc with a great and vexed economic question, confiscating hundreds of millions of property without compensation, or due process of law, extinguishing many millions of annual revenue without a thought of any alternative, and disarranging the occupations of hundreds of thousands of good citizens, indirectly as well as directly connected with pursuits as old as Kentucky and interlaced with the whole fiscal fabric of the State, in order to carry out a crazy scheme of Prohibition that does not prohibit.

The success of such a scheme of revolution means hard times in Kentucky, ruin to its Metropolis, for years and possibly for ever, to say nothing about its ethical features, introducing evils never known before.

The Courier-Journal has thrown itself into the breach if possible to prevent this crime against public policy and to avert this wrong from private rights. It has met the old charge leveled at Jefferson and Jackson, and every Democrat from Jefferson's time and Jackson's time to this who has fought for individual liberty against sumptuary laws, that it is the attorney of the Rum power and the apostle of disorder preferring drunkenness for its own sake. It has met the charge of immorality and irreligion full in the face. It has met ignorant detraction and coarse abuse. All the while it has had neither part, nor lot with any concrete interest. It has refused even to go into counsel with the parties most concerned. With only the public welfare before it, proceeding as open as the day, it has given reasons for the faith that is in it and for the counsels it is urging upon its fellow Democrats here in Louisville and throughout the State. There is therefore in the Legislative ticket to be put up by the Democrats of this city a straight issue tremendous in its reach and commanding in its character.

It seems that Senator H. S. McNutt is a candidate for re-election, that thus far he has no competitor, and that, if uncontested, he will be nominated. In view of that impendency and whilst there is yet time to prevent its realization, the Courier-Journal is constrained to announce that it will not only not support Senator McNutt, but will oppose any ticket on which his name appears.

Its reasons are two-fold:

First, when Senator McNutt voted for a Republican for United States Senator he separated himself from Democratic fellowship and became an outlaw to the Democratic party of Kentucky.

Second, he represents distinctly and aggressively, the Saloon interest of the City of Louisville, and at a time when out in the State the charge is made that the Democrats of Louisville have abdicated in favor of that interest, his appearance as a Democratic Senator at Frankfort would be confirmation of that accusation.

The Courier-Journal refuses to countenance any such act of suicide. It refuses to be party to any such combine. It is making a brave, honest, unselfish fight for truth as it understands it. It is making a brave, honest, unselfish fight for Democracy as it learned it in its cradle. There shall be not the suspicion of smell, or taint upon its garments; and, if the Democrats of Louisville have not the wisdom to see, and the courage to do, the one thing indispensable to success—that is the naming of a ticket, Municipal and Legislative, which will not only commend itself to the best elements of the community but will warm the heart and appeal to the sense and the judgment of the best Democrats throughout the State—they can count the Courier-Journal out.

It is full time that Democrats should know precisely where they stand, and, as a contribution to that end, the Courier-Journal here announces where it stands.

Kings of the Air.

"Mother, may I go aviate?"
"Yes, yes, my little Claire;
Climb in the basket, sit up straight,
But don't go near the air."
—[Chicago Tribune.

The world is heading toward a new era, the era of aviation. The outcome of our speculations and experiments may presently be read in terms of daily aerial intercourse; the problems are unifying and simplifying themselves, and what was regarded not long since as a futility or, at best, as something of no practical advantage, to-day scarcely arouses so much as a thrill of languid interest.

With the return of the Wright brothers, the center of attraction is shifted from Europe to America, from Le Mans to Dayton; and a certain measure of equilibrium is thus re-established. The fortunes of the land of their birth rest, in this matter of aviation, quite exceptionally on the shoulders of these young men, so simple in their audacity, so unspoilt by their unexampled success; they do not seem to realize that they are turning the world topsy-turvy and that their sensational experiences have opened a vast horizon fraught with vistas the most revolutionary.

It was said to be the mark of a man of the Nineteenth century to carry around with him an air of doubt and depression; to possess only one conviction, and that was that the end of the world might as well happen now as not, that nothing much mattered, and that, as one of them phrased it, there could be nothing left more exciting than nailing down the lids upon a million coffins. After they had disputed the elementary creeds, and found them feeble, flabby and unconvincing, they fell foul of the elementary laws and the fundamental decencies; patriotism was drivel, honor a phantasmagoria, virtue and valor vain things.

It is pleasant and uncommonly refreshing besides to welcome a brace of young revolutionists who believe in doing and refuse to be spoilt; who have that fascinating optimism which comes to the chosen few, who would scoff any doctrine that spelt nonresistance, and who care not at all about dark sayings so they may be busy shedding new light into dark places.

In a sense they belong with the deliverers of man; if they have not saved us from calamities, they have delivered us from the bondage of one of the elements; they have challenged the air as Watts and Stevenson and Fulton challenged fire and water; as the one watched and noted the tea-kettle, so would the Wrights let no bird fly unnoticed. Such men in the beginning are called madmen, later they are known as fakirs, and finally they seem to be inspired.

Unless we are greatly mistaken they are not far distant from the realization of their most splendid promisings. They are practical men with so much of the poet as makes for ideality; and though they have not hitherto overcome all the difficulties nor mastered all the intricacies, they know what they are about and can make a shrewd guess as to the one last obstacle to be removed.

That, in the meantime, the nations should be quarreling about the destructive possibilities of air fleets; and that, as usual, Germany should be found to be beforehand, is quite in the picture. The Kaiser as oberherr of land and water and air is a most engaging prospect—it should mean something to the British income tax.

Says the Philadelphia Ledger:

"Substantial citizens from many counties in Kentucky have issued a call for an anti-feud convention, which shall consider methods of stopping criminal outrages committed in feuds, moonshining, night riding and other forms of lawlessness which often are unpunished. The heart of the trouble in the districts remote from large centers of population is that the local authorities are weak; that the people themselves are often divided into two rival camps; that the authorities will not prosecute, and that juries cannot be got to convict.

"That is a fair diagnosis of the case. Pennsylvania for many years struggled with like problems in the mining regions and in other places where large numbers of unrestrained, passionate and ignorant foreigners made their habitations. In some large towns property was menaced, life was not safe and the decent and law-abiding citizens did not enjoy freedom or the right to pursue their happiness. By one stroke of legislation and one positive act in consonance with the law the remedy was applied; the handy and efficient instrument was the State constabulary, of blessed memory, brave deeds and prompt action.

"If Kentucky wishes to hold a convention for social purposes, let it pass a set of resolutions on the subject. No great harm will be done and nothing will be accomplished; but if the Kentuckians want to stamp out the lawlessness and crime, let them establish a State constabulary, every man armed with the proper munitions of war and the right kind of seasoned nerve, for which the Pennsylvania men are noted."

That is very prettily and no doubt very easily spoken. A State constabulary may be all that is here claimed for it, but how is such a remedy to be secured? How is such a "stroke of legislation" to be obtained from Legislatures which are as unwilling to legislate against certain forms of lawlessness as juries are to punish the perpetrators of such lawlessness?

"The news that Senator Beveridge is to join the tariff 'insurgents' of the Senate in their fight against the Aldrich bill, shows that this Republican attack is really formidable. Otherwise, the Indiana Senator would not have cast in his lot with his colleagues from the West. Inveterately fortune's champion, and ever strong upon the stronger side, Mr. Beveridge must have become convinced that there is a fair chance, not only of defeating some of the more obnoxious provisions of the Aldrich bill, but also of dealing the ancient Senate dynasty a blow from which it can scarcely recover, and which may result in new men coming to the front. We welcome anything like a stand-up fight on an outrageous tariff bill. Whatever the outcome of such a battle, it will teach the people more than they could learn in any other way about the sin in which all protective tariffs are conceived, and the iniquity in which they are brought forth."—[New York Evening Post.

That Senator Beveridge should refuse to be controlled by the stand-pat element in his party is natural. He is not a mossback. He does not stand still. He gets around for himself. He sees for himself what is going on, not only among his own constituents, but throughout the country. He could not be a stand-patter, and be a good politician, to discuss his attitude on no higher plane.

Mr. H. I. Black, of Dayton, O., has been studying the downward revision of the Aldrich tariff bill and sends to the Courier-Journal some of the results of his studies. Thus on the "necessity" of polo mallets he finds that the bill levies a duty of 35 per cent., while on the "luxury" of scoop shovels the duty is 45 per cent. On the necessity of leather automobile lunch boxes the duty is 40 per cent., and on the luxury of empty dinner pails it is 45 per cent. On the necessity of gun-metal yacht fittings the duty is 45 per cent., and on the luxury of one-inch No. 9 flat-head bright screws it is 76 per cent. Amber and meerschaum cigarette holders, 60 per cent.; common clay pipes, 125 per cent. Genuine ivory hair dressing combs, 35 per cent.; curry combs, 45 per cent. Sealskin sacques, 50 per cent.; woolen blankets (40 cents per pound), 85 per cent. And so on and so on. Mr. Black, with a musical collaborator, might make a taking comic opera of Mr. Aldrich and his bill.

A dispatch from the University of California says that the faculty, "startled by the announcement of ten engagements among the students during the past week," has decided to institute a course of household economics. Evidently there ought to be a chair for Prof. Roosevelt at the University of California.

One hundred and thirty-three years ago little Rhody defied and denied George III., the arch standpatter; now little Rhody, still given to denying and defying, is as robustiously championing the standpatters as once she contemned them. She had few pockets then and much virtue—tempora mutantur.

It was almost too obvious to call it a lead-pipe cinch.

POW-WOW

Of Red Men Begins At Lexington.

NEARLY 400 MEMBERS OF THE ORDER IN SESSION.

ANOTHER NIGHT RIDER BAND SPRINGS UP.

CAMPBELL CASE CONTINUED.

Lexington, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Nearly four hundred members of the Improved Order of Red Men assembled here to-day for the fifteenth annual council of the order in Kentucky. The largest delegation came from Louisville, which has eight tribes of the order, and was headed by Robert Lee Page, great prophet of the Grand Council of Kentucky. The opening session to which the general public was admitted, began at 10 o'clock this morning at the Auditorium, with an address of welcome by Mayor John Skain, who is a member of Miantonomo Tribe of this city. This was followed by a response by Great Sachem Joe H. Kemper, of Mt. Sterling. Grand Chief of Records F. L. Smith, of Miantonomo Tribe, delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the local tribe, which was responded to in an able manner by Great Senior Sagamore W. H. McDonald, of Tchoupitoulios Tribe, No. 111, of Barbourville.

At the conclusion of the exercises the Grand Council went into executive session, which continued for the remainder of the day, and at which the annual reports of the officers of the Grand Council were read. The officers of the council are:

Great Sachem—Joe H. Kemper, Calumet Tribe, No. 18, Mt. Sterling.

Great Senior Sagamore—W. H. McDonald, Tchoupitoulas Tribe, No. 111, Barbourville.

Great Junior Sagamore—Homer J. Northcutt, Scioto Tribe, No. 184, Covington.

Great Prophet—Robert Lee Page, Ptocawa Tribe, No. 80, Paul Jones building, Louisville.

Great Chief of Records—Frank L. Smith, Miantonomo Tribe, No. 1, Lexington.

Great Keeper of Wampum—Herman V. Cohn, Cherokee Tribe, No. 8, 314 West Green street, Louisville.

Great Sannap—Ben C. Nunn, Totewa Tribe, No. 14, Owensboro.

Great Mishinewa—A. Englehard, Jr., Cherokee Tribe, No. 8, Louisville.

Great Guard of Wigwam—W. E. Buck, Otego Tribe, No. 60, Paducah.

Great Guard of Forest—L. H. Roberts, Wahoo Tribe, No. 10, 3126 Fourth avenue, Louisville.

The Grand Council resumes its sessions to-morrow, when the election of officers will be held. There will be a lively contest for the office of great junior sagamore, for two years hence he will become the great sachem of the council by succession. There are several prospective candidates, and Claude Terrell and W. A. Crader are active candidates.

Great Sachem Kemper will be advanced to the past chieftaincy of great prophet; Great Senior Sagamore McDonald will be elected great sachem; Great Junior Sagamore Northcutt will be promoted to the office of great senior sagamore, and quite probably Great Chief of Records Smith and Great Keeper of Wampum Cohn will be re-elected to their present positions.

* * *

Prominent Red Men Present.

Among the prominent Red Men who are here in attendance upon the council are George W. Hiensley, Louisville, editor Kentucky Red Man; J. W. Matthews, Frankfort; Dr. N. G. Motherhead, Earlington; Henry Schwelters, Louisville; Dan T. Russell, great sachem, Louisville; Robert L. Page, Louisville, past great prophet; Henry C. Yunker, Louisville; J. W. Crumbaugh, Augusta; W. A. Crader, Louisville, great representative, who will be hard to head for junior sagamore; S. Storth Versailles; H. J. Northcutt, great junior Sagamore, Covington; D. I. Day, Whitesboro; L. G. Matthews, Ghent; Robert T. Crowe, Lagrange; Al Englehart, Louisville; Lee Zweydorf, Louisville; A. M. Smith, Bardstown; E. A. Coleman, Middlesboro; H. C. Engleman, Bedford; Henry Lyons, London; J. D. Woodson, Eddyville; W. E. McClure, Dry Ridge; E. D. Durham, Elizabethtown; W. J. Booder, Newport; D. B. Deering, Bowling Green; Henry Austin, Madisonville; William Suelly, Newport; S. R. Clemmons, Uniontown; John Gristler, Pineville; Eugene W. Orte, Maysville; Henry T. Ray, Maysville, past chief of records; W. C. Callahan, Lindsay, W. Va.; W. J. Roberts, Louisa; Harlan Baker, Midway; John Small, Inez.

* * *

New Night Rider Order.

A remarkable communication, which smacks of a new night-rider organization against the farmers who were members of the Burley Tobacco Society, was received by a Lexington paper to-day. The letter stated that an organization is being formed among the laborers and is to be called "The Select Four Hundred," the object of which is to get even with the rich farmers who, the writer declares, oppress their workmen.

The letter was evidently written by an illiterate person and is believed to be the work of some idle crank rather than an indication of any real movement. It was received through the mail, postmarked "Lex. & Louis. R. P. O., May 10, 1909, TR. 18," and is as follows:

* * *

By-Laws of Order.

"The laboring man is the main stay of all existence. The propelling Power of all accumulation. With out him the world would cease. Still he is condemned on all Sides. But the day is close at hand when he will resist the condemnation and demand a fair living. The Poor man loves his family better than the rich one. Why —for there is very little humanity among the rich. All movements of the rich are against the Laboring man. The Rich are our arch enemies. When they should be our friends, as we make them all They possess. The Equity movement in Kentucky caused more suffering than any thing in the last thirty years. The Rich Farmer is the worst of all toward the laboring man. Demands more, and pays less according to the number of Hours. One of the richest in the Blue Grass has had employed a man of Family at 75 cents per day. $6 House rent 5 in family to feed. How can a man rest contented with such things going on. There is four of us organizing what we Terms The Select Four Hundred. It is not every one that can Join. According to the bylaws.

"1st. All must be over forty years of age.

"2. All must believe 99 out of all Rich men go to hell.

"3. All must believe that the laboring man Deserves more than corn bread and Rags.

"4. All believe that Gov. Willson will order the State Mallcia on a fishing Trip in case we wish to tickle some of the Rich Equity Farmers nucks for cutting us out of a years work, and Decreasing wages. Yours & c.

"THE SELECT FOUR HUNDRED."

* * *

Campbell Case Continued.

In the Circuit Court to-day the case of W. R. Campbell, charged with voluntary manslaughter in shooting and killing Policeman Michael Murphy, was continued until the second Tuesday in July. The continuance was made on the motion of Judge D. Gray Falconer, of counsel for the defense, who asked for a continuance on the ground that Judge J. Frank Peake, of Louisville, one of the counsel for the defense, would be unable to come here this week to assist in the trial owing to previous engagements. County Attorney George R. Hunt stated that he had made an agreement with Judge Falconer that the trial should be continued if Judge Peake was unable to be here. The case was therefore set for July 13.

* * *

Lauds Theological Seminary.

President R. H. Crossfield, of Transylvania University, left to-day for a trip to Jackson and Hazel Green. Last week he spent several days in London, Corbin and Barbourville studying educational conditions in the mountains. On returning from Eastern Kentucky he will make a report of existing conditions.

The recent visit of President Crossfield to Louisville, where he conducted a revival at the Clifton Christian church, furnished the theme of his address this morning to the students at chapel exercises, he discussing the Baptist Theological Seminary, to which he paid a visit.

Dr. Crossfield said that the Baptist Seminary of Louisville is the largest protestant theological school in the world, having enrolled 314 students from twenty-nine States and six foreign countries. He said that the buildings occupied by the seminary—Norton Hall, New York Hall, the library and the gymnasium, were the gifts of John D. Rockefeller, J. A. Bostwick, Mrs. J. Lawrence Smith and the Hon. Joshua Levering. The endowment of the institution is $600,000 and an effort is being made to double this. The jubilee celebration of the foundation of this institution will be held this month, the school having been founded at Greenville, N. C., in 1859.

Dr. Crossfield said that since its foundation there had been 3,300 students matriculated and 570 graduated, 413 taking the Th. M. degree, 130 the Th. B., 235 the Th. G. and forty-two the Th. D. Over one hundred of the graduates of this institution have gone to the foreign field. The length of the session is eight months and the expenses are about the same as at other theological schools.

Dr. Crossfield spoke in the highest terms of the efficient services of President Mullins and said that the school was manned by a very superior faculty. Notwithstanding the large number of young men studying for the ministry in this institution and other colleges which are preparing young men for the ministry in the South and West, the Southern Baptist Church is not able to supply in any adequate way the increasing demands for preachers.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

The will of Mrs. Lucy Calloway was filed for probate in the County Court today. The testator leaves all of her property to be equally divided between her son, Coleman D. Calloway, and her daughter, Mrs. Woodie White, the share of the latter to be held in trust until the youngest of her children is 21 years old. Her son, Coleman Calloway, is named executor and trustee and to-day entered upon these duties by executing a bond of $40,000.

* * *

Mrs. Mary E. Willmott, widow of Mr. John Brooks Willmott, died this morning at 10 o'clock at her country home, eleven miles from Lexington on the Bryan Station pike, after a brief illness, aged 63 years. Mrs. Willmott is survived by two sons, Dr. C. B. Willmott, of this city, and I. S. Willmott; by a sister, Mrs. Mattie Gentry, of Lexington, and a brother, Mr. Breckinridge Smith, of Shelbyville. She was widely known and esteemed.

* * *

The Rev. T. S. Buckingham, superintendent of the Lexington Anti-Saloon League, will go to Louisville the early part of the coming week to take up the duties of superintendent of the Kentucky Anti-Saloon League. The appointment of Mr. Buckingham is only temporary. He will fill the office until an election can be held and a new superintendent selected to succeed J. W. West, who resigned three weeks ago.

BEAUTIFUL WEDDING.

Miss Annie Hodgson Long and Dr. James Royden Peabody Married Last Evening At "Bashford Manor."

A wedding of wide social interest and beautiful in its arrangement was that of Miss Annie Hodgson Long and Dr. James Royden Peabody, of Colorado Springs, Col., which took place last evening at 9 o'clock at "Bashford Manor," the handsome country place of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George James Long.

The house was artistically decorated in Killarney roses and lilies of the valley, with palms and ferns effectively arranged throughout the rooms. The bridal processional and tableau were exceedingly lovely, the spacious rooms of the homestead making an ideal environment.

Previous to the ceremony the guests were entertained with two beautiful spring songs, sung by the bride's cousin, Mrs. A. F. Callahan, of Chicago, after which an orchestra played during the ceremony and the reception that followed.

The bridal party was led by the groomsmen, Messrs. Hal Griffiths and Dennis Long, down the stairway and through the hall of the drawing-room, where the impressive ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. G. Minnigerode, at the end of the drawing-room, before two priedieus, back of which hung, between two windows, and in front of a great mirror and over this mirror was a wedding bell of white flowers. The wall of the drawing-room was literally covered with flowers.

The aisle through which the members of the bridal party passed was charming in the effective arrangement and was formed of six newel posts made of flowers and topped with Marie Antoinette baskets filled with Killarney roses and lilies of the valley. The newel posts were connected by broad bands of white satin ribbon.

The bride, who entered with and was given in marriage by her father, was unusually handsome in an exquisite gown of duchess satin, with a Dutch yoke and elbow sleeves of rose point lace. She wore a veil of tulle caught by orange blossoms, and carried two ivory prayer-books.

The groom entered with his best man, Dr. Cuthbert Thompson.

Miss Edmonia Robinson, the maid of honor, who entered alone, preceded the bride, and was lovely in a princess gown of pale pink chiffon embroidered in silver. She carried a shower bouquet of bridesmaid's roses and lilies of the valley.

The two bridesmaids, Miss Mary D. Fuller, of Columbus, O., and Miss Carrie Pace Neal, of Richmond, Va., wore becoming gowns of pastel pink crepe de chine made in empire fashion and with delicate trimming of silver. They carried bridesmaid's bouquets of bridesmaid's roses and lilies of the valley tied with a soft bow of tulle.

Misses Mary Lee Hickman and Henrietta Bingham, who were the pillow-bearers, entered alone, preceding the bride, and wore lovely lingerie frocks trimmed in lace.

After the ceremony a delightful supper was served. The bridal table, which was covered with handsome damask, had for its centerpiece a French basket of bride's roses and lilies of the valley, around which were grouped silver candlesticks with white lace shades.

Dr. Peabody and Mrs. Peabody left later in the evening for a wedding trip.

Dr. Peabody, who has been making his home in Colorado Springs for several months, lived for a number of years in Louisville, where he was associated in his profession with the late Dr. A. M. Cartledge.

MOTHER KILLED BEFORE WELCOMING BACK SON.

Mrs. Emeline Drake, of Columbus, Ind., Meets Tragic Death—Run Over By Engine.

Columbus, Ind., May 11.—[Special.]—At the moment her son, for whom she had hoped against hope to see, arrived here after a voluntary exile of twenty years, was run over by a Pennsylvania switch engine and instantly killed. Her son, Ralph Drake, who was sentenced for life to the Indiana State prison for the murder of Mrs. Ida Ward, was returning, having been pardoned by Gov. Marshall, and his mother was at the depot to meet him. Her death occurred while the train bearing her son was pulling into the station. She is the mother of Lester Drake, of the widely known building firm of Caldwell and Drake, and this morning he was called to Parkersburg, W. Va., by the death of his brother-in-law, James Hoaglin, of that place.

DEFENDANT IN BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT.

Action Filed Against the Hon. Chas. Kitchen, of Ashland, By Mrs. Nelia B. Tolliver.

Catlettsburg, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Through her attorneys, Col. T. J. Ewing and John B. Williams, Mrs. Nelia B. Tolliver, aged 21, to-day filed suit in the Boyd Circuit Court for $50,000 against the Hon. Charles Kitchen, aged 65, reputed millionaire and prominent Democratic politician of Ashland. Breach of marriage contract is alleged in the petition, the plaintiff declaring that three times has she prepared to marry the defendant upon three separate dates agreed to by them.

Owing to the prominence of the defendant the case will attract wide attention throughout this section. The couple have gone together as sweethearts for a year and a half or longer. They were standing together talking in front of the plaintiff's residence when Deputy Sheriff J. C. Hopkins served the process upon Mr. Kitchen this afternoon.

Points About People.

Miss Mary Prewitt Stucky was the hostess at an informal bridge party yesterday afternoon at her apartment in The Seelbach, given in honor of Miss Sarah Carter, of Lexington, who is the guest of Miss Viola Lewis on Brook street.

Miss Stucky's guests were

MISSES.

Sarah Carter, Margaret McChord,
Mary Dabney, Genevieve Dumesnil,
Viola Lewis, Margaret Hegewald,
Grace Woodruff, Cecil Huston,
Keith Sperry, Mary Lucy Hall,
Susan Dorr, Lucy White Booker,
Henrietta Dulaney.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Cale Young Rice and Mrs. S. W. Hegan, who have been absent for many months touring the world, arrived home Tuesday, and for several weeks will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Hegan.

Mrs. Fannie Caldwell Macauley, who accompanied them on this trip, will return to Louisville in three weeks.

* * *

Miss Lee Long Babbitt will leave Friday for a stay of six weeks in the East, visiting in New York, Washington and Boston.

* * *

Mrs. William Cleland, of Lebanon, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hite Barret for a few days.

* * *

Mr. Isaac F. Marcosson, of New York, was here Sunday, the guest of Mrs. George W. Griffitha.

* * *

Mr. Marcosson has been spending the past week in Chicago, where he went to write some articles for some of the Eastern magazines. He will return to New York Wednesday.

* * *

Judge Walter Evans and his daughter, Miss Fannie Louise Evans, have gone to New York for a ten-days' stay.

* * *

Mrs. John Kemp Goodloe, of Summit, N. J., who has been the guest of Mrs. Thomas Underwood Dudley for several weeks, will leave in a few days for Lexington, where she will visit Mrs. John Shouse.

* * *

Miss Carrie Warren, of Paducah, will arrive this evening to visit Mrs. Emery F. Graham until Monday. Mrs. Graham will entertain at "500" to-morrow afternoon in honor of Miss Warren.

* * *

Mrs. Embry Sweaningen was the hostess at luncheon yesterday at her home in Mocking Bird Lane in honor of Miss Natalie Gilbert, of Utica, N. Y., the guest of Mrs. Gilbert Cowan.

* * *

Miss Mary W. Hinman, of Chicago, was the guest of honor at an informal tea given Monday afternoon by Miss Clara Fitch at her cabin at Kenwood. Miss Hinman is a member of the Congress of Folk Dancing, now meeting in Pittsburg. She and Miss Fitch left last night for Pittsburg.

* * *

Mr. Baldwin Respess, of Lexington, has returned after a visit of several days, the guest of Mr. Frank Fuller.

* * *

Mrs. J. S. Scobee, who has been ill for some time, has been removed to the Jewish hospital for treatment.

* * *

Miss Loraine Butler, of Paris, is here visiting for a week, the guest of friends.

* * *

Mr. Henry Bosworth, of Lexington, is at The Seelbach this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Reed Williams, of Chicago, arrived yesterday for a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lindsey.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas H. Curd, of Middlesboro, is visiting her sisters, the Misses Moses, 123 East St. Catherine street.

* * *

Mrs. Lindsey Crabb has returned from Eminence, where she visited Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Thorne.

* * *

Mr. W. W. Dennis is spending this week in Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. Arthur McCormack and daughter, Mrs. Arthur McCormack, Jr., of Bowling Green, are at The Seelbach for several days.

* * *

Mrs. Lewis Sheed, of Jamestown, N. Y., formerly Miss Julia Lawrence, will arrive to-morrow to visit her sister, Miss Mary Green Lawrence.

* * *

Mrs. Nellie Fant and Miss Ollie Fant, of Flemingsburg, are in the city for a few days' shopping.

* * *

Mrs. C. E. Williams, of Asheville, N. C., arrived yesterday for a several weeks' visit to Mrs. Thomas Rodman.

* * *

Miss Sarah Carter, of Lexington, who has been visiting Miss Viola Lewis, returned home last evening.

* * *

Mrs. Samuel Hampton Halley and children, of "Meadowthorpe," are visiting Mrs. Halley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Pendleton Helm.

* * *

Miss Pauline Cooke returned yesterday from Shelbyville, where she has been for two weeks, the guest of Mrs. Charles Martin.

* * *

Dr. H. B. Tileston and Mrs. Tileston go to Ann Arbor, Mich., to-day to attend the dedication of the new building of the dental department of the University of Michigan. Dr. Tileston is to deliver an address Friday night in connection with the dedicatory ceremonies.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Graham are now at the St. Charles, Atlantic City, after a visit of two weeks in Philadelphia with Mrs. Graham's sister, Mrs. Reese. Mrs. Graham, who has been dangerously ill for the past three years, is much improved.

Garner—Chears Wedding.

Lexington, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Miss Ethel R. Garner, daughter of former Mayor John Garner, of Winchester, and Nathaniel F. Chears, of Nashville, Tenn., were married at Christ Church Cathedral this afternoon at 4 o'clock by Bishop Burton. The wedding ceremony was in accordance with the rites of the Episcopal church and, though a church wedding, was rather quiet and somewhat of a surprise to the friends of the couple.

CORNERSTONE WILL BE LAID MAY 16.

The laying of the cornerstone of the Children's Free Hospital will take place Saturday, May 16, instead of Friday, as had been intended. The ceremonies will be held at 3:30 o'clock. The services will be informal and all friends of this worthy institution are invited to be present.

FREE BAGGAGE FOR INTERURBAN PASSENGERS.

Indiana Traction Lines Enter Agreement To Furnish Like Accommodations As Steam Roads.

Indianapolis, May 11.—[Special.]—A meeting of representatives of all the traction roads of Indiana was held in Indianapolis to-day. It was called for the purpose of establishing uniform rules for handling baggage, and it was the unanimous opinion of all those present that the practice of the steam roads regarding the handling of baggage be adopted. A committee of five was appointed to draw up rules and regulations to be referred to the various roads of the State for their official approval.

It is believed that practically all of the interurban roads of Indiana will adopt the recommendations of this committee and put into effect baggage regulations which will practically mean free baggage. The rules for excess baggage will be along the lines of those followed by the steam roads. Interurban roads have long been considering this proposition, but owing to the fact that many of their cars were not equipped for carrying baggage the matter has been somewhat delayed. The interests have felt for a long time that the public was entitled to free baggage under the same rules and regulations as the steam roads. It is probable that the new proposition will go into effect some time next month.

STORIES OF THE TOWN.

A local orator of some eminence in the profession of orating has been general utility speaker in this community for so long that he takes it as a matter of course. When he wants to soar eloquently into the clouds he twists the tail of Pegasus and mounts high over his hearers, sustained only by a strong vocabulary and an unfaltering belief in his own effectiveness. If his vocal organ gets a case of charleyhorse occasionally and his metaphors mingle injudiciously

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HOTEL METROPOLE LONDON

the leading Hotel of the Gordon group, more than maintains its immense popularity with home guests and visitors from over-sea. It is finely located in the heart of the West End. Its

MAGNIFICENT NEW LOUNGE

recently opened, the finest in London, greatly enhances the beauty and comfort of the Hotel, and will be fully appreciated by American guests visiting London this year.

Other Gordon hotels in London popular with Americans are the

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HOTEL METROPOLE, BRIGHTON
HOTEL METROPOLE, FOLKESTONE
CLIFTONVILLE HOTEL, MARGATE
LORD WARDEN HOTEL, DOVER
HOTEL ROYAL, DIEPPE
BURLINGTON HOTEL, EASTBOURNE
ROYAL PIER HOTEL, RYDE, I. OF W.
GRAND HOTEL, BROADSTAIRS
HOTEL METROPOLE, MONTE CARLO
HOTEL METROPOLE, CANNES

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READ INTERESTING PAPER AT NATIONAL CONFERENCE.

Miss Stella Godshaw, assistant supervisor of music in the Louisville public schools, lately attended the National Conference held in Indianapolis, where she read a paper on "Harmony in the High School." An interesting discussion was participated in as to the character of supervisors who should be employed in the schools. It was the general opinion that school boards were prone to employ most anybody to teach music. It was the belief that a young woman, because she could play a piano or sing a little rag time, was not for that reason qualified to teach music in the schools.

The importance, also, of learning the unpleasant technical part of music was emphasized. A knowledge of the technical terms of music and their significance is very important, it was pointed out, as a knowledge of the meaning of words is in the study of literature.

Supervisors were present from all over the country and the proceedings were largely attended. The sessions were held at the Claypool Hotel and lasted two days.

Escape From Reform School.

Four boys, inmates of the Louisville Industrial School of Reform, were captured by county patrolmen H. C. Cooper and Orrie Brace, of Oklahoma, at a point four miles beyond the Jefferson county line in Bullitt county early Monday morning. It was after a long chase that the officers were able to capture the boys.

After their return to the reform school, the boys related how they had planned for weeks the escape, intending in the beginning to have a party of ten boys instead of four. They refused to tell the names of the other boys. The boys who escaped are: David Jaggers, Joe Sweet, Jacob Simons, and Earl Gilbert. The escape was made at about 2 o'clock last Sunday afternoon.

Most ads are well enough written—few given enough SPACE.

CREDITORS FILE PETITION IN INVOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY.

Creditors filed a petition in involuntary bankruptcy yesterday in the Federal Court, asking that the firm of Blatz & Krebs Stone Company be declared a bankrupt. The petition is short and alleges that the firm, on May 7, committed an act of bankruptcy in admitting in writing its inability to pay its debts and agreeing to a bankruptcy proceeding. The creditors who filed the petition are G. J. Freirich, who holds a demand note of $800 assigned by the Continental National Bank; Louisville Home Telephone Company, $32.27, assigned to E. Cooper, and Builders' Exchange, $25.50, assigned to C. L. Dotart.

Church Coffee Social.

Mrs. Edward Zang, of 901 Cherokee Road, will give a coffee social at her home to-morrow afternoon for the women's organizations of the Church of the Messiah and their friends.

STEAMSHIPS

Canadian Pacific

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Unexcelled Service and Quickest Time. Steamer "Monteagle" Affords One-Cabin Service.

TO JAPAN AND CHINA

EMPRESS OF CHINA.....June 2, 1909
MONTEAGLE.....June 12, 1909

TO HONOLULU AND AUSTRALIA

MAKURA.....June 18, 1909
AORANGI.....July 16, 1909

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16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady

ROUND THE WORLD

From New York October 15, 1909, nearly four months, costing only $650 AND UP, including all expenses afloat and ashore.

SPECIAL FEATURES:—Madeira, Egypt, India, Ceylon, Burma, Java, Borneo, Philippines, Japan. An unusual chance to visit unusually attractive places.

12th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 5, '10, $400 up. Spring and Summer Tours to Europe $270 up. FRANK C. CLARK, TIMES BLDG., N. Y. J. PINK CUNEO, FOURTH AND MAIN, LOUISVILLE.

DEATH CLAIMS

Two Well-Known Residents of New Albany.

SESSIONS OF SUNDAY-SCHOOL ASSOCIATION CLOSE.

Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN FOR FUNDS SUCCESSFUL.

FATHER L. J. VAUGHN DIES.

Peter Clemenson, who was an old and greatly respected citizen of New Albany, died yesterday afternoon at 2:30 at his home, 109 Constitution street, after a long illness. He was born in Massachusetts eighty-three years ago and had lived in New Albany nearly all of his life. He is survived by his widow and four children: Mrs. A. E. Taylor and Andrew W. Clemenson, Nevada, Mo.; William Clemenson, Milford, O., and Mrs. L. C. Hill, New Albany.

Contractor Succumbs.

Charles D. Mitchell, a resident of New Albany all his life and a leading contractor of that city, died at noon yesterday at his home, 1836 East Eighth street, after a long illness, having been stricken ten days ago by paralysis. Since the seizure he had been slowly sinking and his death was not unexpected. He was 57 years old and is survived by his wife and three daughters: Mrs. Edward Banet, Mrs. Edward Potts and Miss Nellie Mitchell, of New Albany. He also leaves a brother, Russell W. Mitchell, of New Albany; two sisters, Mrs. Thomas Dodd, New Albany, and Mrs. Mary Martin, Borden.

He was a member of Ivanhoe Lodge, Knights of Pythias, New Albany Company No. 5, Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias, and Pawnee Tribe of Red Men. He also was a member of the Bricklayers' Union and the Central Christian church. For a number of years he was a member of the firm of Petrick & Mitchell, and was well known and greatly esteemed throughout the city. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence. The Rev. B. F. Cato will conduct the service.

Association Elects Officers.

The Floyd County Sunday-school Association, which has been holding its annual meeting at Centenary M. E. church, New Albany, since Tuesday, closed its sessions yesterday afternoon. The opening service yesterday morning was held by the Rev. Walter B. Grimes, pastor of the Main-street M. E. church, who was followed in an address by the Rev. E. G. Kuenzler, of the German Evangelical church. Yesterday afternoon addresses were delivered by Mrs. Aura Smith, the Rev. E. T. Poulson, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church, and the Rev. T. H. Cleland, of the Third Presbyterian church.

Officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows: S. H. Reid, president; Prof. George A. Bricker, Jeffersonville, grand chief of Kentucky Temple, vice-president; T. C. Frey, secretary-treasurer; the Rev. O. E. Deshler, superintendent home department; Miss Alinde Fleischer, superintendent of elementary grade; the Rev. E. T. Poulson, superintendent of teachers' training; the Rev. W. B. Grimes, superintendent of temperance; Harold E. Barrett, superintendent adult department; Mrs. Frank Gwin, superintendent of missions.

Celebrates Silver Jubilee.

Sister Hermona, Mother Superior of St. Edward's City Hospital, New Albany, celebrated on Monday her silver jubilee at that institution. She was met at the hospital by twenty little girls of the congregation of St. Mary's Catholic church, who escorted her to the church, where solemn High Mass was celebrated, followed by a banquet given by the Ladies' Sewing Circle at St. Edward's City Hospital.

The banquet was a complete surprise to Sister Hermona, who received a number of handsome presents. Sister Hermona took the veil in the Order of St. Francis at Omaha, Neb., in 1884, and came to New Albany at the time of the laying of the cornerstone of St. Edward's City Hospital in 1901. Since the hospital opened she has been in charge of that institution and much of its success has been due to her efforts.

Noted Lecturer Dies.

The Rev. Lawrence J. Vaughn, who has been frequently heard in New Albany in Shakespearean and other lectures, died in the hospital at Dubuque, Ia., Monday morning, having been taken ill a few days ago. News of his death was received in New Albany by Adam Heimberger, one of the directors of the Chautauqua Association.

Father Vaughn was to have appeared at the Glenwood Chautauqua near New Albany August 3 of this year. He was a prime favorite and his audiences at the Chautauqua were second to those of no other speaker. Several years ago he lectured at Holy Trinity School Hall in New Albany and was invited by Judge Alexander Dowling, his audience being largely made up of persons outside his religious faith.

District Meeting.

The district meeting of the Rathbone Sisters, Knights of Pythias, will be held to-day in the hall of Ivanhoe Lodge, 9th Oak and Vincennes streets, New Albany. The district is composed of Floyd, Harrison, Crawford, Washington, Clark and Orange counties and it is expected that all the lodges of those counties will send delegates. The meeting will be presided over by Mrs. Carrie Mullineaux, district deputy, and the degrees will be conferred by the degree team of Georgetown Temple. Mrs. Luna T. King, of Redkey, Ind., grand chief of Indiana, and Mrs. Boles, of Louisville, grand chief of Kentucky Temple, will deliver addresses and the Rev. F. T. Porter, of New Albany, will give a talk at night.

Eight Hundred Dollars Contributed.

The Y. M. C. A. of New Albany completed the clean-up campaign and turned in $800, a sum sufficient to pay the outstanding indebtedness in the campaign of less than two weeks. The board of directors started the subscription list with $150 and raised by subscription all the money but $15 by 11 o'clock Monday night. The balance was contributed by the directors and the association is entirely clear of debt.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—$2 Cincinnati and return, Sunday, May 16. B. and O. S.-W. 7:15 a. m.

—A divorce was granted Mrs. Rovila Wolfe from Flavius M. Wolfe, in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany by Judge W. C. Utz, on proof of desertion.

—Charles D. Knoefel and Frank H. Beaucond left yesterday for Indianapolis to attend the annual meeting of the Indiana Independent Telephone Association.

—The Pastor's Aid Society of the First Presbyterian church will meet next Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. George Kremer, East Ninth street.

—B. B. Cullivan has brought suit against Jacob Eyler in the Floyd Circuit Court to recover $25 for labor in a bakery from February to May.

—Jacob Eisle, a former resident of this city, who left here thirty-six years ago for Sterling, Ill., is visiting New Albany friends.

—Miss Elmo Kreutzer left yesterday for Ann Arbor, Mich., to visit Miss Harriet Marshall, a student in the university there.

—The young women of St. Mary's Catholic church will give a euchre at St. Joseph's Hall, East Eighth street, near Spring street, to-morrow afternoon and night for the benefit of the church.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Borgerding and their son, Jonathan, left yesterday for New York and will sail from that city this week for Europe, where they expect to spend some time.

—The Epworth League of Centenary M. E. church will celebrate next Sunday night the twentieth anniversary of its institution. Miss Barbara Eisle is the leader.

—The funeral of Mrs. Adelaide Sweeney will take place this morning from the Holy Trinity Catholic church. Services will be conducted by the Rev. Charles Curran, the rector, and the burial will be in the cemetery on the Green Valley road.

—Samuel Graves, who pleaded guilty to the charge of robbing the residence of E. J. Hewitt and James Forman and was sentenced to the reformatory by Judge Utz from one to fourteen years, will be taken this week to that institution.

—The funeral of Mrs. Anna B. Sears, wife of Andrew Sears, took place yesterday from the Christian church in Georgetown, under the direction of Century lodge, Daughters of Rebekah, and the burial was in Wolfe's graveyard.

—Delegates have been appointed to the Diocesan Council at Indianapolis, in session there to-day, as follows: Rear Admiral George A. Bicknell, U. S. N., retired; E. B. Stotsenburg, J. Sumnar Collins and Charles Freeman.

—Joseph Schlageter, arrested on a charge of provoke, preferred by his wife, entered a plea of not guilty yesterday morning in the city court and gave bond for his appearance to answer. He was arrested by Patrolman Martin.

—Miss Nettie May Reeves and Albert E. Jones were married last night at the home of the bride, 313 West Eighth street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Frank T. Porter, pastor of the Park Christian church.

—John Beyel, arrested by Patrolman Truman on a charge of shooting in the city limits, entered a plea of not guilty in the City Court yesterday and gave bond for his appearance to answer in that tribunal.

—Mrs. Robert Bolling and Miss Madge Pierce, Elizabethtown, and Miss Gladys Warfield, Paducah, Ky., who have been visiting Mrs. E. W. Fawcett, 1105 East Spring street, have returned to their homes.

—The Rev. Bernard Garmann will be ordained to the priesthood next Saturday morning at 7:30 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church. The services will be in charge of the Rt. Rev. D. O'Donaghue, associate bishop of the diocese of Indianapolis, assisted by the local rectors.

—The funeral of George Kron took place yesterday morning from the Presbyterian church at Elizabeth, sixteen miles southwest of this city, under the direction of the lodge of Odd Fellows and the burial in the cemetery near by. Mr. Kron died Sunday at his home in this city.

—Mrs. John Vaser, an old resident of the city and county, who has lived here for over sixty years, celebrated the eighty-second anniversary of her birth at the home of her son, W. P. Vaser, 1741 Main avenue, last Sunday, a family reunion having been held.

—The funeral of James H. Brown, Jr., took place yesterday morning from the family home on East Third street near Water. Services were conducted by the Rev. P. W. Grossman, of the First Presbyterian church, and the burial was in Fairview cemetery.

—Capt. E. T. Slider has leased his towboat to the Frankfort Coal and Elevator Company, to be used in towing coal on the Kentucky River. The boat left Saturday for Frankfort. Capt. Slider is now using his new boat, the Northern, for local towing.

—Walter B. Baker and Miss Estelle Davis, popular young people of Edwardsville, were married yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of the German M. E. church on East Fifth street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. E. Bornemann.

—James McGunn, a veteran of the Civil War, an old resident of Floyd county, died of heart trouble yesterday morning at his home in Franklin township, seven miles southwest of the city, after a short illness. He was 66 years old and leaves a family.

—Lee Sapinsky, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Sapinsky, of this city, who was graduated in 1908 from the New Albany High School, was one of the three in the annual interclass debate between the classes of 1911 and 1912 Columbia University, New York, when the 1912 class defeated the 1911 class. Mr. Sapinsky was awarded a medal.

—At its meeting Monday night Manzanita Tribe of Red Men accepted an invitation to attend Pawnee and Ohioah memorial services to be held next Sunday, but decided not to turn out in a body. Manzanita Tribe will hold its memorial services next Sunday night at the German Evangelical church.

—Capt. Malvern Hill Barnum, Mrs. Barnum, Miss Frances Barnum and Malvern Hill Barnum, Jr., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Creed at their home, "Creedmont," on the Silver Hills, north of the city, will return to Chicago to spend several weeks before going to California.

—While running out a batted ball, Merlin Corcoran, son of Thomas P. Corcoran, collided with the first baseman of the opposing team, who was thrown heavily to the ground and fell in such a manner that his left leg was fractured below the knee. He was carried to his home, 429 Bank street, and the fracture was reduced by Dr. F. W. Hazlewood.

—John S. Payne, a milkman, was arrested yesterday by Sergt. McLaughlin on a charge of having violated the State pure food law. The complaint was filed by A. W. Bruner, pure food inspector. Payne was arraigned before Magistrate Fogle, entered a plea of not guilty and gave bond of $100 for his appearance to answer.

—The business property at Vincennes and Market streets, owned by the Joseph Fein estate, was sold yesterday at auction by the Mutual Trust and Deposit Company, trustee for the creditors, for $6,900 to Edward J. Hackett. The property included in the sale consists of a frontage of 120 feet on Market street and 110 feet on Vincennes street, the purchaser assuming the street improvement, which amounted to $397. A substantial business block occupies part of the ground.

THIS THIEF OVERLOOKED SEVERAL GOOD BETS.

The thief who broke into the Office Barber Shop, 407 West Chestnut street Monday night, must have been in a hurry, as he left more apparatus and money than he carried away with him. A dozen razors, two pairs of shears and $6.50 were missing yesterday morning when J. A. Russell opened the shop with a knife, the thief had cut a hole through a rear door to reach in and draw the hook, which fastened the door. Apparently, he seized the first articles he saw, as he left $3.50 in silver in the cash register, and in a nearby drawer there was $16 more in silver. It is believed that the thief was familiar with the premises and was scared away before he completed his operations.

Elect Officers May 20.

The annual election of officers of the Fidelity Trust Company will be held May 20. The old officers likely will be re-elected. John W. Barr said yesterday that he does not look for a single change.

KNEIPP LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR

The word "Irish" attached to linen denotes QUALITY. If the name "KNEIPP" is added it indicates the Best Make of the Best of all Materials.

Prices recently reduced 20%.

Our New C. C. C. flat woven pure Irish linen Underwear—Athletic Models—is now ready—$1.00 and upwards.

At All First-Class Dealers.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Renders the food more wholesome and superior in lightness and flavor.

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

DATE FIXED

For Local Option Election In Clark County.

ELECTION OFFICERS ARE TO BE NAMED MAY 26.

WELL-KNOWN GERMAN WOMAN DIES OF GANGRENE.

INSANE HOSPITAL CROWDED.

When the members of the Board of Commissioners of Clark county, Ind., began the last of the continuous session yesterday morning at the courthouse in Jeffersonville to act on the petition asking that an election be held to vote on the question of local option at least 100 women who are interested in the movement were present in the little room where the official meetings of the board are held. There was but little preliminary skirmishing done and Capt. J. W. Fortune and M. Z. Stannard, who represented the "wets," asked that 137 names be stricken from the petition on the ground that some of the alleged petitioners had denied that they had signed their names to the paper. Wilmer T. Fox, for the "drys," asked that the motion be overruled, and was sustained, which ended all further controversy as to the ordering of an election.

The next step was to name a date for the contest, and this was fixed at Wednesday, June 9, the date of June 2 having been suggested also. The work of naming the election commissioners was taken up and the "drys" proposed the name of Joseph A. McKee, claiming that as their right, but the board took the ground it could name two Democrats and Laurant A. Douglas was selected as the election commissioner for the "drys." Charles F. Antz was named to represent the "wets" and Peter Nachand, as Auditor of Clark county, will be the third member of the commission. The right to name the election officers was another bone of contention and the Board of County Commissioners claimed it had that action in its power and named May 26 for that purpose.

There are thirty-eight voting precincts in the county and election officers will have to be appointed for each. Under the law the boards must be as nearly divided equally as possible and signed by Democrats as possible. At each voting place there will be five members of the board and the estimates of what the cost will be vary. Some place the amount as low as $2,500, while others assert it will be $4,000. There is no appropriation to pay the expenses and Peter Nachand, Auditor of Clark county, yesterday issued a notice for the County Council to meet on Friday, May 21. There was no excitement during the struggle yesterday and the crowd soon left the courthouse after the work was completed.

Mrs. John Miller Dies.

An invalid for practically twenty-five years from a blood disease that settled in one of her legs, finally developing into gangrene, Mrs. Magdaline Lausman Miller, who was the wife of Magistrate John Miller, died at her home, 722 East Court avenue, Jeffersonville, yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Her demise had been expected for several days and for the past six months she had been bedfast. Mrs. Miller was widely known in German circles, she being to a large extent an adherent of the customs of her native land. She was born in Baden, Germany, near the city of Strasburg, in July, 1833, her maiden name being Magdaline Lausman.

As a girl of 16 she came to America in 1854 with three single aunts and located in Jeffersonville, where she met John Miller, then a young man of 18. Three years later, in 1857, they were married, and during the entire fifty-two years of wedded life they made their home in Jeffersonville. The marriage, however, was solemnized in Louisville. Both belonged to the German Catholic Church, which, at that period, had no established priest in Jeffersonville, and to be married in their faith the young pair went to Louisville, returning to their home city for a reception.

Mrs. Miller, after the establishment of St. Anthony's German Catholic church, became one of the workers of the congregation, and her husband is a leading member. Mrs. Miller was confirmed in Germany when a child. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Miller seven children were born, all of whom, Mrs. Theresa Breeden, surviving their mother, and are as follows:

John A. Miller, Mrs. Sophia Rook, William Miller, Lee Miller, Joseph Miller and Mrs. Cecelia Malone. There are twenty-seven grandchildren and one great-grandchild. The latter is a child of Mrs. Birdie Fugit, who, previous to her marriage, was Miss Birdie Rook. Of the twenty-seven grandchildren eleven of them are children of John A. Miller, who, besides these, has three dead.

The husband of Mrs. Miller is one of the best known men in Jeffersonville and has followed the occupation of a shoemaker for nearly fifty-five years in that city. He served one term as Magistrate, but was defeated for re-election. A few months ago he was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of T. M. Paswater. The funeral of Mrs. Miller will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Anthony's German Catholic church, Jeffersonville.

No Room For Patients.

Recently a number of persons declared insane in Clark county, Ind., have been refused admittance to the Central Hospital for the Insane at Indianapolis on the ground that there was not room for such patients. Four of them at this time are in jail at Jeffersonville because there is no other place to send them. One of the four has served two terms in prison, and became demented while there. The community where he formerly resided is in deadly fear of him and he is considered dangerous. Another one of the three has been feeble-minded from boyhood and was at the poor asylum for years. It is likely some arrangement will be made to send him back there.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—$2 Cincinnati and return, Sunday, May 16. B. and O. S.-W. 7:15 a. m.

—As a general judgment a claim of $12.50 that was filed by Dr. H. W. Harrison against the estate of Hal M. Applegate, for dental work, was allowed in the Circuit Court yesterday.

—Frank M. Mayfield yesterday filed a claim of $22 in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, against the estate of William S. Dellinger, it being alleged the amount is due as a balance on an account of $25 for services rendered as an attorney.

—The annual picnic of Ann Rogers Clark Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held at the home of Miss Sydney Lyon, Ohio Falls, on June 23, which will be the 107th anniversary of the first sale of town lots in this city.

—A bond for a deed was filed in the office of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, yesterday from Andrew J. Applegate to Frank O. Ratts for a consideration of $112.50.

—Benjamin Carter, who was a well-known farmer of Monroe township, died at his home near Henryville on Monday from an attack of grip. He was 60 years of age and is survived by three daughters and two sons.

—Under a conviction to the charge of forgery and to serve an indeterminate sentence of from two to fourteen years, Levi Bohall was received yesterday at the Indiana Reformatory from Nashville, Brown county.

—A claim was filed in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, yesterday by E. W. Soots & Sons against the estate of George W. Grayson for $125, it being alleged the amount is due for funeral expenses.

—William E. Armstrong filed suit in the Clark Circuit Court yesterday against the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway for $25,000 damages for the killing of his son, Ora, it being run over by a train of the defendant in New Albany a few weeks ago.

—The action of the State of Indiana against Clifford L. Carr, who is charged with failure to support his children, which was to have been called for trial yesterday, was continued until next Monday on account of another case being heard by a jury.

—The funeral of Mrs. Frances Ellen Swartz, who died at her home, 834 East Chestnut street, Monday night, will be conducted from the family residence this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock by the Rev. J. S. Ward, and the remains will be taken to New Chapel, Utica township, for burial.

—Temporary charge of the Government Depot will be assumed Saturday by Maj. Joseph T. Davidson, who has been second in command for some time, and on Sunday Col. George L. Rutlin will leave for Washington under order of the War Department to become connected with the office of the Quartermaster General.

—It was announced yesterday by Mrs. Elinor H. Campbell, regent of Ann Rogers Clark Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, that the usual services commemorating the graves of soldiers of the Revolution would be observed this year at the old cemetery at the foot of Chestnut street.

—An appraisement was filed yesterday by Samuel L. Scott, guardian of Marvin Scott and Catherine Scott, minor heirs of Daniel Voorhis Scott, placing the value of their one-fifteenth interest in eighty acres of land that belonged to their grandfather, Harbert Scott, was $320, which was approved.

—Pleas of not guilty were entered in the City Court yesterday morning by Herbert Hunsicker, member of John Worrall to the charge of selling milk that A. W. Bruner, a pure-food inspector, alleged was not up to the standard in butter fat, and the cases were set down for Thursday afternoon, May 20.

—At the regular meeting of Jefferson Lodge, No. 4, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Monday night, William West, Frank Wilson and Geo. Bell were named as a committee to confer with Tabor Lodge, No. 92, and Tell Lodge, No. 272, in regard to observing memorial day at a date yet to be set.

—Default was made yesterday by the defendant in the suit of Walter E. Hikes against Melvin M. Whitsett to restrain the defendant from permitting his stock to run on certain lands of the plaintiff, and judgment making a restraining order perpetual and awarding $75 as damages was rendered.

—Suit was filed yesterday by the Standard Cement Company against W. T. Jann and John J. Jann to compel the defendants to open a right-of-way that it is alleged has been closed by a fence being built across it, which prevents the plaintiff reaching its plant, which is near Charlestown.

—A petition, which was granted, was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday by John E. Long, administrator of the estate of Sophia Long, to sell five shares of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Charlestown, of the par value of $100 each, and three United States bonds of $500 each.

—The work of assessing the personal property in this township will be completed this week by the several deputy assessors, but there is considerable office work yet to be done by James Shider, Township Assessor. In the smaller townships the work has been completed several days.

—The opinion of the Supreme Court, reversing the finding of the Clark Circuit Court, in the action of John Bower and others against James W. Teegle, trustee of Charlestown township, to compel the opening of a school at Otisco, which was in favor of the defendant in the lower court, was spread of record in the Clark Circuit Court yesterday.

—In the two actions of David H. Huffstetter against William J. Lodsen to foreclose a chattel mortgage and for possession of a stock of goods, a reply was filed yesterday to the plea of abatement, which was that the defendant was a resident of Sullivan county when the suits were filed. The plea was denied and an issue was reached on the pleas.

—An appearance was entered yesterday in the Circuit Court by Burtt & Taggart for Louis S. Spieth and George Spieth, Jr., in the suit of Frank H. Spieth and others against the Supreme Lodge Knights of Honor for the collection of $1,000 alleged to be due the plaintiffs as heirs of Adam Spieth, Sr., on benefit certificate of $2,000.

—The directors of the Falls Cities Chautauqua were notified yesterday of the death of the Rev. Laurence Vaughan in a hospital at Dubuque, Iowa, but no further particulars were given. He was on the programme for the coming assembly on Tuesday night, August 3. He had been heard at three previous assemblies and was a great favorite with the residents of this city.

BLIND MAN'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM CREMATION.

A fire of unknown origin broke out in the rear of 634 East Jefferson street and destroyed several dwellings and compelled the occupants to flee in their night clothes. Two frame buildings and a two-story brick which were owned by Louis Stoke were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at $1,000.

John Carter, a blind peddler, whose room was in one of the buildings, was awakened at the last minute by one of the neighbors, and he narrowly escaped death.

A Constipation Remedy Free

There is no action of your daily life of greater importance than to see that your bowels move. They should move at least once a day naturally, and by that I mean without any help. If they do not move at least once a day you can consider yourself constipated and it is time you did something about it.

You will be glad to know there is a way out of the difficulty. Lemuel Landerdale, an old soldier at Quincy, Ill.; Elmer McMillan, of Speed, Mo.; Mrs. Monahan, of Stonewall, Miss., and many others were as you are now. But one day they awoke to the fact that Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin had startled their friends, so they bought it too and it cured them. To-day they are loud in praise of it.

What Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin did for them it should do for you. Surely your constipation is no worse than theirs, one of whom had it since '61. It only remains for you to realize that salts are of but temporary good, and what you want is a permanent cure; that purgative tablets, cathartic pills and such violent things make a great show of doing something, but do nothing that is lasting. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a scientific preparation, a laxative-tonic, a mild syrup liquid that contains ingredients that not only cure the constipation, but tone the intestinal muscles so that they learn again to work without help. A bottle can be bought of any druggist for the small price of 50 cents, and there is a dollar size for families who have already found out its wonderful value in stomach, liver and bowel troubles, in old or young.

Send your name and address to the doctor and a free trial bottle will be sent you so that you can test it before buying.

If there is anything about your ailment that you don't understand, or if you want any medical advice, write to the doctor, and he will answer you fully. There is no charge for this service. The address is Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 507 Caldwell bldg., Monticello, Ill.

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combines warm hospitality with cool, refreshing lake breezes. Away from the dust and noise of the city, yet only 10 minutes' ride by express trains from the theatre, shopping and business district. It is delightfully situated close to the famous golf links, lagoons and other attractions of South Park System. Has 450 large, airy, outside rooms and 250 private baths. Its beautiful lawns, shrubs, flower beds, tennis courts and nearby sandy beach add to the enjoyment of its guests. A broad veranda of nearly 1,000 feet on two sides overlooks Lake Michigan. Table always the best. One can enjoy all the summer galeties or find restful quiet in many cool, secluded nooks. Tourists and transient guests have every attention. Handsomely illustrated booklet free on request.

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THROUGH LIMITED CARS

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10 OTHER TRAINS DAILY

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A Principal Bank for a Growing City with a Standard of Established Strength.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

AT THE CORNER OF THIRD AND MAIN STREETS

HAS ONE MILLION OF ITS OWN CAPITAL

INVESTED IN GOLD BONDS ON HAND.

TO GUARANTEE YOUR DEPOSITS.

SIX MONTHS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED, BEARING THREE PER CENT. PER ANNUM INTEREST.

GRINSTEAD CANNOT SUCCEED HIMSELF

J. T. O'NEAL INTERPRETS THE MEANING OF "TERM."

DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN FOUR YEARS.

SPIRIT OF THE CONSTITUTION.

J. T. O'Neal, the Fusion nominee in 1905 for Mayor of Louisville, in an opinion given Geo. R. Newman, Jr., editor and publisher of the Herald, takes the position that Mayor Grinstead is not eligible to succeed himself. He takes the position that the word "term" does not necessarily mean four years.

The letter is as follows:

"I have given some consideration and some thought to the matter of Mayor Grinstead's eligibility for re-election. The question has been very forcibly presented by the Herald. Those who favor the Mayor's eligibility must necessarily admit that their construction of the Constitution is, to say the least, very doubtful. Mr. Grinstead is forced into the attitude of seeking an office when his title, if elected, will depend on a very narrow and technical construction of the Constitution, and when he must know that his title will certainly be questioned.

"His eligibility is made to depend on a strained construction of the word 'term.' It is claimed that the word 'term' means four years, beginning and ending at a fixed time. That such a construction is contrary to the spirit and true meaning of the Constitution can hardly be questioned by anyone. The intention of the framers of the Constitution, clearly expressed by the instrument itself, was to put it out of the power of the Chief Executive of a city of the first, second or third class to re-elect himself by the use of the vast patronage which attaches to the office. The Mayor has under him a large number of subordinates, and can bring to his assistance many powerful influences not personal to himself. To prevent the use of such means was clearly the purpose of the framers of the Constitution. The Constitution provides that if a vacancy in this office occurs and the unexpired term will end at the next succeeding annual election, etc., the office shall be filled by appointment for the remainder of the

OUR AMERICAN HOSPITALITY

Is famous the wide world over, and it is from this racial trait our national drinking customs have arisen. To heartily welcome a visitor or to entertain a friend has always been regarded as a sacred duty. And how can anyone be welcomed better than with hearty invitation to join with you in a glass or two of

Budweiser

The King of All Bottled Beers

This famous brew is "a friend" of every man who uses it. Not only is it a delightful drink in itself but, because of its tonic qualities, it is highly healthful. Good barley and hop beer has always been used by the strongest and most civilized nations of the earth.

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Local Photographs and Good, Lively Reading

in the

Illustrated Sunday Magazine

of the Courier-Journal.

Some of the Pictures Next Sunday—

- When Louisville Folk Go To Church—A bunch of interesting snapshots.
- How a New Face Is Being Put on the Courthouse.
- The Mountain Easter Hat.
- A Tree Freak in Louisville.
- Two Leaders in the Outdoor Art League.
- Photos By Amateurs.

Some of Those Who Contribute in This Number—

- John Kendrick Bangs,
- Julian Hawthorne,
- Eleanor Talbot Kinkead,
- Crittenden Marriott,
- Frederick Blair Jaekel,
- C. E. Mullin,
- Alice Benedict,
- E. M. McConville,
- Edwin Tarrisse.

The colored cover Sunday depicts a Japanese girl with a pet bird. The soft coloring of the Orient makes an effective frontispiece.

See that the Illustrated Sunday Magazine accompanies your copy of the Courier-Journal. If not a subscriber order one now from your news agent.

USEFUL WOMAN DEAD.

Mrs. Della Walling, of Campbellsville, Passes Away.

Campbellsville, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Mrs. Della Walling, wife of Pat. U. P. Walling, died Monday night at Elizabeth Hospital, Lebanon, after an illness of several months with heart trouble. The body was brought here for interment today at noon.

Mrs. Walling was a most progressive woman and was always at the head of every endeavor to forward the best interest of the town. She was president at the time of her death of the Campbellsville Circulating Library and also of Brookside cemetery. She leaves a devoted husband, two daughters and three sons.

Tobacco Worker Found Dead.

Middletown, O., May 11.—[Special.]—With his skull crushed, the body of George Kuntz, a tobacco worker, of Louisville, Ky., was found in a gravel pit here to-night. He was 38 years old and has relatives at Dayton, O., who have been notified.

Coroner Burnett is investigating the death, which is believed to have been accidental.

"GRAFTERS"

Scored by "Purge" Committee of Police Court.

DESCRIBED AS "VULTURES" WHO PREY ON THE POOR.

RECOMMENDS CERTAIN REFORMS TO JUDGE M'GEE.

TO SUSPEND NO MORE FINES.

Grafters were denounced and many remedies were suggested by the committee appointed by Judge McGee to investigate conditions that were alleged to exist about the Police Court. Judge McGee stated yesterday morning that the suggestions offered by the committee would be carried out. The report sets forth that many men have for years made a living by watching about the court for a chance to solicit clients for lawyers and beg mercy for prisoners.

The report of the committee, composed of Allen Kinney, Joseph Conkling and W. R. Wright, the latter colored, follows:

"Louisville, Ky., May 10, 1909—To the Hon. J. Wheeler McGee, Judge of the Police Court, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sir: Your committee, appointed by you to investigate conditons in and about this court, desire to make the following report:

"The faults existing in the Bond Commissioner's office, if there be such, are those that will have to be remedied by that official. We understand from him that he has directed his deputies to refuse as bondsmen certain people who have been making a practice of going on bonds. We believe he is in good faith in this matter, and that there will be no further complaint in that direction.

"We also find a number of replevin bonds in the hands of the bailiff, most of which were taken by the predecessor of the present clerk, some few by the present clerk, that were worthless. This, however, is not any fault of the clerk or his predecessor, as in each instance the bondsmen made oath that they owned property over and above their just debts and liabilities subject to execution to the amount of the bond required. We learn, however, that in some instances persons who are on these bonds and are perfectly able to pay same have been advised by someone unknown to this committee that they did not have to pay these bonds. We would suggest to the court that the names of these bondsmen who have been so advised by outsiders be learned from the bailiff, and that they be summoned to appear before this court and give the names of the people who have so advised them.

* *

Rout the Grafters.

The source of all the evil in and about the courtroom is founded on what is known as "grafters." These vultures are preying upon the poor and unfortunate who are presented before your honor daily. There is no trick nor any statement that they will not make to these unfortunate people if they believe they can derive a few dollars from them. They are found around the halls leading into the courtroom, as well as in the courtroom, daily. They have no business here and should not be tolerated in or about the building. They will bring odium on any court. Not these people in particular, but their kind. There are a lot of unscrupulous men, who, to gain their point and reap a few dollars, would make any statement to the Judge or Prosecuting Attorney. We would suggest that your honor direct the bailiff, who knows all of them, that they be driven from the courtroom and the halls leading thereto, and if they persist in coming in and about the court, that they be presented for loitering. We also suggest that the people who habitually make the courtroom a loafing place be ordered therefrom and warned to keep away by the bailiff. We desire to say these are not new conditions about this court, as they have existed for twenty years through any number of administrations, but each year finds a new set in larger numbers.

* *

Motions In Open Court.

We would suggest that no fine be modified or suspended, except in open court on motion of an attorney in the presence of the Prosecuting Attorney, and that if the party has no attorney that any request of the parent or any other person interested in the defendant's behalf, be made in open court in the presence of the Prosecuting Attorney.

We would suggest that no attorney or spectator be permitted in the prisoner's dock unless they are sent for by the prisoner, and that the bailiff be directed to allow no attorney or person to go in the prisoners' dock and talk to prisoners without first ascertaining from the prisoner if the party making the request was sent for by him or her.

We will furnish your bailiff with the list of names which has been given to this committee of persons who can be found in the Police Court room or the halls thereof, some of them daily, some others frequently. Some of them we know are men who are making a living getting clients for lawyers or begging people off from fines. Others among the list are habitual frequenters of the court and the halls, and while we do not know positively that they are engaged in seeking employment for lawyers, etc., they have no business about the courtroom and should be excluded therefrom.

If your honor will direct your bailiff to present all persons who loaf about the courtroom and the halls before your honor, and unless they can give some good and satisfactory reason for being there, order a warrant for loitering and send them to the workhouse, all trouble in this line will cease to exist. Respectfully submitted JOSEPH CONKLING
ALLEN KINNEY,
W. R. WRIGHT,
Committee.

RECIPIENT OF BLACK HAND LETTERS DIES.

Family of Salvatore Rizzo, of Cincinnati, Believe He Was Poisoned.

Cincinnati, O., May 11.—The police are investigating a "black hand" case which is revived by the sudden death of Salvatore Rizzo, aged 51 years, a fruit dealer. A few months ago he received three "black hand" letters demanding that he go to Pittsburg, Pa., with $10,000. Rizzo did not heed the demand. Last Saturday Rizzo became suddenly ill and to-day he died five minutes after two doctors had left his home. The doctors are inclined to believe that Rizzo died of natural causes, but his family fear he was poisoned by the "Black Hand."

The "Black Hand" gentry have been molesting the Rizzo family for some time. A few weeks ago they threw a bomb at the fruit store of Rizzo's cousin, Fred Cianciolo, but they missed the target and blew up an adjoining saloon. Cianciolo has received numerous "Black Hand" letters and has been forced to give up his store, the owner of the property fearing that the building would be destroyed.

ATTACKS MOTORMAN WHO KILLED HER SON.

Frantic Mother Taken Home By Police, and Then Attempts To Commit Suicide.

New York, May 11.—In response to a message that her 8-year-old son had been run over and killed by a Second-avenue trolley car at One Hundredth street, Mrs. Mary Allman ran to the scene and attacked the motorman and a street car company inspector, tearing part of their clothing from them. Two policemen took the frantic mother to her home, and there she tried to commit suicide by stabbing herself in the breast with a bread knife. Her husband disarmed her before she could accomplish her purpose.

In the meantime the motorman had locked himself inside the car as a precaution against a crowd of more than 500 wildly excited persons, who were trying to attack him. To rescue him the police reserves commandeered a grocery wagon, backed it up to the car, hustled the motorman into it and drove rapidly to the police station.

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED RMA

Last Chance to Have Your Railroad Fares Refunded

The rebating period of the Retail Merchants' Association closes Saturday, May 22. Out-of-town customers should visit Louisville before that date.

We have joined with the other merchants and newspapers to make it the banner bargain week of the season. We ask our friends and patrons living out of the city to take advantage of this offer and complete their spring and summer purchases.

Every department in our establishment will add its quota of bargains. The most striking values in Coat Suits, Princess Dresses, Waists, and other articles of ladies' raiment.

Besten & Langen

WOMAN'S MUTILATED BODY FOUND IN CEMETERY.

Evidences That Mrs. Laura E. Regester, of Cranston, R. I., Was Strangled.

Providence, R. I., May 11.—The terribly battered body of Mrs. Laura E. Regester, a Cranston woman, was found in the old Hebrew cemetery in Reservoir avenue, this city, to-day and marks on the neck indicated that the woman had been strangled. The woman's clothing was torn and the police expressed the belief that the woman had been murdered somewhere on the road and her body afterward dragged to the cemetery.

Mrs. Regester was 32 years old and had been divorced from her husband. It is understood that recently she became engaged to be married again. The last time she is known to have been seen alive was on an electric car last night.

EVANSVILLE'S OLDEST KNIGHT TEMPLAR DEAD.

Evansville, Ind., May 11.—Franz R. Caden, the oldest Knight Templar in Evansville and president of the Caden Stone Construction Company, died here to-day, ager 73 years. He was a native of Saxony and came to Evansville from Buena Vista, O., forty-five years ago.

DROPPED DEAD AT HOME OF DAUGHTER.

Madison, Ind., May 11.—John Kittle, an old soldier from Iowa, who was visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Shipman, dropped dead of heart disease.

ON GUARD

Soldiers Protecting Negroes At Benson.

LIVES ARE THREATENED BY NIGHT RIDERS.

EMPLOYED IN ROCK QUARRIES AT THAT PLACE.

COURT OF APPEALS DECISIONS

Frankfort, Ky., May 11.—[Special.]—Soldiers are on duty in Kentucky to-night for the first time in about six weeks or since the military department decided that the soldiers could be safely withdrawn from the night-rider districts. Four men of the Lexington company of the State Guards are on duty to-night at Benson to protect negroes from so-called night riders who have been threatening to kill the negroes. The workmen are all in a boarding-house in Benson and the four soldiers are doing guard duty around that house. They have orders to shoot in case any attempt is made to injure the negroes, and their rifles are loaded with ball cartridges.

Since the night-rider troubles in Western Kentucky have been settled soldiers have not been on duty in Kentucky at any point and the four on duty at Benson to-night are the only ones now doing duty at any point in Kentucky. At that, the soldiers were sent by Adjt. Gen. P. F. Johnston merely as a precautionary measure on account of the fact that men on horseback last night left dynamite scattered about the house where the negro laborers are living.

As a further warning to the negroes employed in the rock quarry at Benson on the L. and N. railroad, near Frankfort, to leave that section, several sticks of dynamite were left at the house of one of the workmen last night. The explosive was found this morning around the house and the discovery threw the negroes into a further state of terror. They were warned by the night riders last week that unless they left the quarry and Benson the rope and lash would be used and the finding of the dynamite served to further stir up the feeling of fear. The superintendent of the work at the quarry is having a hard time getting the negroes to stay at Benson and continue work in the quarry.

The sticks of dynamite were brought to Frankfort this morning and turned over to Adjt. Gen. P. P. Johnston, who has taken the matter up with Gov. Willson. Continued efforts will be made to discover who is responsible for the threats made against the negroes, but Gen. Johnston does not believe that the band known as the night riders have anything to do with the threats, believing that it is the work of several men who want to frighten the negroes away. The negroes have been assured that they will be amply protected and will not be harmed.

Button Loses.

In an opinion handed down by the Court of Appeals to-day the case of E. Button against the city of Louisville, on appeal from the Jefferson Circuit Court, was affirmed. Button, who has a store on Green street, near Fourth avenue, brought suit against the city for damages resulting from an obstruction and for water which was forced into his store while the Paul Jones building was being erected. The lower court decided against Button and this judgment is sustained, the higher court holding that the obstructions were not unreasonable.

* *

Other Opinions.

The court affirmed the judgment of the Kenton Circuit Court in the case of the city of Covington against John O'Meara, Jr. O'Meara was injured by being thrown from a wagon, which struck a hole in the street. He recovered judgment for $3,0[illegible].

The verdict of $3,000, in favor of Anna Woodward and against the Lexington Railway Company was affirmed by the court, this being the second appeal of this case. The woman was injured by the street cars in Lexington.

The court also affirmed the judgment of the Grayson Circuit Court in the case of the Illinois Central railroad against Warren Smith. Smith was injured when his team was frightened by a train on the railroad, and secured judgment for $700.

* *

Women Prisoners.

Two women convicts, from Louisville, were brought to the penitentiary here to-day after having been taken to Eddyville and been refused admission there. The women were Anna Gardner, sentenced to serve two years for manslaughter, and Lucy Banks, sentenced to serve one year for grand larceny. The women were taken to Eddyville with a batch of prisoners from Louisville, the Louisville officials not knowing that there is no women's department at Eddyville. There was a dispute to-day as to who had to pay the expenses of the trip to Eddyville and from Eddyville back to Louisville when W. L. Frantz, Deputy Sheriff, appeared at the Auditor's office to claim his fees, but finally the claim was allowed, it being held that the Deputy Sheriff had made an honest mistake.

* *

All Counties Assessed.

After two months' work the Board of Equalization to-day completed the work of equalizing the assessments for taxes in the counties all over the State. The board completed the work to-day by assessing the following counties:

Pike county, raised 5 per cent. on all property.

Letcher county, raised 5 per cent. on lands and personality.

Powell county, raised 5 per cent. on lands and personality.

The board now has only to tabulate and verify its figures and the report will be made to the State Auditor.

Corporations Assessed.

Final action on five corporations was taken to-day by the State Board of Valuations and Assessments, which fixed the franchise assessments for the companies. The Louisville Bridge Company was given a raise of $300,000, the franchise assessment being placed at $2,340,000. The following companies were also assessed:

Maysville Street Railway and Transfer Company $37,000.

Bath Home Telephone Company $8,000.

Fancy Farm Telephone Company, $1,500.

Red River Telephone Company, $7,500.

* *

Dying Man Paroled.

Because the prison physician recommended it on the ground that he is dying with consumption, John Shepherd, of Floyd county, was paroled this morning by the Prison Commission. Shepherd was sent up for twenty-one years in 1904 for manslaughter. He has really been a very sick man for several months, and has been gradually growing weaker, and Dr. Barr thinks there is no doubt about his having consumption. His father came here to take him home, as he was hardly able to travel alone.

Enters Race For Mayor.

Evansville, Ind., May 11.—[Special.]—Charles F. Heilman, son of the late Congressman William Heilman, to-day entered the race for the Republican nomination for Mayor, filing his petition with City Clerk William F. Dunn. This makes four active candidates in the field. The primaries will be held one week from to-day.

French China Dinner Sets

And All Other Things in Fine China

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

NOW IS A GOOD TIME TO REPLENISH your pantry with the best ware obtainable at lower prices than ever.

COUNTRY CUSTOMERS coming to the city during the rebate period will do well to give us a call.

J. DOLFINGER & CO.

460 Fourth Avenue.

Members Retail Merchants' Association.

MISSING PRINCE FOUND

"JOHN ORTH" WORKING AS MACHINIST IN OHIO.

Declares He Is Archduke Johann Salvator of Austria Who Married an Opera Singer.

Chicago, May 11.—The Journal to-day devotes its entire front page to the elaboration of an unequivocal statement that it has discovered the lost "John Orth," otherwise Archduke Johann Salvator, of Austria, Prince of the house of Hapsburg, who disappeared nineteen years ago after marrying Ludmilli Stubel, an opera singer. Briefly sketched, the Journal story says:

"John Orth" was discovered in Painesville, O., working as a machinist at $15 a week. Previously he had followed this occupation in Grand Rapids, Mich., and Cleveland, O. His reason for making his identity known at this time, the Journal states, was due to his advancing age and his desire that he might be buried in Austria.

Johann Salvator, as the alleged archduke has always been known since he left the court at Vienna, was married in London and he and his wife sailed to South America in the "Santa Margarita," a schooner which he had chartered. It has been generally believed that the archduke lost his life when the schooner sank off the coast of Chile. According to the story of the Painesville, machinist, he and his beautiful wife were not aboard the ship, but went ashore at Cusavana, a small port on the Rio de la Plata. It was planned that they should meet the ship at Valparaiso, but the craft sank en route.

The romantic couple drifted all over the world, finally taking up a plantation on the island of Martinique. When the first rumblings of Mount Pelee gave warning of the catastrophe which followed soon after, Johann Salvator made a hurried visit to the city to arrange to get his family away. But the warning had come too late. His wife and their two children were killed. Salvator, according to the Journal story, was rescued by a French gunboat and came to the United States.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF ALLEGED KIDNAPING.

Vincennes, Ind., May 11.—[Special.]—J. E. White, 35 years old, was arrested today after an alleged attempt to kidnap Willie Hamilton, 5-year-old son of Perry Hamilton, a wealthy resident of Vincennes. White says he is a machinist from Texas, but steadfastly refuses to reveal his home town, declaring: "I've gotten into a bad fix, and I would not have sisters know for the world that I am in jail."

Spring Buying Excursions To Louisville

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

The Retail Merchants' Association

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED APRIL 12 TO MAY 22

LOUISVILLE—the metropolis of Kentucky, the gateway of the South and the most attractive city of its size in the country—will at this particular time be fully equipped to provide out-of-town customers with their spring and summer needs. Every line known to retail merchandising is represented and handled extensively by one or more members of this association.

LOOK FOR THE R. M. A. CARDS IN THE WINDOWS.

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED RMA

RULES GOVERNING REBATE.

A purchase of $30.00, from any one or any number of the members of the Association, is required to obtain the rebate. Should your purchases amount to more than $30, an additional one per cent. will be refunded on all amounts in excess of $30.00.

Tickets rebated on a basis of one and one-third fare for round trip, if regular rates or one and one-third rates prevail. Should the rates be lower than one and one-third fare, the Association will refund on whatever the lower rate may be.

Limit of distance under which fares are rebated is 100 miles. Parties living beyond 100 miles, pay the difference.

Customers must show railroad or boat ticket (or conductor's or agent's receipt for fare paid) before Rebate Book is issued and rebate is paid.

Ask for Rebate Book in first store you enter belonging to the Association. Show your ticket or receipt and have the amount of your purchase entered in INK and the firm's name STAMPED under their printed name. Continue using this book until through shopping. Then bring your Rebate Book and railroad ticket (or receipt) to the office of the Retail Merchants' Association, Room 307 Urban Building, No. 122 Fourth avenue, between Market and Main, and your fare will be refunded in cash as explained above.

Positively no books rebated after the last day of the rebate period then in force.

Only one ticket will be rebated on one book.

Railroad passes will positively not be recognized for rebate.

Office hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

MEMBERS RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION:

LOUIS APPEL—Men's Furnishings and Hats, 442 W. Market and 507 Fourth.
THE ARONSON CO.—Cloaks, Suits and Furs, 354 Fourth.
J. BACON & SONS — Department Store, 332 W. Market.
THE BALDWIN PIANO CO.—Pianos, 529 Fourth.
AUG. R. BAUMER—Florist, Masonic Temple Bldg.
BESTEN & LANGEN—Ladies' Outer Garments, Furs, 533 Fourth.
THE BIG STORE—Clothing, Hats and Furnishings, 424 W. Market.
BOSTON SHOE CO.—Footwear, 534 and 553 Fourth.
BUECHEMEYER BROS. — Druggists, Fourth and Green.
BYCK BROS. & CO.—Footwear, 338 Fourth.
CRUTCHER & STARKS — Clothing, Furnishings, Hats and Shoes, Fourth and Jefferson.
J. DOLFINGER & CO.—China and House Furnishings, 584 Fourth.
T. B. DUNCAN & SONS—Wall Paper, 517 Third.
ECLIPSE COAL CO.—Coal, Lincoln Bldg.
GEO. G. FETTER CO.—Printers, Office Supplies, 424 W. Main.
GLOBE FURNITURE CO.—Furniture, 619 W. Market.
THE GOLDEN RULE STORE—Department Store, 335 Fourth.
JAS. GREENE—Furniture, 425 East Market.
H. J. GUTMAN & CO.—Cloaks, Suits, Furs, 521 Fourth.
HARTMAN FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.—Furniture and Carpets, 436 W. Market.
HAYS CLOAK AND SUIT CO.—Ladies' Outer Garments, Fourth and Jefferson.

MEMBERS RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION:

J. S. HILTON—Umbrellas, Gloves, etc., 413 Fourth.
HUBBUCH BROS.—Carpets and Rugs, 524 W. Market.
L. HUBER & SON—Jewelers, 356 W. Jefferson.
HUSCH BROS.—Cloaks, Suits, etc., 324 Fourth.
MATT IRION—Jeweler, 404 W. Market.
JONES & MILLER CO.—Hardware, etc., 316 W. Market.
KAUFMAN-STRAUS CO. — Department Store, 543 Fourth.
FRED W. KEISKER & SON—Furniture, 586 Fourth.
WM. KENDRICK'S SONS—Jewelers, 336 Fourth.
J. C. KIRCHDORFER—Stoves, Hardware, etc., Baxter and Christy aves.

MEMBERS RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION:

JAS. K. LEMON & SON—Jewelers, 511 Fourth.
LEVY BROS.—Clothing, Furnishings, Hats and Shoes, Third and Market.
JOHN C. LEWIS CO.—Department Store, 558 Fourth.
T. N. LINDSEY—Art Goods, 556 Fourth.
LOEVENHART & CO. — Clothing, Hats and Furnishings, Third and Market.
W. H. MATLACK — Plumber, 552 Fourth.
McGINN & HONAKER—Shoes, 638 Fourth.
W. H. McKNIGHT, SONS & CO.—Carpets and Furniture, Fourth and Walnut.
MONTENEGRO-RIEHM MUSIC CO.—Pianos, etc., 628 Fourth.

MEMBERS RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION:

NANZ & NEUNER — Florists, 656 Fourth.
NORMAN & TAYLOR—Carpets and Draperies, 520 Fourth.
OFFICE SUPPLY CO.—Printers and Office Supplies, 438 W. Main.
RAAB & BOHMER—Coal, 223 W. Market.
E. G. REIMERS—Florist, 1516 Baxter ave.
ROCHE & ROCHE—Men's Furnishings, Paul Jones bldg.
ROHRMAN ICE CO.—Ice, 510 Brook.
RODGERS & KRULL — Jewelers, Fourth and Green.
SCHOPPENHORST DRY CLEANING CO.—1026 W. Grayson.
SCHUPP & SCHMIDT MFG. CO.—Furniture, 421 W. Market.
SHAPINSKY & ROTHSTEIN — Dry Goods, Cloaks and Suits, 310 W. Market.
SOUTHERN OPTICAL CO.—Optical Goods, Fourth and Chestnut.
STARR-SCHWARTZ CO. — Ladies' Ready-to-wear, Millinery, 523 Fourth.
STERN'S—Dry Goods and Ladies' Outer Garments, 348 Fourth.
STEWART DRY GOODS CO.—Department Store, Fourth and Walnut.
HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.—Department Store, 414 W. Market.
VOLZ & MICHAEL—Shoes, 342 W. Market.
J. WINTER, JR., & CO.—Merchant Tailors, 228 Fourth.
GEO. WOLF & CO.—Jewelers, 528 Fourth.
WM. WOLF—Milliner, 708 Fourth.
ZAPP & SHORT CO.—Fancy Groceries, 324 W. Market.

CAUTION—Positively no books rebated unless above rules are strictly complied with.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

J. V. BECKMANN, Manager R. M. A., 122 Fourth Ave., Louisville, Ky.

MORE TRACK RECORDS LOWERED AT THE DOWNS

Moquette Clips a Second and Four-Fifths Off Time Set by Woolwinder For Mile and Seventy Yards.

FERENO RUNS A HALF MILE IN 47 SECONDS.

The Favorites and Second Choices Divide Card For Form Players.

CREEL RUNS SPARKLING RACE

Madman Shows His Heels To Fine Bunch of Sprinters In the Handicap.

COAST HORSES IMPROVING.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

FIRST RACE—Gerrymander, Schleswig, Mellowmint.
SECOND RACE—Slewfoot, Ethelburg, King Olympian.
THIRD RACE—Direct, First Peep, Dr. Barkley.
FOURTH RACE—Joe Morris, Frank G. Hogan, King Solomon.
FIFTH RACE—Marbles, Merrick, Gypsy King.
SIXTH RACE—Nadzu, Albert Star, Belleview.

THERE was a fair-sized crowd in attendance at the Downs yesterday and conditions for the day's racing were ideal in every respect. The weather was bright and just cool enough to make the afternoon an enjoyable one for those who journeyed to the course. The track was lightning fast. It was another day for the breaking of track records, two of them which had been in existence but a few days being replaced by new marks.

Moquette, winner of the fourth event, was the first to establish a new record, and he did it in handy fashion. The route was one mile and seventy yards and the Young colt took off one and four-fifths seconds from the time set by Woolwinder a few days ago.

Another of Mr. Young's thoroughbreds was responsible for a record-smashing feat in the fifth race at four furlongs. This was a 2-year-old affair, and Fereno, until yesterday a member of the maiden brigade, ran the distance in the fast time of 47 seconds flat. Considering the manner in which the daughter of Nasturtium won this event her performance was extremely brilliant, as she had daylight to spare when the judges' stand was reached with no punishment having been administered.

In the closing race Creel also reduced the record for one mile and seventy yards established by Woolwinder, but he had to be content with a fraction of a second in reaching the mark set by Moquette.

The speculation on the different contests was lively in both the machines and the auction pools. Those who are given to playing the choice were not disappointed at the end of the day, as the card was divided between favorites and outsiders. Turf Star, Moquette and Fereno were the three choices to get down to the wire in front, while Madman, Miss Strome and Creel rewarded those who were inclined to look beyond the favorite when placing a wager.

* * *

Miss Strome Wins In Opener.

Nine 3-year-olds and upward contested for a $300 purse at three-quarters of a mile. Of the original sixteen starters seven declined the issue. Goldproof, Miss Strome and Right Easy were the choice of the talent, and the three were played to the exclusion of everything else in the race. Goldproof going to the post the most favored. Starter Holtman, after some delay, got the field off to a good start, with Goldproof taking the lead, closely followed by Miss Strome and Addax. At the far turn Addax gave up the chase and Right Easy closed in on the bunch and in making the turn for home Miss Strome caught Goldproof, racing him into submission and drew away and won in a hard drive from Right Easy, which was only a head in front of Goldproof. Voting was fourth and was coming fast, and if the distance had been a few yards further the favorite would have finished outside of the money.

* * *

Turf Star's Easy Victory.

Two-year-olds held sway in the second race and were asked to go four and a half furlongs. Turf Star, in the auctions and the machines, always held the post of being the first choice, while Zahra and Pinkard were next in demand. Henderson, which showed a sharp turn of speed his last time out, was sold in the field with Lavenc, Clysmic and Hallack. The start was only fair. Henderson getting the best of it, but the advantage was only short-lived, as Powers, who had the mount on the favorite, Turf Star, took the first turn and from there on to the wire was never in danger of defeat, winning as his rider pleased. Henderson was closest in pursuit and he was attended closely all the way by Hallack and at one time during the race looked as if he would be second. Henderson went under the wire second by a length, while Hallack finished third. The latter ran a sparkling race for the first time out and will do to remember.

* * *

Madman In the Handicap.

A free handicap at six furlongs was the stellar attraction on the card. While the field was small, it attracted the best of the sprinting division at the track. Jacobite, Charley Ellison's crack sprinter, made his first appearance in this race and was liberally supported. The talent, however, settled on Dainty Dame to repeat her good performance of a few days ago, when the Handspring filly knocked the record to pieces for the distance. Enfield was well supported, while Madman was the choice of the horsemen and the wise fish about the track. Al Mueller was nibbled at by the long-shot players. The start was not of Starter Holtman's best, Madman getting the advantage at the start and set a terrific clip. Dainty Dame was close in pursuit, but gave up the chase at the sixteenth pole. Jacobite, coming from a long way back in the run through the stretch, finishing with a rush, easily took the second place. Dainty Dame had enough left to save the third place from Enfield. The latter was badly messed about by R. Williams, and with a good ride could not have been worse than third.

* * *

Moquette Breaks a Record.

The interest in the card was centered in the fourth race, in which some of the best horses at the track met to do battle for a purse of $400. Every horse in the race had supporters and the machines did a better business on this race than the three previous. Royal Tourist, Moquette, Zipango and Old Honesty were well played, while the public bombarded the machines on the quartet. St. Elmwood went to the front at the start and raced with the favorite, Moquette, for the first three quarters, then gave up. Royal Tourist and Old Honesty closed in at the turn for home, but never got to the leader, Moquette winning easily, while Royal Tourist and Old Honesty had a battle for second honors, Royal Tourist getting the choice by a length. Old Honesty had no trouble in saving the third position from Zipango. Miss Crawford wheeled as the barrier left and was pulled up after going a half mile.

Fereno Leads All the Way.

Maiden 2-year-olds held sway in the fifth race and twelve which have never earned brackets faced the starter. They were unruly and it took the starter six minutes to get them in line. Fereno, Patsalaga and Chanticlor, the latter by reason of having Powers up, was heavily played. Zephyr, which was also well backed, got the worst of the send-off to the straggling start. Fereno, taking the lead, had no trouble in going to the front and lasting long enough to be going under the wire a winner easily. Patsalaga was the runner-up all the way and had no contention for the place, while Chanticlor, with Powers up, finished with a rush and had no trouble in taking the third position from Creel. The latter, off none too well, ran greenly and will show improvement.

* * *

Creel Takes Last Race.

The last race, at a mile and seventy yards, resulted in some of the largest pools of the day being sold in the auctions. Several pools were sold that netted the winner $500. Woolwinder, on account of having a pull in the weights, was the choice and sold at the top price of $105, while Creel, in spite of taking up ten pounds in weight over his previous race, sold for $100. Richard Reed was next in demand, and Cymbal was fourth choice. It took just two minutes for the field to get away, Miss Crittenden and Aspirin being the first to show, while J. H. Reed was off third. Miss Crittenden set the pace to the head of the stretch, when Creel assumed the lead and, shaking off the pacemaker in the final run, won as his rider pleased. J. H. Reed hung on gamely and finished a good second, while Miss Crittenden managed to hold on long enough to save the third place from the fast coming Woolwinder. Woolwinder was a distant trailer the first part of the journey, but came with a belated rattle at the end. Aspirin showed a good turn of speed for seven-eighths, then quit. Cymbal ran below his form and can do better. Page got him into a pocket at the first turn and could never get through.

* * *

BASHFORD MANOR STAKES ON FOR THIS AFTERNOON.

For the ninth day's racing at Churchill Downs Secretary Lyman Davis presents for those who make the journey to the beautiful South Louisville course a card that fairly bristles from the standpoint of class and numbers. In fact, the programme is one of the best that have as yet been ladled out to the local turfites. The Bashford Manor Stakes, for 2-year-olds; a handicap, a purse race and three selling events complete the bill, and it will undoubtedly be productive of some very interesting sport.

The day's feature, the Bashford Manor Stakes, for 2-year-olds, distance four and one-half furlongs, is fourth to be decided, and has as eligibles to contest a baker's dozen of thirteen. Among them are some of the best youngsters shown at the meeting so far, and a battle royal can be expected throughout the short journey. Joe Morris, a grand colt, owned by R. H. Anderson, of Georgetown, Ky., which won in such slashing style from King Solomon and Donau on last Saturday, on the strength of that performance will likely be selected by the wiseacres as the favorite. Frank G. Hogan, belonging to Henderson & Hogan, and which made a splendid showing on several occasions in California the past winter, should be a contender if fit and ready to race. There is little doubt but that this youngster will be ready, however, as all starters from this barn have shown nice performances. King Solomon is preferred of the others for the show end, although Donau, Topland, Duquesne, Southern Gold and several others are not to be overlooked as having a good chance.

Six starters are to go in the first race, and it is a difficult matter to select one that will even occupy the position of favorite. Gerrymander, Schleswig and Mellowmint have done nicely in their trials here and are chosen in that order for the money positions.

In the second race nine are slated to travel the four and one-half furlong route, the event being for 2-year-olds, and Slewfoot is selected to catch the judges' eye first. Ethelburg, Hugh McCarren's fine youngster, will put up a stout argument for the long end, however, and may get home in front. King Olympian should defeat the others for the portion that goes to the one finishing in the three hole.

The third, at one and one-sixteenth miles, has but five starters, but what is lacking in numbers is made up in class. Direct, the Derby candidate from the barn of W. J. Young, looks best here, with First Peep and Dr. Barkley fighting it out for place honors. Lady Esther and Gliding Belle have an outside chance to collect the big end of the purse.

The limit of sixteen are to go six furlongs in the fifth, and Marbles, Merrick and Gypsy King look best of the bunch. Racing luck is a large factor in a contest of this kind, and the winner may come from anywhere. Tom McGrath, Palemon and several others are liable to be there with the goods when the line is reached.

The wind-up for the day is at one mile and one-eighth, and an even dozen long-distance nags are to take part. Nadzu, from his last race, should be first at the end, with Albert Star and Belleview right there fighting for the place. Grenade and Besterling are likely to show improvement and if so can be taken seriously with this kind. The indexed entries follow:

FIRST RACE—Selling; mile and one-sixteenth:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
38..	*Ludhiana	95	.....	*Green-bridge	100
.....	*Mrs. Sewall	95	23..	Queen's Message	100
55..	*The Missus	95	.....	Romp	102
72..	*Tom Hayward	97	24..	Broadside	102
79..	*Gerry-mander	97	21..	Silverado	102
7..	Kilvany	100	79..	Schleswig	105
67..	*Lady Ethelyn	100	68..	Mellowmint	105
66..	*Hugh Run	100	67..	Harkaway	105

SECOND RACE—2-year-olds; four and one-half furlongs:

74..	Prim Polly	98	83.. Gilpy 101
80..	Dick Goodhart	98	77.. King Olympian .101
.....	Don Antonio	101	[80] Slew Foot ..106
77..	T. M. Irvin	101	[58] Ethelburg ..115

THIRD RACE—Handicap; mile and one-sixteenth:

70..	Gliding Belle	90	46.. Direct 103
48..	First Peep	95	69.. Lady Esther 103
76..	Dr. Barkley	101	

FOURTH RACE — Bashford Manor Stakes; four and one-half furlongs:

83..	The Fad	110	77.. Duquesne ..118
.....	Eye White	110	77.. King Solomon 118
.....	*St. Deinlol	113	77.. Southern Gold 118
16..	*St. Dunstan	113	77.. Donau 118
77..	Relluf	113	[77] Joe Morris ..118
77..	King Olympian	113	59.. Frank G. Hogan 118

[83] Topland 118

FIFTH RACE—Selling; six furlongs:

56..	*Roseburg II.	96	49.. Bannock Bob 104
.....	*Hasty	97	66.. Usury 104
45..	Fulford	100	69.. *Grande .....
49..	*Gypsy King	101	Bard 105
51..	Chalice	105	
73..	*Marbles	101	73.. Harold Hall .107
63..	Rebel	102	..... Palemon 109
.....	Queen	102	66.. Tom McGrath 110
63..	Tamar	102	73.. Merrick 112
55..	Rustle	102	

SIXTH RACE—Selling; mile and one-eighth:

81..	Orly H.	101	72.. *Bonnie Bard 105
60..	*Imboden	101	
84..	*Besterling	101	48.. Arrowswift ..108
15..	Kennewick	102	..... Harting 108
60..	*Albert	104	78.. *Nadzu 110
.....	Queen	104	[81] Grenade 111
60..	Glivesdear	107	[78] Belleview 113

*Apprentice allowance.
**J. N. Camden entry.

* * *

CHAT OF THE COURSE.

The preliminary Derby trial, for 3-year-olds, to be run Wednesday, May 19, for a purse of $600, of which $100 goes to second and $50 to third, the weight being 110 pounds. Nonwinners of a 3-year-old race of $600 value, or of six races since July 1, 1908, are to be allowed five pounds; a stake or two races since May 1, 1909, seven pounds; a race since April 15, 1909, ten pounds; a race this year, thirteen pounds. Selling purses excepted. The distance is one and one-sixteenth miles, and the following horses are eligible:

WINTERGREEN, W. A. LEACH,
JEFF BERNSTEIN, T. M. GREEN,
MIAMI, WHITE FACE,
CRYSTAL MAID, OZANA,
WARFIELD, ADA MEADE,
DIRECT, WOOLWINDER,
FRIEND HARRY, THE PEER,
DR. BARKLEY, MADMAN,
SIR CATESBY, MICHAEL ANGELO,
CAMPEON, LO.
ALL RED,

* * *

E. D. Laurence, general manager of the Chattanooga meeting, which commences May 25, was a visitor at the track yesterday soliciting entries. The meeting is being backed by the best people of the town and they have deposited in bank the necessary $10,000 for the purses. The meeting is a forerunner of an exposition which will be held on the grounds following the race meet. A meeting of five days more will be held following that at Huntsville, Ala., and Birmingham. Secretary Laurence has the promise of 150 horses from here.

* * *

Word was received from Chicago yesterday that Doc Pangritz, the well-known horseman, is dangerously ill in that city. Jockey Kennedy, who is under contract to Pangritz, will hereafter be under the charge of James Blute, who will make his engagements.

* * *

Andy Ginter, the well-known Chicago horseman, was a visitor at the track yesterday and will remain during the rest of the meeting.

Al Muller was badly cut down on his left hind leg and it was bleeding profusely on his return to the stand.

* * *

One win and four seconds out of as many starts was the record for the California horses yesterday.

* * *

Henderson & Hogan's stable continues to keep "knocking at the door," yesterday two horses from their barn finishing second. But they have failed to annex the long end of the purse to date.

* * *

Creel is probably the most improved horse racing here. He seems to improve with each race and considering his impost his time was the best of the day.

* * *

Addax was the star special of the "smart" contingent and after being prominent early died away.

* * *

Ellison's two high class handicap horses, Jacobite and Royal Tourist, needed their races yesterday to put them on edge and they should be contenders in any company from now on.

* * *

Taplin didn't try one of those grandstand finishes with Madman yesterday, but was hard at it from the break to the wire.

* * *

Miss Crawford, at one time a breadwinner, belonging to W. W. Darden, was left at the post, but it isn't likely that the result of the race was materially effected by this.

* * *

J. W. ("Bub") May grabbed some get-away money with Turf Star.

* * *

McChord at one time could have beaten the kind he was in with in the first race yesterday and it appears that his days of usefulness are almost over.

* * *

Miss Crittenden, neglected in the betting, almost "spilled" the beans yesterday.

* * *

All the horses seem to be running to form and the keenest observer has no complaint to make on that score.

* * *

Moquette was whispered around as a good thing yesterday. He got away in front and won easily.

* * *

It is thought by many of the horsemen that Fereno would lead Turf Star a merry gait for four furlongs. Fereno lowered the track record yesterday, made by Turf Star, for this distance.

* * *

Jockey Taplin is a hustler and gets his mounts away quickly. He is a good boy and has many admirers here.

* * *

Jockey Lee has only ridden one winner at the local track during the meeting. The colored boy is not riding up to his old-time form.

* * *

Madman's last race with Enfield was a trifle short, but he was right on edge yesterday and came home an easy winner.

* * *

There was a good deal of money bet on Woolwinder and Cymbal in the last race yesterday. Cymbal was almost left at the post and the field refused to wait for Woolwinder. Creel, who ran second, might have won but for the fact that he was leg bound through the stretch, being between Creel and Miss Crittenden.

* * *

Goldproof was played in the first race as if it was all over but the shouting. Goldproof set a terrific pace to the head of the stretch, but was laying fast and Right Easy, which was played for the short end of the purse, beat him out.

* * *

Many a bankroll was shot to pieces in the third race. Enfield, Dainty Dame and Charlie Ellison's big sprinter Jacobite were the most favored. Mandie March set it in hook, sinker and line on the Ellison horse and as usual finished second.

* * *

Creel picked up ten pounds and then made the field in the last race look cheap. Woolwinder was thought by the wise contingent to have the race at his mercy, but Taplin waited too long.

* * *

Turf Star, making her fourth start and winning three, is a good record for the daughter of Nasturtium. The filly is bound to shine as one of the stars on the Canadian circuit.

* * *

Chanticlor, with Powers up, was the tip in the fifth race for maiden 2-year-olds, Chanticlor finished third, beaten off five lengths.

* * *

John Walters will take the Hendrie string to Latonia and wait until the meeting at Fort Erie begins.

* * *

At Sheepshead Bay yesterday morning a heavy mist, followed by a dense fog, interfered some with the training operations, though some of the horses were sent along very smartly, says the New York Telegraph. One of the best moves of the morning was that of Turncoat, one of the James R. Keene eligibles for the Metropolitan Handicap. Rowe sent him along in the yearling track. With a heavy boy in the saddle the colt stepped a mile in 1:43. The move was particularly impressive for the reason that he bore out slightly on the turn and was well in hand all the way. On this move it seems moderately certain that he will be the one to carry the Keene colors Thursday. Casque, another of the eligibles from the stable, was also brought out, but he had to be driven out to finish h mile in 1:45. Affliction was just galloped along for a mile in 1:56 in company with Sunbury and Hendley and she will hardly be sent in the opening handicap.

The Keene 2-year-olds were sent along in Indian file and nothing fast was asked of any of them. Hibernica is one in the lot that has been attracting attention and will doubtless be seen under colors at the Belmont Park meeting. He went along for three furlongs in :37 and was well in hand all through the move. Ultimus, the 2-year-old that has on frequent occasions shown well in his work, pulled up a little sore after showing a half in :52 2-5, and it is possible that he will have to be thrown out of training temporarily.

* * *

The mutuels and auctions handled $75,000 yesterday on the races at Churchill Downs.

* * *

Recent workouts at the Pimlico track follow:

Apologize—Three-quarters in 1:17⅘.
Adoration—Three quarters in 1:18.
Botanist—Three-quarters in 1:16 2-5.
Bobbie Kean—Half mile in :53.
Boz—Three quarters in 1:19.
Black Mose—Seven-eighths in 1:35.
Berkeley—Half mile in :51.
Cartwheel—Five-eighths in 1:05.
Columbus—Mile in 1:49⅘.
Callaen—Half mile in :52.
Culpepper—Half mile in :50⅘.
Dan de Noyles—Three-quarters in 1:20.
Dander—Three-eighths in :37.
Escutcheon—Half mile in :51.
Effendi—Three-eighths in :37⅘.
Great Jubilee—Mile in 1:56.
Golden Castle—Half mile in :53⅘.
Hurlock—Seven-eighths in 1:35.
Jeanette M.—Half mile in :53⅘.
Kempton—Mile in 1:48.
Lois Cavanagh—Mile in 1:44.
Laughing Eyes—Mile in 1:44⅘.
Lad of Langden—Half mile in :50.
Nihilist—Three-quarters in 1:15.
Newark Boy—Half mile in :50.
Polar Star—Mile in 1:48⅘.
Sally Preston—Half mile in :53.
Spooner—Half mile in :55⅘.
Taboo—Half mile in :52.
The Wrestler—Five-eighths in 1:04.
Van Dan—Three-quarters in 1:18.
Woodlane—Half mile in :56.
Zethus—Mile in 1:43⅘.
Later—Weather clear; track heavy.
Arendack—Three-eighths in :39.
Bedminster—Three-eighths in :37⅘.
Black Oak—Mile in 1:51.
Clements—Mile in 1:48.
Dispute—Mile in 1:56.
Dress Parade II.—Half mile in :53⅘.
Displace—Half mile in :54.
Font—Mile in 1:48.
Glopper—Half mile in :56.
Halifax—Three-quarters in 1:20⅘.
James B. Brady—Five-eighths in 1:02⅘.
King's Plate—Three-quarters in 1:17 4-5.
Littleton Maid—Three-quarters in 1:20⅘.
Lothario—Five-eighths in 1:05.
Little King—Five-eighths in 1:05.
Michael Beck—Three-eighths in :40.
Mazuma—Mile in 1:55.
Muck Rake—Three-quarters in 1:20.

* * *

The following persons have been given training and riding licenses by the Jockey Club:

TRAINERS.

W. H. Brooks,	S. J. Lawler,
Richard Bauer,	Fred Musante,
J. Galen Brown,	Ed Moore,
Andrew G. Blakeley,	P. J. Malone,
C. W. Carroll,	Jere Mahoney,
Lee Christy,	P. J. Miles,
Charles J. Casey,	John Miller,
Fletcher Campbell,	Frank McCabe,
O. J. Dechert,	Thomas Nepper,
A. P. Doyle,	Adam J. Oterlin,
S. C. Evans,	Kimball Patterson,
Matthew Feakes,	James Robertson,
A. J. Goldsborough,	W. R. Sallee,
W. G. Griffin,	Frank J. Stevens,
Harry Hall,	F. M. Taylor,
William Hurley,	William Weir,
W. S. House,	Frank Weir,
John Huggins,	A. Zimmer.

JOCKEYS.

J. Butwell,	Phil Musgrave,
W. Buxton,	Albert Martin,
Guy Burns,	M. Mercado,
Sydney J. Davis,	C. L. Miller,
Arthur Delaby,	J. McIntyre,
James Glass,	Oscar Ofain,
Edward Griffin,	Vincent Powers,
J. Howard,	Van Hightmire,
J. Kennedy,	C. Russell,
A. Keating,	Richard Scoville,
F. H. King,	Benjamin Valentine,
Walter Miller,	Elliott Walke.

The following trainers and jockeys' licenses were laid on the table, as recommended by the license committee:

Trainers—R. L. Delisser, T. F. Martin, James F. McCauley, John J. McCafferty, Peter McIntyre and William M. Sheedy.

Jockeys—Charles Edward Gross and F. Pinkham.

For the spring meeting of the Westchester Racing Association at Belmont Park, August Belmont, H. K. Knapp and H. J. Morris were appointed stewards.

MORE ENTRIES FOR THE AMATEUR BOXING BOUTS.

One of the added attractions to the amateur bouts at the Armory next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings will be a "battle royal." About a dozen negroes will take part in the whirlwind mix-up, and it should provide lots of fun. That there will be a large crowd witness the amateur scrappers is evident, as already hundreds of inquiries for seats have been made to the committee in charge of the affair. In anticipation of a big crowd there will be arranged a seating capacity for about two thousand. The ring will be put upon a raised platform and above it will be five hundred seats, while on the floor of the armory will be 1,500 other seats. The worst seat in the house is even every seat.

Four new entries were made yesterday and strangely enough they were all middleweights. The most prominent entry was that of "Wincie" Scavo, who has considerable experience as a boxer. He has appeared in the ring on several occasions and is believed to be one of the best boxers that have entered for this division.

Harry Sullivan, who three years ago boxed under the name of the "Highland Lad," is anxious to mix it up with the amateurs, provided he is reinstated in the amateur ranks. If he will declare his intention not to engage in any further professional competition he has a chance to be reinstated, as the Western A. A. U. has ruled that after a lapse of three years an athlete could be reinstated provided that he declared his intention of remaining in the amateur ranks. Sullivan is a fast, speedy bantam and would make the others step a little faster to win.

Marvin Hart has sent word that he will gladly act as referee of the bouts. The big fellow is apparently very enthusiastic over the introduction of the amateur sport and has given many useful hints to the committee in charge of the tournament.

One of the most promising boys that will appear at the show is Ralph Owen, of the Y. M. C. A. He will box in the 125-pound class. Owen is a natural hitter. All of his blows are of the short-arm variety and shoot in with terrific force. He is fairly clever. Owen has displayed great aptitude and has all the earmarks of a comer. In his workouts at the armory he has forced all of his sparring partners to retire. They simply couldn't stand the gaff that the Y. M. C. A. boxer handed to them.

James J. Burke

Expert Handicapper and Clocker.

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To-Day 15 to 1

Here are some of my specials I gave my clients yesterday:

MISS STROME - - - WON
TURF STAR - - - - WON
MADMAN - - - - WON
MOQUETTE - - - - WON

This is the kind of information I give out day after day. Does that look like I am getting inside track information or not? Don't, under any circumstances, fail to get my special to-day.

TURFMEN WIN THEIR CASE IN WEST VIRGINIA COURTS.

Charleston, W. Va., May 11.—[Special.]—The turfmen won their case against the Brooke county authorities through a decision of the State Supreme Court this morning, which dissolved the perpetual injunction against them, granted by the Circuit Court of Brooke county. When the turfmen were run out of Pittsburg they came to Brooke county and started business there, running excursions from Pittsburg to their new field of operation. Action against them by the Brooke county authorities resulted.

The court holds that while the business may be unlawful it cannot be abated by injunction unless damage to property is shown, such not having been alleged in the case.

Walker Weston At Solomon.

Salina, Kas., May 11.—Edward Payson Weston had planned to reach Salina to-night, but decided to end his day's journey at Solomon, Kas., fourteen miles east of here. Weston will start from Solomon before daybreak to-morrow and expects to reach Salina by 9 o'clock.

We claim that Franklin automobiles run with less tire trouble and less tire expense than any other automobile because we use larger tires for less weight.

The reliability question of automobiles is the tire question. The Franklin with its tire equipment is by far the most reliable automobile on the road today.

You may not mind the heavy expense, but you do mind the delay and annoyance of tire trouble.

Freedom from tire trouble with the consequent gain in reliability puts the Franklin in a class by itself.

Franklins have practically no tire trouble.

Model D, $2800, weight 2200 pounds

The tires on Franklin Model D are as large as used on other automobiles a thousand pounds or more heavier.

And all Franklins are a third to one-half lighter than water-cooled automobiles of equal ability.

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the foremost mills of the world produce is in my stock.

$15, $16, $18, $20, $22 and $25

are my prices for a Suit or Topcoat to your order.

EDWARD HART, 402 W. Market St.

SIR WOOSTER IN FEATURE RACE

Scores An Easy Victory In Consolation Steeplechase At Pimlico.

ORDINARY CARD IS RUN OFF.

Track, In Spite of Recent Rains, Is Fast Enough To Please a Fair-Sized Crowd.

TASLEY PROVES A SURPRISE.

BALTIMORE, May 11.—Sir Wooster, who has shown much class over the local jumps, was an easy winner of the Consolation Steeplechase, the feature of the day's racing at Pimlico. A fair-sized crowd witnessed a card that contained nothing of importance. The track, despite recent rains, was good. Summaries:

First Race—Four and one-half furlongs:

Meganic, 107 (Goldstein), 1 to 2			1
Fauntleroy, 107 (McIntyre), 20 to 1			2
Johnny Wise, 112 (Griffin), 20 to 1			3

Time, :56 3-5. Polly Lee, Newark Boy, Dave Nicholson, Momus, The King, and John Reardon also ran.

Second Race—Six furlongs:

Tasley, 100 (Goldstein), 11 to 5			1
King Cobalt, 120 (Wolke), 2 to 5			2
Effendi, 103 (Doyle), 15 to 1			3

Time, 1:15⅘. Only three starters.

Third Race—Selling; mile and a sixteenth:

Hiacko, 107 (Hinchcliff), 10 to 1			1
Disputo, 100 (Goldstein), 8 to 1			2
Mystifier, 104 (Reid), 5 to 2			3

Time, 1:51 2-5. Clements, Mr. Millstone, Great Jubilee, Gus Helm, Havre, Miss Catesby and Delestrome also ran.

Fourth Race—The Consolation Steeplechase; about two miles:

Sir Wooster, 146 (Davidson), 4 to 5			1
Reginald, 132 (Lynch), 3 to 1			2
Jim McGill, 146 (Williams), 6 to 1			3

Time, 4:25. Pride of Ivanhoe and The Dane also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling; six furlongs:

Racquet, 112 (Powell), 15 to 1			1
Good Heart, 102 (Bergen), 10 to 1			2
King Sol, 120 (Harty), 30 to 1			3

Time, 1:16 4-5. Edgely, Golden Legend, Brown Tony, Lucille R. Tillinghast, Golden Castle, George W. Leboit, Belle of Phoenix, Silverin and Soil also ran.

Sixth Race—Selling; one and one-sixteenth miles:

High Range, 100 (Goldstein), 5 to 1			1
Summer Night, 95 (McCahey), 8 to 1			2
Belle Scott, 107 (Harty), 7 to 1			3

Time, 1:49 3-5. Melbourne Nominee, Miss Marjorie, Aster d'Or, Wes, Kempton, Deburgo and Hawk Wing also ran.

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Four and a half furlongs; maiden 2-year-olds:

Rebellion	107	Luretta	107
Raffaello, Jr.	107	Good Intent	110
Wildfire	107	Isleton	110
Calypte	107	Dress Parade II.	110
Kyrat	107	Pimlico	110
Lillie Hoy	107		

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; 3-year-olds and up; selling:

Red River	117	Maxim Gun	93
Horace E.	107	Our Maggie	93
Rosimico	108	Selvoltdie	103
Font	100	Consistent	103
Lothario	110	Margaret	108
Charivari	110		

THIRD RACE—One mile, the Preakness Stakes; 3-year-olds:

Statesman	126	Pocomoke	116
Fashion Plate	111	The Gardener	116
Traveller	111	Arendack	106
Michael Beck	111	Gretna	106
Sans Souci II.	111	Siskin	121
Hill Top	111	Trance	121
Effendi	111		

FOURTH RACE—About two miles, the Mount Washington Steeplechase; 4-year-olds and up:

Waterway	155	Dr. Keith	150
Thistledale	155	Alabama	139
The Dane	132	Canvas	147

FIFTH RACE—One mile; 3-year-old fillies:

Ballet Girl	100	Hurlock	100
Silk Hose	100	Indomitable	100
Constellation	100		

SIXTH RACE—One mile and an eighth; 3-year-olds and up; selling:

Gus Helm	102	King of Bashan	116
Jeanette M.	94	Roseferton	104
Court Lady	99	Cunning	104
Lady Karma	109	Lally	119
Adoration	114	Zethus	119

SEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs; 3-year-olds and up; selling:

Indian Hunter	95	Momentum	100
Sally Preston	104	St. Jeanne	102
Chief Hayes	107	Simple Honours	105
Geo. W. Leboit	92	Laura A.	103
Coon	108	Ida D.	103
Ragman	90	Racinette	103

MUCH INTEREST IN COMING HIGH SCHOOL-MANUAL GAME.

When a comparison is made of the High School and Manual teams, which play their first championship game at Brook and Woodbine streets on Saturday the scores they have made against the same teams show them perfectly matched. But if the two clubs are considered individually the Purple looks to have a slight advantage.

In Rieser, DeHart, Dosker and Foley High School has the best infield that has ever represented either school. Yet even at that the Reds' inner works are little less efficient. Payne, Culp, Lewis and O'Bannon are also a veteran quartet and play fast ball.

The Purple outfield is lightning fast, but its stick work is not so strong as that of the infield, which bats at a .300 clip. The Manual outer gardeners, with the exception of Weisenstein, are not the equal of their rivals, but Weisenstein, though he has the reputation of a slugger, a has never been able to do anything against High School.

It is in her battery that Manual regains what she loses in infield and outfield. Johnson, the Reds' pitcher, is a veteran, while neither Howard nor Abbett has ever faced Manual. Both, however, are naturally better twirlers than Johnson and should have no trouble in holding up their end in a battle.

In Schmidt, who handles the catcher's glove for Manual, the Crimson has the best backstop that has ever worn the suit. He is not only a strong, natural fielder and thrower, but is also a heady player. He is Manual's captain and from the position he occupies behind the bat has ample opportunity to direct his team and hold it together.

Stites, High School's catcher, is new to the team, while Schmidt has caught at Manual for four years. Stites is a promising player, whose throwing is good enough to catch such crack base runners as those on the Y. M. C. A. nine and whose batting average is .297, but of course, he lacks much of the snap and head work that come only with experience. However, he has the High School "class" and spirit, and the Purple rooters know that he will give a good account of himself on Saturday.

Southern Tennis Games.

Atlanta, Ga., May 11.—To-morrow will complete the play in the contest being waged here between representatives of Southern colleges for the intercollegiate championship of the South in singles and doubles:

In the semi-finals, singles, to-day, Carter, of Georgia, defeated Patterson, of Georgia Tech, 6-0, 6-0. To-morrow, W. R. Holmes, of Georgia, will play Jordan, of Trinity, in the finals, the winner then playing Carter for championship in singles.

The results in the doubles to-day were as follows:

Carter and W. R. Holmes, of Georgia, defeated W. B. Holmes and Slack, of Georgia, 6-0, 6-1.

Vangilder and Ayres, of Tennessee, defeated Briggs and Jordan, of Trinity, 4-6, 7-5, 6-0.

Glover and Clark, of Georgia Tech, defeated Beasley and Smith, of Auburn, 6-1, 6-2.

Wright and Griffith, of Georgia, won by default over Lowery and Lowery, of Mississippi.

Augusta Forfeits a Game.

Augusta, Ga., May 11.—Augusta this afternoon had the second forfeited game of the season chalked up against it. At the end of the second, McMahon was on first and Lee caught him napping. He claimed a balk. The umpire was firm and McMahon was ordered out of the game, also died. The game was forfeited when Catalpa failed to get his men back on the field. The score stood 6 to 0 in favor of Jacksonville when the game was forfeited.

TWO LOUISVILLE COUPLES WED IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

John L. Walker, a bill clerk, and Miss Rena M. Sanders, a dressmaker, both of Louisville, were married in Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon by Magistrate James S. Keigwin. The bridegroom was born in Benton, Ky., twenty-one years ago next October and is a son of David Walker, a farmer, who lives near Brandenburg. The bride is a native of Leitchfield, Ky., and will be 25 years old next December. Her father, who was Bartley Sanders, is dead. An affidavit as to the ages of the pair was made by William Sanders, a relative of the bride.

Owen Gano Jones, a motorman, and Miss Jessie L. Slack, residents and natives of Louisville, were married in Jeffersonville yesterday morning by Magistrate Hay. The bridegroom will be 22 years old next October and is a son of William Jones, retired. The bride will become 20 years old in July and is a daugh

LUCKY HOMERUN CAUSES DEFEAT

McCormick Puts Ball Over Fence With Clark On the Bases.

COLONELS ARE AGAIN BEATEN.

Selby Pitches a Masterly Game of Ball, But Is Unable To Check the Losing Streak.

PEITZ'S MEN FIGHT TO END.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 11.—[Special.]—Though Selby pitched a beautiful game to-day, a lucky home run over the left field fence by Barry McCormick in the second inning, with Clarke on first, proved enough to beat the youngster by the score of 2 to 1. McCormick hit a high, speedy one and it went sailing over the fence. It was a lucky clout at best, and it robbed the youngster of a game which his excellent pitching should have produced a Louisville victory.

Opposed to Selby was big Frank Schneiberg, who went on the rubber for the second time this season. The big Dutchman was in grand form and though allowing the Colonels seven safe hits, kept them so well scattered that not until two men were out in the ninth were the visitors able to get a run across the platter.

In this inning Delehanty started off by hitting a double to left. Landreth and Tate were easy outs, but Olsen smashed a hot one through Robinson and Delehanty traveled home. At all other stages of the game "Schny" pitched masterly ball, holding the hard-hitting Colonels safe whenever danger threatened.

Outside of the second Selby pitched a beautiful game. In this inning Randall started off with a single to right. He was forced at second by Clark. Then McCormick hit his homer and the game was won.

The Colonels never quit for a second, but kept fighting to overtake the leaders, in almost every round they got a man as far as third and once got one around, but Schneiberg always fooled the batters in the pinches, and there was nothing doing.

Manager McCloskey, of the Brewers, has practically completed a deal with the Chicago National League Club for Outfielder George Browne, who was with the Giants and Boston last season. In case the deal goes through, Collins will probably be released. The score:

Mil.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Le'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Robinson ss.	4	0	1	6	Dunleavy cf.	4	0	1	0
Barry 2b.	4	0	0	2	Goodrich lf.	4	0	2	0
McGann 1b.	3	0	11	0	Delehanty rf.	3	2	2	0
Randall cf.	4	1	2	0	Landreth rf.	4	1	0	0
Clark 3b.	2	1	2	1	Tate 1b.	3	0	8	1
McC'mick 2b.	3	2	1	4	Olsen 2b.	3	1	2	4
Mosiette c.	3	0	6	0	Quinlan ss.	3	1	4	2
Johns lf.	2	2	2	1	Hughes c.	3	0	6	2
Schneib'g p.	3	1	0	3	Selby p.	2	1	1	2
Totals	28	8	27	14	Totals.	30	7	24	12

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Milwaukee	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base Hits—Collins, Delehanty. Home Runs—McCormick. Stolen Bases—Clark, Landreth. Double Plays—Selby and Tate; Robinson, McCormick and McGann 2. Olsen and Tate. Left on Bases—Milwaukee, 5; Louisville 6. First Base on Balls—Off Selby 3. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Schneiberg, Delehanty and Quinlan. Struck Out—By Schneiberg 3; by Selby 4. Passed Ball—Hughes. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Conahan and Owens.

* * *

Columbus 5, Minneapolis 2.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 11.—The Columbus team hit opportunely to-day and took the third game of the series by a score of 5 to 2. Linke, almost without exception, escaped in the pinches. Score:

Minneap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Col'mbus.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Oyler ss.	3	0	4	0	Clarke lf.	4	2	3	0
Wheeler lf.	5	0	0	0	Odwell 1b.	4	1	7	0
Dowse 2b.	5	0	2	5	Consalius 2b.	4	0	2	1
Collins 3b.	5	1	1	2	James c.	3	1	9	0
O'Neill cf.	3	0	1	0	Kruker cf.	4	3	1	0
Quillen 1b.	4	0	12	0	Large ss.	3	2	0	4
Quillen rf.	3	2	0	0	Fyfe 3b.	4	0	0	2
Kahoe c.	4	1	4	2	O'Rourke 2b.	3	0	3	2
Wilson p.	2	1	0	4	Linke p.	3	0	1	1
Totals.	34	5	27	13	Totals.	31	8	27	9

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	—2
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	—5

Two-base Hits—Dowse, Quillen, Kruger, Sacrifice Hits—Wilson, Linke. Sacrifice Fly—Large. Stolen Bases—O'Neill, Quillen, Kruger, James, Odwell, Clarke 2. Double Plays—Minneapolis 1; Columbus 5. Double Plays—Consalius and Odwell; Friel and Odwell. Struck Out—By Linke 8; by Wilson 3. Bases on Balls—Off Wilson 3; off Linke 3. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Linke, Oyler. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—King.

* * *

St. Paul 7, Toledo 4.

St. Paul, May 11.—Both St. Paul and Toledo experimented with young pitchers to-day. Holmes, who started for St. Paul, lasted only two innings and was replaced by Gehring, who pitched good ball. Pinckney pitched the whole game for Toledo and St. Paul hit him opportunely, winning the game by a score of 7 to 4. Score:

St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Davis cf.	3	1	3	0	McCarthy ss.	4	1	1	3
Arbuckle rf.	3	1	1	1	Hinchman 2b.	4	0	2	4
Bemis 2b.	4	0	2	4	Mahoney cf.	4	0	2	0
Flynn 1b.	4	2	16	0	Hickman lf.	4	2	2	0
O'Brien 2b.	4	2	2	2	Seybold rf.	3	1	1	0
Carlisle c.	4	2	5	2	Ewers 3b.	4	1	0	2
Cockman 3b.	4	1	0	1	Daubert 1b.	3	1	11	0
Wrigley ss.	3	1	3	4	Clarke c.	3	0	2	0
Holmes p.	0	0	0	0	Pinckney p.	3	0	1	2
Gehling p.	3	1	1	1					
*Leisc.	1	0	0	0	Totals.	32	8	24	19

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
St. Paul	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	—7
Toledo	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4

*Batted for Holmes in second.

Errors—Flynn, Hickman 2. Two-base Hits—Cockman, McCarthy, Smoot, Hickman 2. Seybold. Daubert. Home Run—Elwert. Stolen Bases—Davis, Daubert. Double Plays—Hinchman and Daubert; Mahoney and Clarke; and Daubert; Wrigley and O'Brien; Wrigley, O'Brien and Flynn. Hits—Off Holmes 2 in 2 innings; off Gehring 6 in 7 innings. Bases on Balls—Off Holmes 1; off Gehring 1; off Pinckney 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Armbruster. Struck Out—By Gehring 1, by Pinckney 1. Sacrifice Hits—Wrigley 2, Wrigley. Left on Bases—St. Paul 5, Toledo 3. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Eckman and Sullivan.

* * *

Kansas City 5, Indianapolis 1.

Kansas City, May 11.—Two hits and three passes in the sixth inning, coupled with some excellent base running, gave Kansas City the victory over Indianapolis to-day. Hogh Flaherty and Cheney pitched good ball, but the visitors were unable to find Flaherty at opportune times. Score:

K. City.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Indianap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Shannon cf.	2	0	2	0	Chadwick lf.	4	1	2	0
Beckley 1b.	4	2	17	1	McConnell cf.	4	2	0	0
Love ss.	3	0	2	2	Holden rf.	4	0	2	0
Hetling 3b.	3	0	0	2	Carr 1b.	4	0	9	0
Brashear 2b.	3	2	2	1	Burke 3b.	4	1	0	1
Carisle lf.	3	0	1	0	Rotrige 2b.	4	0	0	1
Hallman rf.	4	1	2	0	Shay ss.	3	0	2	4
Sullivan c.	4	1	1	2	Hogks ss.	3	1	2	1
Flaherty p.	3	0	1	0	Cheney p.	3	0	1	2
					Howley.	1	0	0	0
Totals.	29	6	27	18	Totals.	33	7	24	10

*Batted for Hogks in ninth.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	—5
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Errors—Hetling, McCheney, O'Rourke. Two-base Hits—Beckley, Burke. Three-base Hit—Beckley. Left on Bases—Kansas City 6; Indianapolis 7. Base on Errors—Indianapolis 1. Stolen Bases—Shannon 3; Brashear 2, Love, Hetling, Hallman, Carlisle. Struck Out—By Cheney 3; by Flaherty 3. Sacrifice Hits—Off Cheney 5. Hit by Pitched Ball—Love. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Hayes.

* * *

St. Xavier and Manual.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock St. Xavier will play the Manual baseball team at Manual Park. St. Xavier is much encouraged by the recent victory over the Medics and hope to hold Manual to a very close score. Batteries—Moore and Schmidt for Manual and Scully and Powell for St. Xavier.

New Players For Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, May 11.—The Minneapolis baseball club has purchased Catcher Mike Kahoe from the Washington club and Catcher Dexter from the Des Moines Western League club.

REDS WIN FROM BOSTON DOVES

Pittsburg Takes Philadelphia Into Camp by One-Sided Score.

CHICAGO DEFEATS NEW YORK.

St. Louis, Boston, Chicago and Detroit Are Winners In the American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

MILWAUKEE	2	KANSAS CITY	5
LOUISVILLE	1	INDIANAPOLIS	0
COLUMBUS	5	ST. PAUL	7
MINNEAPOLIS	2	TOLEDO	4

National League.

PITTSBURG	7	CINCINNATI	1
PHILADELPHIA	1	BOSTON	6
CHICAGO	5	DETROIT	1
WASHINGTON	3	NEW YORK	5

American League.

ST. LOUIS	3	BOSTON	5
PHILADELPHIA	0	CLEVELAND	1
CHICAGO	5	DETROIT	1
WASHINGTON	3	NEW YORK	5

Southern League.

LITTLE ROCK	3	NASHVILLE	7
MEMPHIS	2	BIRMINGHAM	3
NEW ORLEANS	3	MONTGOMERY	7
MOBILE	2	ATLANTA	5

Central League.

ZANESVILLE	7	GRAND RAPIDS	6
SOUTH BEND	2	TERRE HAUTE	4
EVANSVILLE	4		
FORT WAYNE	2		

Bluegrass League.

PARIS	8	WINCHESTER	6
SHELBYVILLE	4	LEXINGTON	0
RICHMOND	19		
FRANKFORT	8		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	16	5	.762	Toledo	10	13	.435
Louisville	14	10	.583	Kansas City	9	12	.429
Indianapolis	13	12	.520	St. Paul	8	11	.421
Minneap.	10	12	.455	Columbus	10	16	.400

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	14	7	.667	Brooklyn	9	10	.474
Chicago	13	10	.565	Cincinnati	11	13	.458
Philadel.	10	8	.556	New York	8	10	.444
Boston	9	10	.474	Boston	9	16	.375

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	15	5	.750	Philadel.	9	9	.500
New York	11	8	.579	Cleveland	9	11	.450
Boston	11	9	.550	St. Louis	6	13	.316
Chicago	11	10	.524	Washington	6	13	.278

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Nashville	14	8	.636	New Orleans	12	12	.500
Mobile	12	9	.600	Birmingham	10	12	.455
Little Rock	13	9	.591	Montgom'y	9	13	.409
Atlanta	11	9	.550	Memphis	7	16	.273

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Grd Rapids	6	1	.857	Dayton	3	4	.429
Zanesville	5	3	.625	Wheeling	2	3	.400
Fort Wayne	6	3	.667	Terre Haute	3	6	.333
Evansville	3	5	.546	South Bend	2	6	.250

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Richmond	10	1	.909	Frankfort	3	8	.315
Winchester	7	3	.700	Lexington	3	8	.300
Shelbyville	4	5	.444	Paris	1	9	.100

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE at MILWAUKEE.
INDIANAPOLIS at KANSAS CITY.
TOLEDO at ST. PAUL.
COLUMBUS at MINNEAPOLIS.

National League.

PITTSBURG at PHILADELPHIA.
CINCINNATI at BOSTON.
CHICAGO at NEW YORK.
ST. LOUIS at BROOKLYN.

American League.

WASHINGTON at CHICAGO.
PHILADELPHIA at ST. LOUIS.
NEW YORK at DETROIT.
BOSTON at CLEVELAND.

Southern League.

BIRMINGHAM at LITTLE ROCK.
ATLANTA at NEW ORLEANS.
MONTGOMERY at MOBILE.

Bluegrass League.

LEXINGTON at WINCHESTER.
FRANKFORT at RICHMOND.
PARIS at SHELBYVILLE.

Central League.

ZANESVILLE at SOUTH BEND.
TERRE HAUTE at GRAND RAPIDS.
WHEELING at SOUTH BEND.
EVANSVILLE at GRAND RAPIDS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago 4, New York 3.

New York, May 11.—Errors by Doyle and Bridwell helped Chicago to defeat New York to-day by a score of 4 to 3. The visitors earned their first two runs by hard hitting, but the last tallies were the result of misplays. The feature of the game was the centerfield play of O'Hara. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Evers 2b.	3	1	3	2	Tenney 1b.	3	0	13	0
Sheckard lf.	3	0	2	0	Doyle 2b.	3	1	3	2
Schulte rf.	4	0	1	0	McCormk lf.	4	2	1	0
Steinfeldt 3b.	4	0	0	3	Mowrey rf.	4	0	2	0
Hofman cf.	4	2	2	0	O'Hara cf.	4	1	5	1
Tinker ss.	4	0	2	4	Devlin 3b.	3	0	2	2
Moran c.	4	3	0	3	Myers c.	3	0	4	0
Brown p.	3	0	3	4	Wiltse p.	4	1	0	4
Totals.	31	9	27	19	Totals.	31	6	27	16

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Chicago	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—4
New York	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3

Errors—Sheckard, Tinker, Doyle 2, Bridwell 2. Two-base Hit—Evers. Sacrifice Hits—Sheckard, Brown, Chance, Devlin. Doyle. Stolen Base—Myers. Left on Bases—Chicago 5; New York 5. Base on Errors—Chicago 2; New York 2. Double Plays—O'Hara and Doyle; Bridwell and Tenney. Struck Out—By Wiltse 2. Base on Balls—Off Wiltse 2; off Brown 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Myers. Time—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Truby.

* * *

Pittsburg 7, Philadelphia 1.

Philadelphia, May 11.—Pittsburg won easily from the home team to-day, 7 to 1. Foxen was knocked out of the box in four innings. Camnitz held the Philadelphias at his mercy at all stages. Score:

Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Pitts'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Grant 2b.	4	0	1	1	Barbeau 2b.	4	2	2	0
Knabe 2b.	4	0	1	0	Leach cf.	3	1	2	0
Titus rf.	4	1	0	0	Clarke lf.	4	2	3	1
Magee lf.	4	0	2	0	Wagner ss.	4	2	2	5
Hirschfield 1b.	2	0	0	0	Stoke 1b.	3	0	12	0
Osborne cf.	2	0	4	0	Miller 2b.	4	0	1	3
Doolan ss.	3	0	4	2	Wilson rf.	3	0	3	1
Doolin c.	3	0	4	0	Gibson c.	3	0	4	0
Foxen p.	1	0	0	4	Camnitz p.	3	0	0	1
Van Dyke p.	2	0	0	0					
Totals.	28	3	27	13	Totals.	37	14	27	12

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Pittsburg	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	—7

Errors—Knabe 2, Doolan. Two-base Hit—Magee. Three-base Hits—Storke, Wagner. Hits—Off Foxen 8 in 4 innings; off Van Dyke 6 in 5 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Clarke, Camnitz, Stoke. Bases—Clarke, Wagner 2. Double Plays—Miller, Wagner and Storke; Wilson and Storke; Doolin and Doolan. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 2; Pittsburg 7. Base on Balls—Off Foxen 5, off Van Dyke 1; off Camnitz 2. Base on Error—Pittsburg 1. Struck Out—By Foxen 2, by Van Dyke 5, by Camnitz 4. Passed Balls—Doolin, Gibson. Wild Pitch—Foxen. Time—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpires—Emslie and O'Day.

* * *

Cincinnati 10, Boston 8.

Boston, May 11.—The poor fielding of the home team aided Cincinnati in winning a slugging match from Boston to-day, 10 to 8. Ewing was driven from the box in the seventh inning, with none out. His successor, Campbell, was effective. Score:

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Egan 2b.	4	0	1	6	Starr 2b.	4	2	5	1
Oakes cf.	5	1	3	1	Becker rf.	5	2	3	0
Lobert 3b.	5	1	1	2	Bates lf.	4	1	2	0
Mitchell rf.	4	1	3	1	Beaumont cf.	5	3	6	0
Paskert lf.	4	0	1	0	Beck 1b.	5	1	4	1
Hoblitzel 1b.	4	2	10	0	Dahlen ss.	5	2	4	2
Downey ss.	5	2	3	3	Sweeney 3b.	4	1	1	1
McLean c.	4	4	4	1	Smith c.	4	0	3	2
Ewing p.	2	0	0	0	Fyrauson p.	1	0	0	2
Campbell p.	0	0	0	0	*Ritchey	0	0	0	0
					Dorner p.	1	1	0	1
Totals.	38	11	27	13	†Graham	1	0	0	0
					Chappelle p.	0	0	0	0
					Totals.	39	13	27	12

*Batted for Ferguson in fifth.
†Batted for Dorner in seventh.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Cincinnati	1	0	0	1	0	4	1	3	1	0—10
Boston	1	1	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	—8

Errors—Egan 2, Downey, Starr 2, Becker, Bates, Dahlen, Ferguson, Dorner. Two-base Hits—Oakes, Beaumont 3, McLean, Lobert, Hoblitzel. Hits—Off Ferguson 6 in 3 innings; off Dorner 2 in 2 innings; off Chappelle 3 in 2 innings; off Ewing 11 in 6⅓ innings; off Campbell 2 in 2⅔ innings. Sacrifice Hits—Ewing, Egan, Hoblitzel, Campbell. Sacrifice Fly—Egan. Stolen Bases—Lobert 2, Mitchell. Left on Bases—Cincinnati 6, Boston 8. Base on Balls—Off Ewing 2; off Dorner 3; off Campbell 1; off Chappelle 1. First Base on Errors—Cincinnati 3; Boston 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Ewing, Bates. Struck Out—By Ewing 2; by Ferguson 1. Passed Ball—Smith. Time—Two hours and thirty minutes. Umpires—Conahan and Owens.

* * *

Brooklyn 2, St. Louis 1.

Brooklyn, May 11.—With one out in the ninth, Kustus doubled and Sebring brought him home with the winning run by a single to right. The game was a pitchers' battle, in which the high wind played merry pranks with the fielders. Jordan played a brilliant game at first base. Score:

St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Byrne 3b.	4	0	1	2	Burch lf.	4	0	1	0
Shaw cf.	4	0	3	0	Hummel ss.	2	0	5	0
Bresnahan c.	2	0	3	0	Alperman 2b.	4	2	1	6
Konetchy 1b.	2	1	12	1	Jordan 1b.	4	1	11	2
Delehanty rf.	3	1	2	0	McElveen 3b.	4	0	0	2
Ellis lf.	3	1	1	0	Kustus rf.	3	1	1	0
Charles 2b.	3	0	0	3	Sebring cf.	4	1	0	0
Hulswitt ss.	3	0	0	1	Bergen c.	3	1	8	1
Sallee p.	3	0	1	0	McIntyre p.	3	1	0	0
Totals.	27	3	25	7	Totals.	31	7	27	10

*One out when winning run scored.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Errors—Byrne, Alperman, Kustus. Two-base Hits—Delehanty, Jordan, Kustus, McIntyre. Three-base Hit—Alperman. Double Plays—Konetchy and Sallee; Jordan and Hummel; Alperman, Hummel and Jordan. Left on Bases—St. Louis 4; Brooklyn 7. Base on Balls—Off Sallee 3; off McIntyre 5. Base on Errors—St. Louis 1. Struck Out—By Sallee 5, by McIntyre 6. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Klem and Kane.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis 3, Philadelphia 0.

St. Louis, May 11.—St. Louis easily defeated Philadelphia to-day because of the excellent pitching of Jack Powell. Two runs were obtained in the fifth inning off Coombs, of the Philadelphia team, on an error and two singles. Dygert relieved Coombs in the sixth and the local team scored in the seventh inning on a single, a sacrifice and another safe hit. Score:

St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
McAleese lf.	4	2	4	0	Hartsel lf.	3	0	3	0
Harper rf.	3	0	1	0	Bates rf.	3	0	2	0
Hoffman cf.	2	1	1	0	Collins 2b.	4	1	6	2
Ferris 3b.	4	0	2	2	Murphy rf.	4	0	2	0
Walker ss.	3	0	1	3	Oakes 1b.	3	0	8	1
Williams 2b.	3	1	1	3	Barr cf.	2	0	1	0
Jones lb.	2	0	12	0	Barry ss.	3	0	1	2
Stephens c.	3	3	3	0	Thomas c.	3	0	3	0
Powell p.	3	1	1	2	Coombs p.	2	0	0	2
					Dygert p.	0	1	0	0
Totals.	28	8	27	9	Totals.	28	2	24	15

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	—3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Errors—Baker, Collins. Sacrifice Hits—Hartsell, Jones. Double Plays—Ferris and Jones; Barry, Collins and Davis. Stolen Bases—Jones, Alcese, Davis. Base on Balls—Off Powell 3; off Coombs 1. Struck Out—By Powell 2; by Coombs 2. Hits—Off Coombs 5 in 6 innings; off Dygert 3 in 3 innings. Left on Bases—St. Louis 4, Philadelphia 4. Time—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Perrine and O'Loughlin.

* * *

Chicago 5, Washington 3.

Chicago, May 11.—Chicago won the second game of the series from Washington, 6 to 3, to-day. It was a long-drawn-out and poorly-played game. Washington used three pitchers, but could not stop the locals, who made five errors, but were still able to win by a goodly margin. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Wash.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hahn rf.	2	0	2	0	Ganley lf.	5	0	2	0
Dougherty 1f.	4	1	2	0	McBride ss.	4	1	2	0
Isbell lb.	3	2	11	0	Blank 3b.	1	0	0	0
Cravath, cf.	3	0	2	0	Unglaub 3b.	3	0	0	2
Atz 2b.	4	0	1	3	Delehanty 2b.	4	2	1	4
Parent ss.	4	3	2	4	Clymer rf.	4	1	1	0
Sullivan 3b.	4	3	1	2	Morgan 3b.	4	1	1	0
Tannehill 3b.	1	1	2	2	Milan cf.	3	1	0	0
Smith p.	3	0	2	3	Street c.	3	1	9	2
					Burns p.	2	0	0	1
					Groom p.	0	0	0	0
					Gray p.	1	0	0	0
					*Freeman.	1	0	0	0
Totals.	29	8	27	12	Totals.	36	6	24	12

*Batted for Street in ninth.
†Batted for McBride in ninth.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	—5
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—3

Errors—Dougherty, Cravath, Parent, Tannehill 2. Two-base Hits—Isbell, Parent 2, Delehanty, Milan. Hits—Off Burns 3 in 4⅔ innings; off Groom 3 in 2⅓ innings; off Gray 3 in 2⅔ innings. Sacrifice Hits—Dougherty, Tannehill, Gray. Stolen Bases—Street, Milan, Tannehill, Parent. Left on Bases—Chicago 11; Washington 8. Base on Balls—Off Brockett 3 in 3 innings; off Schmidt 10 in 5 innings. Struck Out—By Brockett 1; off Burns 2; off Groom 3; off Gray 3. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Burns, Parent, Sullivan; by Gray, Tannehill. Struck Out—By Smith 4; by Burns 4; by Groom 1; by Gray 1. Passed Ball—Street. Wild Pitch—Gray. Time—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Egan and Connolly.

* * *

Boston 5, Cleveland 1.

Cleveland, May 11.—Boston won the first game of the series here to-day, defeating Cleveland 5 to 1. Wright lasted only one inning. Liebhardt, who succeeded him, was hit hard in the seventh and eighth innings. Cicotte had his ankle hurt in a collision with Clarke. Both he and Arellanes were very effective. The batting and fielding of Hooper and Speaker were features. Score:

Cleve.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Rickey rf.	4	1	1	0	McConnell 2b.	4	1	3	6
Bradley 3b.	4	0	2	2	Lord 3b.	4	0	1	2
Stovall 1b.	3	1	16	0	Speaker cf.	4	2	4	0
Lajoie 2b.	4	1	1	3	Hooper rf.	4	3	1	1
Hinchman lf.	3	0	1	0	Stahl 1b.	3	0	9	1
Clarke c.	3	1	3	3	Niles lf.	4	0	1	0
Turner ss.	3	0	1	7	Wagner ss.	4	1	1	2
Birn'ham cf.	3	1	1	0	Specker c.	3	1	6	0
Wright p.	0	0	0	0	Cicotte p.	2	0	0	2
Liebhardt p.	2	0	0	0	Arellanes p.	2	0	0	1
*Easterly.	1	0	0	0					
Totals.	30	6	27	17	Totals.	35	11	27	14

*Batted for Liebhardt in ninth.

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7

ucts from the United States during the calendar year 1908 amounted to $35,890,424, which compared with $32,159,503 in 1907 and $28,401,619 in 1906.

New building in textile industries throughout New England is of very large proportions. Four new plants are to cost over $7,000,000, and it is reported that plans already undertaken by thirty-seven mill corporations will call for the expenditure of more than $20,000,000, 80 per cent. of which will be in Massachusetts.

Directors of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the common stock, payable May 20.

The ten national banks of Louisville on April 28, the date of the latest call for a statement of condition, were carrying reserves of 27.07 per cent., or 2.07 per cent. over the legal requirement. This compares with 25.94 per cent. on February 5, 1909. On May 14, 1908, nine national banks had reserves of 27.53 per cent. Loans and discounts on April 28 were $23,339,116, against $23,125,502 on February 5 and $20,476,708 for nine banks on May 14 last year, and individual deposits were $18,217,480, against $18,408,364 and $15,420,952.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—The market again developed decided strength in prices this afternoon. The anthracite stocks were the leaders and Reading was notably strong and active. Of course, the commodities clause decision was a most favorable point for these roads, and has led to an advance in their prices, but no special news has come to hand to account for the very sharp upturn in Reading to-day. There have been rumors for some time past that when the decision was favorable the dividend rate would be advanced. The stock is already selling above the level of the leading railroads, paying 7 per cent. dividend, so the movement in price must be attributed more to the confidence in the future of this leading anthracite road and the ease with which the price is moved, owing to the small floating supply. The rest of the market responded to the strength in the coalers and the closing was distinctly firm. After a short period of recuperation these outbursts of activity in renewed strength, with some special stocks soaring upward, makes for the continued strong market, as these who sell on indications of reactions are apt to regret it, and next time are more cautious.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—We think the market should be bought into at favorable opportunities, but, considering the level of prices and the fact that in some quarters there has undoubtedly been considerable distribution, we counsel against making commitments too extensive and urge strongly the wisdom of being identified only with such issues as may be relied upon always to have a broad, quick market.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—The market is evidently digesting some profit-taking that came upon it during the past few days. When that operation shall have been completed the price level may be raised again without much effort in certain departments. Transactions for foreign account were unusually mixed. Rock Island was bought to the extent of about 10,000 shares, but the purchases of this stock were made against the sales of options, and while Steel was sold as heavily as Rock Island was bought, there was a suspicion that the selling in it came from this side in the first instance, and was intended for effect.—(Tracy & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—The hard coal stocks were very strong in the last hour. In our opinion the market will be higher and active. The bull party is in absolute control.—(Kelley, Howell & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Stocks closed buoyant under the leadership of Union Pacific, Reading and Steel. In the early trading they were strong, with Reading the leader. Steel business was reported improving in all directions. Manufacturers report a good inquiry, both in steel and copper. London was strong in the American department and in the afternoon selling orders from all quarters of the financial world developed suddenly to be withdrawn. The result was an attempt on the part of shorts to cover. The street is sold out of stocks and many of the professionals are short. Union Pacific and Reading have practically disappeared from the bank loans. Stocks were never more closely held so far as the floating supply is concerned. Buy stocks on any recessions.—(E. F. Hutton & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—Stocks are active and higher. The break of yesterday seemed to be the result of an effort to distribute stocks. No doubt many lines were affected by the decline in some of the active issues, and if so it should place the market in a healthier condition. The demand for stocks on breaks continues first-class and the market rallies easily from this support.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The firmness of the Coalers was a feature. Rumors were current that one or more segregation plans will shortly be brought out for the separation of coal lands from transportation interests. In the case of Reading it was rumored in usually well informed quarters that an increase in the dividend is not far off. In any event it is quite likely important news will develop in anthracite railroad quarters before long. The general stock market is acting very well and will do to buy on all drives. We advise taking moderate profits.—(C. L. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, May 11.—Money on call steady at 1¼@2 per cent.; ruling rate 2; closing bid 1¼; offered at 1½; time loans fairly active and firm; 60 days 2¼@2¾ per cent.; 90 days 2½@2¾; six months 3@3¼; prime mercantile paper 3½@4. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8635@4.8645 for 60 days and at $4.8770 for demand; commercial bills $4.85¾@4.86¼. Bar silver 53¼c. Mexican dollars 44c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds steady.

The lethargic condition into which the speculation in stocks fell to-day was difficult to account for from any incident in the news. The apparent completion of selling from quarters that were regarded as important gave some relief to an apprehension that informed interests were liquidating their holdings of stocks. Orders from London also were on the buying side in excess of selling orders from that source. Foreigners often are well informed on the views of interests controlling the great corporations here and the persistent selling of late has been considered rather ominous. The result of that condition to-day, with the closing up of accounts in connection with the stock market settlement in London, was accepted as cause for encouragement.

The market was freed from the selling pressure in evidence yesterday and sentiment was improved for that reason, but there was little disposition to enter on active measures to accumulate stocks or to advance prices. Prices moved decisively upward only in the final half hour. Dealings fell to a lower rate of activity during the midday period than has been witnessed in New York for over two months.

Effectual support was afforded by the sympathetic influence of strength in a few stocks, notably Reading. That stock met some very heavy selling orders in the course of the advance, but offered good resistance. The Eries were strong and estimates of the increase in that road's earning power were put in circulation. The stirring of the market for the Erie was believed to foreshadow the offering of additional securities incident to financing the road's further needs. The question of successful financing to meet approaching requirements had its reflection in the heavy tone of the Chicago Great Western issues and Toledo Railways.

Part of the effect of repression on activity was due to the renewed rise in prices of wheat and to some of the reports received of unfavorable weather conditions in parts of the wheat belt. Sentiment regarding the wheat prospect has been better for several days past and was not greatly disturbed to-day. It is recognized, however, that the stock market would prove sensitive to any untoward happening threatening the chances of the already impaired wheat prospect. Crop scares are almost inseparable from the season to be covered in the next few months, and they are not liked by speculators long of stocks.

The results to the export demand of the high prices of wheat were seen in the report of the Bureau of Statistics of the agricultural exports for April. Only 569,929 bushels of wheat were exported in that month, compared with 3,309,154 bushels in April of last year. Flour exports also declined from 1,052,852 barrels to 688,477 barrels this year. Accompanied by the enormous proportions of the country's imports, these in the last few months show the persistent strength in the foreign exchange market is explained by these figures.

The turn to the buying side in the stock market on the part of London increased the supply of foreign exchange to-day and took away from yesterday's show of firmness in that market, which was in spite of the rising tendency of interest rates here. The stock market sentiment is not disposed to ignore the significance of the hardening of the money market, in view of the free use which has been made of banking credits in carrying prices of securities up to the present price levels.

Reading's rise to 156¾ placed it nearly 2 points above the price touched in the advance after the Supreme Court decision on the commodities clause and the highest since January of 1906. The buoyant upshoot in Reading in the last awakened the general market to only a moderate degree of animation, but the closing tone was strong.

Bonds were steady. Total sales (par value), $4,682,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

Bank Clearings.

Chicago, May 11.—(Special.)—Clearings $48,724,414; balances $4,318,783. New York exchange 25c premium. Money 2¾@4½ per cent.; 60 days 4@5 per cent.

St. Louis, May 11.—(Special.)—Clearings $10,912,108; balances $513,825. Call money 5 per cent. New York exchange 35c premium bid, 45c premium asked.

Boston, May 11.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $32,061,088; in New York $460,682,919. New York funds sold at 5c discount.

Cincinnati, May 11.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,468,950. New York exchange 20c premium. Collateral loans 4 per cent. Discounts 4½ per cent.

Memphis, May 11.—(Special.)—Clearings $879,991.15. Exchange $1@1.50 discount selling, buying at par.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, May 11.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Gold coin and bullion	$43,465,886
Gold certificates	28,570,410
Available cash balance	123,080,650

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High. est.	Low. est.	Cl'sg Bid.
Allis-Chalmers pfd.	700	50¾	50	50½
Amal. Copper	15,900	83⅝	82¾	83¼
Am. Agricultural..	100	40	40	39¾
Am'n Beet Sugar..	7,700	35¾	35¾	35¼
American Can. pfd.	400	84¾	83¾	84¼
Am. Car & F'dry..	5,700	55⅞	54⅞	55¾
Am'n Cotton Oil..	2,000	67¾	66½	66⅝
Am. H. and L. pf.	200	42¾	42¾	42¾
Am. Ice Securities	2,500	41¾	41¼	41¾
American Linseed.	100	16½	16½	16½
Am'n Locomotive.	2,100	58	57⅜	57¾
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	14,500	94¼	92¾	94¼
Do preferred	200	109¾	109¾	109¾
Am. Sugar Ref'g..	200	134¾	133⅝	133¾
Am. Tel. and Tel..	1,000	141	140½	140⅝
Am. Tobacco	1,700	101	100½	100⅝
American Woolen..				20¼
Ana. Mining Co...	3,200	61	59	54
Atchison	28,500	110⅝	109⅝	110⅛
Do preferred	900	104¼	104	104
Atl. Coast Line..				126½
B. and O.	3,700	115½	114⅝	115½
Do preferred	100	94¾	94¾	94¾
Bethlehem Steel..	1,000	27¾	26½	26¾
Brooklyn Rapid T.	10,400	79¾	78¾	78¾
Canadian Pacific..	1,000	180⅝	180	180⅛
Central Leather...	1,000	30	29¾	29¾
Do preferred....	100	104	104	103½
Central of N. J...	900	293	292	295
C. and O.	5,300	78	77⅜	77⅜
C. and A.	400	70¾	69⅝	70¼
Chicago Gt. West..	500	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝
C. and N. W....	200	182½	182½	182
C. M. and St. P....	9,700	152⅝	151⅜	152¼
C. C. C. and St. L.	100	74⅝	74⅝	74½
Col. Fuel and I....	500	40	39¾	40
Col. and Southern..	100	65¾	65¼	65
Do 1st pref.....	200	84	84	83
Do 2d pref.....				80
Consolidated Gas..	400	138½	137¾	138¼
Corn Products....	2,500	23¾	23⅜	23¾
Del. and Hudson..	14,100	190	188	188¾
D. and R. G.....	2,900	51	50¾	51
Do preferred....	800	87½	87¼	87½
Dist. Securities...	900	39¾	39	39
Erie	32,600	33⅝	32¾	33¾
Do 1st pref.....	7,800	51¾	50	51
Do 2d pref.....	2,400	41	40	40⅝
Gen. Electric....	300	150½	149	150
Gt. Northern pref.	3,100	145⅞	145	145⅞
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	6,700	74	73	73
Illinois Central...	500	146	145¾	146¼
Interboro-Met....	1,500	16¾	16⅛	16⅜
Do preferred....	1,300	46¾	46	46
Inter. Harvester..				81¼
Inter. Marine pfd..	800	25¼	24⅝	25¼
Internat'l Paper...	1,000	13⅜	13	13⅜
Internat'l Pump...	18,800	42⅝	41	42⅜
Iowa Central.....	500	22⅝	22⅝	22¾
K. C. Southern....	2,000	46	45	46
Do preferred....	100	72½	72½	72½
L. and N.	100	139	139	139
Manhattan El....	400	159	159	159
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie.....	400	137	136	136½
Missouri Pacific...	2,400	74¾	74¼	74¾
M., K. and T.....	15,100	43	42¾	42¾
Do preferred....	100	74¾	74¾	75
National Biscuit...	1,500	107¾	107	108¼
National Lead....	3,300	88¾	87¾	88
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 1st pfd.....				90
N. Y. Central.....	6,600	132¾	131¾	132⅝
N. Y. Ont. and W..	7,900	49⅝	48¾	49⅝
Norfolk and West..	200	91¾	91¾	91¾
North American...	200	82	82	82⅜
Northern Pacific...	3,400	145¾	144⅝	146⅜
Pacific Mail.....	100	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜
Pennsylvania.....	7,000	125¾	124⅝	125¾
People's Gas.....	400	115	114⅝	114⅝
Pressed Steel Car..				41¾
Do preferred....				88
Pressed Steel Car..	700	42	41⅝	41⅝
Pullman Pal. Car..				188
Ry. Steel Spring...	900	43¼	43	43
Reading.....	183,000	156½	155¼	156¼
Republic Steel....	2,900	26¾	25¾	26¼
Do preferred....	200	83	83	86
Rock Island Co....	21,900	30¾	29¾	30⅜
Do preferred....	4,700	71⅜	70¾	70⅝
St. L. & S.F. 2d pf.	100	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
St. L. Southwest..	400	29	29	29
Sloss-Sheffield Steel	800	80¾	80¾	80¾
Southern Pacific...	11,800	122⅜	121⅜	122⅛
Do preferred....				102¾
Southern Railway..	4,900	26¾	26	25⅝
Do preferred....	700	68¾	67¾	68¾
Tennessee Copper..	1,200	44¾	43⅝	44¼
Texas and Pacific..	1,400	25	24⅝	24⅞
T., St. L. and W....	200	51¾	51	51
Do preferred....	200	29¾	29¾	29¾
Union Pacific.....	42,200	188¾	187¾	188⅜
Do preferred....				90
U. S. Realty.....				90
U. S. Rubber.....	4,900	49¾	48¾	49
U. S. Steel.....	20,200	87⅜	86¼	87⅛
Do preferred....	2,900	119¾	118¾	119¾
Utah Copper.....	1,700	62	60¾	61⅞
U. C. Cast I. Pipe.	1,400	24	23¾	24⅛
Do preferred....	200	74	74	74
Va.-Car. Chemical..	2,800	51	49⅜	50¾
Wabash.....	1,700	20¾	20⅜	20¾
Do preferred....	17,700	51⅞	50⅝	51⅝
Western Maryland..	5,700	27¾	26¾	27¾
West'house Elec...	1,500	84	83½	83¾
Western Union....	900	76½	76¼	76
Wheeling & L. E...	100	11¾	11¾	11¾
Wisconsin Central..				58¾

Total sales for the day 725,200 shares.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	101½	102¾
Do coupon	101⅝	...
3s, registered	101½	102¾
Do coupon	102	...
Small bonds	100	...
New 4s, registered	119	119¾
Do coupon	120¾	...
Panama 2s, registered	101	101½
Panama 3s, registered, 1908	101	101½
District of Columbia 3.65s	100	...
Philippine 4s	100	...

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, May 11.—Money was abundant on the market to-day and discounts were quiet. On the Stock Exchange business for the new account was of fair dimensions and the tone generally was firm. Gilt-edged securities were maintained. Home rails and foreign rails, especially Mexicans, were active and dearer. Foreign bonds and Kaffirs, after early weakness, closed strong, but Grand Trunk and Copper shares were weak. American securities reacted on realizations at the opening, which was below parity, but after a period of dullness an improvement appeared in places. New York carried values higher in the afternoon, but offered stock later, and the market reacted at the close. Closing quotations were: Consols for money 84 15-16; do for the account 85; Anaconda 10¾; Atchison 112⅛; do preferred 106½; Baltimore and Ohio 117½; Canadian Pacific 185¾; Chesapeake and Ohio 79¾; Chicago Great Western 5; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 155; De Beers 13¾; Denver and Rio Grande 52; do preferred 90; Erie 33⅜; do first preferred 50¾; do second preferred 40⅜; Grand Trunk 21⅜; Illinois Central 150; Louisville and Nashville 142; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 41⅝; New York Central 130; Norfolk and Western 93⅜; do preferred 90; Ontario and Western 40¼; Pennsylvania 70⅝; Rand Mines 8⅝; Reading 78¼; Southern Railway 29⅝; do preferred 70; Southern Pacific 124⅞; Union Pacific 192⅝; do preferred 90; United States Steel 58¼; do preferred 123⅜; Wabash 20½; do preferred 55; Amalgamated Copper 84½; Spanish fours 98. Bar silver steady at 24 7-16d per ounce. Money ¾@1 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 1⅛@1 3-16 per cent. Bar gold 77s 9¼d; American eagles 76s 4½d.

Berlin, May 11.—Trading on the Boerse to-day was sluggish and prices irregular. Exchange on London 20 marks 4½ pfgs. for checks. Money 2 per cent. Private discount rate 3¾ per cent.

Paris, May 11.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were heavy. Three per cent. rentes 97f 52½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 16c for checks.

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.85; New York French red kidney fancies $2.50; Lima 5¼c.

BUTTER—Elgin 27c in 60-lb. tubs, 27½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin 1b. prints 28c; renovated 23c in 30-lb. tubs, 26c in 1b. prints.

CHEESE—Full cream dairies 17½c; full cream long horns 17@17½c; full cream Limburger 13c; cases 14½c; full cream brick 18c; cases 17½c; domestic Swiss 10½@18c; New York cream, 17c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 14½@15½c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12@13½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@26c. Green Rios: Fancy 15c; choice 12½c; prime 11½c; good 11c; roasting grades 10c; Santos 10@12½c; Home Comfort, 1-lb. packages 13c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.25@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement $1.60@2.50 per bbl.; lime 70@80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.65@2 per bbl.

CORN PRODUCTS—Cornmeal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy, grits and pearl meals $1.90 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; cracked corn $30.50 per ton; feed meal $30 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $1.8. per bu.; clover $6.00 per bu.; orchard grass $1.85 per bu.; Kentucky blue grass $1.25 per bu.; red top, fancy 15c per lb.; Hungarian, bicket $1.40 per bu.; cowpeas $1.65 per bu.; amber cane seed $1.40 per bu.; broom corn 2½@3½c per lb.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6.75@7 per bbl.; plain patents $6.25; straights $5.75; family $5.25; low grades $4.50; winter patents $7@7.25; winter straights $6.25@6.50.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 10@11c per lb.; loose muscatels, 2-crown, 6½c; 3-crown prunes, California new 5½@6c; peaches 8c; pears 10@11c; figs, Smyrna, layer, 14c per lb. in boxes weighing from 10 to 20 lbs.; Elemes, per lb. in sacks, new Persian, 70-lb. boxes, 6½c per lb.; evaporated apples 7¼@8¼c.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in carlots as it is selling on the track: No. 1 timothy $16; No. 2 timothy $14.50; No. 3 timothy $13; No. 1 clover mixed $13; No. 2 clover mixed $12; No. 1 clover hay $13; No. 2 clover hay $11.50; mixed straw $5.50@6, oats straw $5; rye straw $7.50.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.60 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft cast steel 10c per lb. for base; horseshoes $2.30; V-crimped $2.35 per square; black sheets, No. 14 $2.35; No. 16 $2.50; No. 18 $2.70; No. 20 $2.70; No. 22 $2.80; No. 24 $2.90; No. 26 $2.95; No. 27 $2.95; No. 28 $2.90; No. 30 $3.05; wire nails $1.95 base, cut steel nails $2 base; plain black wire $1.80 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, galvanized $2.20 per 80 lbs.; horse shoes, No. 2 and larger, Juanita $3.90 keg; Perkins' $4.04½ base; Burden's $4.20 keg; Hudson $3.90 keg; Henry Clay teeth, $2.50 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅝x6 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅝x1 and smaller, 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70@75 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $23; shorts $28.50; shipstuffs $25.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 32c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 42c; centrifugals 24@30c.

NUTS—Almonds, Tarragona 15c per lb.; filberts, Sicily 12c; California walnuts, soft shell, No. 1, 15c; No. 2, 14c; Lverpool walnuts 13c; mixed nuts 12c; Brazil nuts 11c; French walnuts 11c; peanuts, fancy H. P. green 6c; roasted 7c; cocoanuts $3.50 per 100; less than 100 4c each.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 85c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 54c for raw and 57c for boiled; 5-barrel lots; lard oil, winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 50c; No. 1 32c; No. 2 30c; benzine 12c; straits oil 35c; black oil 9@12c; golden sewing machine oil 25c; extra golden lubricator 22c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined, 48c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 30c; coal oil, Kentucky test 16c; Indiana test 20½c; rained 11½c; wax headlight, 175 test 12½c; turpentine 43c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in 1-bbl. pins or 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7½c per lb.; red 7@7½c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Ocher—Yellow 1@1¾c; yellow ocher ¾c.

PROVISIONS—Hams—Choice sugar-cured light and special cure 12½@13c; heavy to medium 12½c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 12c; regular clear sides 11½c; clear bellies in 10-lb. sugar-cured shoulders 9½c; bacon extra 15c; bellies, light 13½c; heavy 13½c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 9½c; pure lard in tierces 11¾c, in tubs 12c; pure leaf lard in tierces 12¼c, in tubs 13¼c, in firkins 13¼c. Dried beef 12c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 5c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7½c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: T-bu. bbl. $1.23@1.33; 5-bu. bbl. $1.03@1.10; dairy salt $1.20@2.40; rock salt $1.60@1; freezing sale in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: Single 90, 35 and 10 per cent., off list; double 90, 40 and 10 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 42@43c per lb.; gray 34@35c; No. 1 old white 27@30c; No. 2 old white 20@20c; white duck 35c; old and mixed dark 15@20c; dry chicken feathers 3c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint 19½c; dry salted 17½c; green salted 11c; fresh calves 16c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail, $3; No. 2 $2; sheepskins with wool on 15@45c; shearings from 5c to 20c, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

ROOTS—Dry spring-dug. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng should not be split and strung. Fall-dug ranks better. Ginseng $1.75@3.25 per lb.; cultivated ginseng $4.50@4.75.; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.10@1.20; Seneca snake root 30c; Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 4@4½c; lady slipper 12@15c; Mayapple 4@4½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5½c; No. 2 5c.

WOOL—Dealers are quoting to-day: Kentucky and Indiana fine merchantable unwashed wool 29@30c; Bluegrass grease wool 30@31c; burry wool 13@25c, according to burrs; black wool 25c; dead sheep and cedar wool 18@20c; merino 16@18c. Southern wool from 25 to 4c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@4c less. Dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 16c per lb.

EGGS—Market steady; case count 19; rehandled 20c.

POULTRY—Hens 13½c per lb.; roosters 6½c; young chickens 15@30c; ducks 9c; geese 5c; turkeys 12c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Florida oranges, late Tardif $5.25 box; California, extra fancy $2.25@2.35 box; California navels, extra fancy $1.25@3 box; budded fancy $2.75 box; Florida grapefruit $3 box; California $3; lemons, Messina $2.75@3.25; California $2.50@2.75; limes $1.25 per 100; bananas, average about 90 to 80 lbs., bunch $1.75@2.25; 55 to 60 lbs., bunch $1.50@1.65; 40 to 50 lbs., bunch $1.25@1.40; 4 to 6 bunch case $8; 2 to 3 bunch ½ case $4; apples: Winesaps, fancy $3.50 box; B. Davis, extra fancy, $2.75 box; California Easter Beurre pears $1.25 ½ box; pineapples $2.25 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, Southern $2 crate; sweet potatoes: White Queen $4 bbl., Jersey yellow $4 bbl.; potatoes: Burbanks $2.90 per 150-lb. sack, Rurals $2.80 per 150-lb. sack; new Louisiana $4.50 per 90-lb. crates; new Louisiana $1.75 crate; new Texas Crystal Wax $1.60 crate; green beans $2 hamper; fancy green cucumbers $75@$1 dozen; Florida cucumbers $2.50@3 hamper; home-grown radishes 15c dozen; Southern beets 50c dozen; leeks, bunched, 50c dozen; parsley, curly, 40c dozen; head lettuce $1.25@1.50 per bu.; leaf lettuce, fine, 75@90c bu.; eggplants, fancy, $4 crate; kale, fine, $1.50 bbl.; spinach $2 per bbl.; mushrooms, fresh, 85c lb.; Florida tomatoes $2.75@3 carrier; Florida peppers 12½c dozen; Florida turnips 50c dozen; pieplant 20c dozen; cranberries $5 bu.; Florida squash $2.50 crate; new peas $2 hamper.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail dealers received to-day approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$7 85
Eagle tablets	8 85
Cut loaf	8 35
Cubes	8 55
XXXX powdered	8 45
Powdered	8 35
No. 2 carton gran'd	8 30
Diamond A	8 20
Stand. gran., bags	8 10

GRAIN.

WHEAT—

No. 2 red and longberry	$1 48
No. 3 red and longberry	1 41

Rejected 2@8c; on levee 1½c less.

CORN—

New No. 3 white	80
New No. 3 mixed	79

OATS—

No. 3 white	61
No. 3 mixed	58½

RYE—

No. 2 Northwestern	95

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 10¾c; strict middling 10¾c.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stockyards.)

Louisville, May 11.—Cattle—The receipts were 177 head, for two days 1,242. The market ruled steady to firm on all desirable kinds of butcher cattle and fully steady on good feeders and stockers; others quiet; bulls steady; canners and cutters steady; milch cows unchanged; no heavy cattle on sale. The pens were well cleared. We quote shipping steers $4.75@5; beef steers $3.50@5.75; fat heifers $3.50@3.90; fat cows $3.50@3.25; cutters $2.25@3.50; canners $1.50@2.25; bulls $2.25@3.25; feeders $3.50@5; stockers $2.25@4.50.

Calves—Receipts 102, for two days 190; the market ruled firm, bulk of best 6½@6¾c; common 2½@3½c.

Hogs—Receipts 1,000, for two days 5,084; the market ruled 5c higher on tops and lights, while packer grades were steady; bulk of sales 190 lbs. and up $7.25; 130 to 160 lbs. $6.95; pigs $5.00@6.10; roughs $6.15 down. The pens were well cleared and market closed steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 239, for two days 1,116; the market ruled firm on choice sheep and lambs, best of sheep 5¼c down, fat lambs 6½c down, spring lambs 8c down, common sheep and common lambs slow sale.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 11.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000, including 400 Southerns; market steady to 10c higher; top $6.90; choice export and dressed beef steers $6.50@6.85; fair to good $5.75@6.50; Western steers $5.40@6.65; stockers and feeders $4@5.80; southern steers $4.00@6.40; Southern cows $2.25@4.25; native cows $3@4.90; native heifers $4@5.75; bulls $4@5.30; calves $3.75@7. Hogs—Receipts 19,000; market steady to 5c higher; top $7.50; bulk of sales $7.12½@7.25; heavy $7.15@7.30; packers and butchers $7@7.25; light $6.70@7.12½; pigs $5.75@6.75. Sheep—Receipts 6,000; market strong; lambs $7.50@8.25; yearlings $6.50@7.75; wethers $5.75@6.50; ewes $5@6.40; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.50; Texas muttons $5@6.50.

New York.

New York, May 11.—Beeves—Receipts 211; nothing doing in live cattle; feeling easy; dressed beef steady; 9@10c; Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle selling at 12¾@13¼c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef higher at 10¼@10¾c per lb. Exports to-morrow 3,750 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 181; market steady at $5@8; dressed calves easier; city-dressed veals 9@12c; few choice 12½c; country-dressed 8@10½c. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 1,751; sheep almost nominal; unshorn $7; clipped culls $4; no yearling lambs offered; spring lambs firm; Marylands $5.50 per head; Jerseys $5.50 each. Hogs—Receipts 1,502; market nominally steady.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 11.—Cattle—Receipts 3,200, including 625 Texans; market strong; native shipping and export steers $5.50@7; dressed beef and butcher steers $4.25@6.35; steers under 1,000 lbs. $3.25@5.90; cows and heifers $4.50@5.25; canners $2@2.60; bulls $4@5.25; calves $5@7.50; Texas and Indian steers $4.25@6.50; cows and heifers $2.75@5.25. Hogs—Receipts 6,400; market 5@10c lower; pigs and lights $4.25@7.10; packers $7@7.15; butchers and best heavy $7.05@7.15. Sheep—Receipts 2,400; market 10c lower; native muttons $4.50@6.50; lambs $6@9.15; culls and bucks $3.50@5; stockers $3@4.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, May 11.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 2,000; market steady; steers $5.25@7.20; cows $4@5.75; heifers $3.60@6.25; bulls $4.25@5.75; calves $3@7; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.65. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 12,000; market steady; choice heavy shipping $7.30@7.40; butchers $7.30@7.35; light, mixed $7@7.10; choice light $7.10@7.20; packing $7.15@7.25; pigs $5.25@6.75; bulk of sales $7.10@7.25. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 10,000; market steady; sheep $4.75@6.85; lambs $6.50@9.60; yearlings $6.60@7.25.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 11.—Cattle—Receipts 101 head; market steady to strong; fair to good shippers $5.75@6.50; common $2.50@4.50. Hogs—Receipts 1,900 head; market active and strong to 5c higher; butchers and shippers $7.45@7.60; packers $7@7.30. Sheep—Receipts 14 head; market steady at $2.25@5. Lambs—Market steady at $5.25@7.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, May 11.—No sales were held on the local auction breaks to-day.

The extremely small crop of Burley tobacco last year is being felt severely by the Cincinnati market. Only ten hogsheads were sold there last week. The following is a summary of the transactions on the Cincinnati market during the past week and expired portion of the current year, together with the figures of the same periods in 1908:

	Week		Year	
	1909.	1908.	1909.	1908.
Offerings of old	7	98	770	3,516
Offerings of new	5	62	1,420	17,434
Total offerings	10	160	2,209	20,980
Rejections		35	304	2,806
Actual sales	10	125	1,704	18,084
Private sales	28	6	12,081	592
Total sales	38	131	14,084	18,676
Per cent. rejections	22	22	14	
Receipts	178	243	5,956	22,185

The proposed advance of 16c a lb. in import tax on tobacco by England came as quite a surprise to the English trade, according to Edwards, Goodwin & Co., of Liverpool. This firm notes that the Government's calculations indicate a smaller consumption following the advance. Smaller consumption means much to the farmers of Western Kentucky, for they supply a large percentage of the tobacco used in England. The April circular of Edwards, Goodwin & Co. is as follows:

"The market was generally dull during April, for although the trade generally did not expect any increase in the duty, yet buyers preferred to see the budget before operating to any extent. The Chancellor of the Exchequer's proposal, which has just been made public, viz., an addition of 4d per lb. comes as a great surprise to all connected with the industry, as it does away with the manufactured article

Specials In HATS at LEVY'S Third & Market.
To-day, To-morrow and Friday.

Men's $4 and $5
Panamas
$3.38
Alpines, Optimos, Telescopes and other negligee styles; all sizes; this one special lot of $4 and $5 goods, at $3.38.

Boys' $1.50 and $2
Soft Hats
$1.29
Telescope and Trooper styles; all sizes; gray, tan, moselle and green shades; this one special lot of $1.50 and $2 goods, at $1.29.

Girls' $1.50 Milan
Sailor Hats
89c
Nice Milan Straw, with mushroom brims and wide sash bands; this one special lot of $1.50 goods, at 89c.

Mail Orders Filled If Received in Time.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 12, 1909

BLACK HAIR

LEADS TO ARREST OF INNOCENT STREET-CAR CONDUCTOR.

Police Shadow Him For Week Under Belief That He Is Wanted In Buffalo On Murder Charge.

Because P. C. Eubank, a conductor on a Market street car, had black hair, and in this way tallies with the description of a man whom the police heard was wanted in Buffalo, N. Y., for shooting one policeman and killing another, the street car employe was humiliated with arrest by Patrolman Herbert Lee, of the Third police district, and another sleuth. They arrested Eubank on his car at Twenty-fifth and Market streets in the presence of forty passengers at 5:35 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Although Eubank insisted that he came to Louisville two months ago from Winchester, Ky., where he was born and raised, Patrolman Lee, who was once a detective, but was recently reduced, and his fellow officer took Mr. Eubank to Central Police Station, where he was forced to undergo more humiliation. Like a notorious crook, he was measured. The police were evidently not good judges of height or weight, for Eubank measured two inches higher and weighed thirty pounds more than the man wanted in Buffalo. However, both men have black hair. So have many thousands of persons throughout the United States.

Reluctantly did the police, who took Eubank into custody, admit their mistake, and he was permitted to go his way.

Eubank resides at 218 Twenty-sixth street. He said yesterday that for two weeks the police have been dogging his steps. Several times he has discovered them on his car, comparing him with a description which they carried along with them. So eager were they to crown themselves with the glory of making an important arrest that they picked up the wrong man. None of the police said anything about the affair, hoping nothing would get out about the arrest.

"KOH-I-NOOR" Pencils are best for every purpose and first choice with those who know. Made in Austria. Sold and used everywhere.

LIVE ENTERTAINMENT FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS

Being Planned By Local Committees In Charge of Arrangements For Coming Convention.

All the committees engaged in preparations for the coming convention of the Grand Council of the United Commercial Travelers, to be held in Louisville three days, beginning June 2, are scheduled to meet at the office of Fred W. Lyons, 208 West Main street, at 10 o'clock this morning, for the purpose of reporting and coming down to final detail work.

The plans anticipated by the entertainment committee promise plenty of good things for the traveling salesmen who are coming. Knowing the delegates to be "live wires," lively features of entertainment are being prepared for them. Just what is going to be offered them is not known in detail, but the three days will prove a season in keeping with the nature of the crowd to enjoy it.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday as follows: Christy Zeintz and Rosa Schoenaekler, Robert W. Cates and Elizabeth Lloyd, Sam Price and May Newton, Robert E. Wooton and Minnie H. Simcoe, Thomas Bailey and Bridget Ridge.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ARGUMENT BEGUN

When Hord Case Was Settled by $4,000 Compromise.

SUIT GREW OUT OF DEATH OF KATIE P. HORD.

FATALLY INJURED IN COLLISION IN SEPTEMBER LAST.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

Charles Ogden was well along in his argument before the jury in the Hord case yesterday morning in Judge Field's court when his associate attorney in the case, Jack L. Richardson, notified Judge Field that he had effected a compromise of the suit against the Louisville Railway Company. Alfred Seligman, for the defendant, had finished his address. Mr. Richardson declined to give out the amount of the compromise, but it is understood to have been $4,000.

The suit was one of several which grew out of the collision between the automobile of Dr. O. Raymond Minor and a Parkland car on the night of September 29 last. Miss Katie P. Hord was severely injured and died on October 10 following. Suit for $25,000 was brought in the name of her administrator, George H. Hord—Mr. Richardson and Edwards, Ogden & Peak representing the plaintiff. Besides Mr. Seligman, Fred Forcht was for the defendant.

The case went to trial before Judge Field on last Thursday and the twelve jurymen, members of the April panel, were held over into this week. The decedent was a stenographer in the employ of Wehle & Wehle and was hurt when the chauffeur attempted to cross Twenty-eighth street at the intersection of Kentucky street. Several in the automobile who were bound for a party were hurt and the automobile was demolished. Several parts of the smashed machine were on exhibition in the courtroom.

Two Wills Admitted To Probate.

Two wills were admitted to probate by Judge Arthur Peter, of the County Court, Saturday as follows:

That of Mrs. Ellen Casey, in which she names one daughter, Katie S. Casey, guardian of another, Annie Casey, to whom she leaves in trust a house and lot at 1611 Twenty-first street and also one at the rear. The remainder of all her property is to be divided between Mary C. Buyer and Katie I. Casey, the latter being named executrix. The will is dated November 6, 1895.

That of Andrew Wagermann, who leaves Mrs. Emelia Wagermann Bauer all his household furniture and $50 besides. To his stepdaughter, Katie Mueller, he leaves his silver watch and $50. To his son, Andrew Wagermann, whom he names executor without bond, he leaves all his realty for life to go to his children if he marries and has children. If he should have no children the property goes to the children of Mrs. Bauer. The will is dated April 24, 1900. No bond is required in either will.

Two Criminal Court Convictions.

Two prison sentences of two years each were assessed yesterday in the Criminal Court, Allen R. Kinney sitting as Special Judge, against Ed Marshall, convicted of obtaining property by false pretenses, and against Clarence Bannon, charged with malicious cutting of Tillie Johnson.

Much time was consumed in the Marshall trial. According to the testimony, it appeared that Marshall on February 4 had called up the Drabelle-Yager Coal Company, representing that he was the Calloway Lumber Company and that he wanted two tons of coal. He later went for it, it was charged, and then sold it to Carey Church, of 716 York street, for $7, receiving only $3.60 in part payment for it.

The case of E. Davis, who was charged with having stolen William Rott's diamond scarf-pin from him in the billyard and immediately after the hanging of William Carter on April 16, was passed until May 20.

Was It Popular Playground?

Remanding of the suit of Ernest Henderen against the Southern Railway in Kentucky was ordered by Judge Field yesterday afternoon following the point made by the defendant's attorney, E. W. C. Humphrey, that the plaintiff had not alleged in his petition that the handcar which figured in the suit had been left in a place where boys were wont to congregate.

Several witnesses were heard in the case, among them being the 5-year-old plaintiff himself and his 7-year-old brother, both of whom made good impressions. The boy, who sues by the name of his father, William Hendren, was hurt on August 3, 1907, at Tucker Station. A handcar had been left on a side track and the boys went to play on it, thinking it was a "see-saw." The plaintiff's head was crushed under the handles. Al M. Marret is for the plaintiff.

County Saloonkeepers On Carpet.

Evidence against Ed Thomas, who keeps a roadhouse four miles from the city on the Newburg road, was heard yesterday by Judge Arthur Peter in the County Court, and the case taken under advisement. The County Attorney, Joseph Seligman, is seeking to revoke the license on the charge that Thomas keeps a disorderly place. It was in this saloon that Robert Lacey was killed several weeks ago, and Charles Pipes was shot and wounded.

Boys Seek Heavy Damages.

Two suits, in each of which $15,000 as damages is asked from the Louisville Railway Company, were filed yesterday in the Circuit Court by Conrad Meyer as statutory guardian of Herbert and John Meyer. Both the boys are described as being under 14 years of age. They were hurt when struck by a Fourth-avenue car at the intersection of O street on April 10. Johns is said to have suffered permanent injuries to his hearing.

Jockey Club Takes Appeal.

In Judge Miller's court yesterday the New Louisville Jockey Club took an appeal from a ruling of Judge Miller in its suit for an injunction against Oakdale. In sustaining a demurrer of the defendant to the petition last Saturday Judge Miller appeared to uphold the action of the southern suburb in annexing the racing park. Charles F. Grainger as trustee, is named as a party to the suit.

Report of the Grand Jury.

The following indictments were returned yesterday by the grand jury, which adjourned until to-day:

Malicious cutting—Pocahontas Green.

Housebreaking—Tom Cowles.

Dismissed—Grace Brewer, charged with grand larceny.

Court Paragraphs.

—The city sued William Specht for $67.59, alleged due on back taxes.

—William A. Shain sued Charles Robinson for $176, alleged due on his wages as barkeeper for the defendant.

—Rosa Stenz sued Julia E. O'Bryan and others, seeking to quiet the title to certain described real estate.

—The Louisville Cooperage Company sued E. J. Murphy & Co. for $1,178.86, alleged due on a note.

—Ella Wilson sued the Ross-Paris Hotel Company for $5,000 as damages, alleging injuries when she fell down a stairway at the Louisville Hotel on February 12.

—The James H. Button Company sued J. F. Bruce for $112, alleged due as real estate agent's commission for the sale of certain real estate.

—The Montenegro-Riehm Music Company sued Dena Edelen for $210.30, alleged due on a contract and asking that it be adjudged to hold a superior lien against certain property of the defendant.

—Collis Ormsby sued the Louisville Railway Company for $1,400 as damages for injuries he says he received on April 10 last, when he was thrown against the seats of a car on which he was a passenger at Fourth-avenue and O street.

—Tom Blanford, as administrator of S. E. Jolly, sued the Louisville Railway Company for $25,000 as damages for the death of Jolly, who was fatally injured on April 1 in a collision at Fourth Avenue and St. Catherine street.

—William J. Faller sued the Courier-Journal Job Printing Company yesterday for $15,500 for the loss of the services of his son, Emile G. Faller, who suffered the loss of four fingers on his right hand when caught in a printing press on May 12, 1908. The boy then was 15 years of age.

—Pearl Reis was granted a divorce from Ambrose P. Reis by Judge Kirby for alleged cruelty. They were married in March, 1905. Mrs. Reis was restored to her maiden name of Pearl Beutel. She is the daughter of Dr. G. F. Beutel. The defendant is in the employ of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

—Rosa Newton Glenn sued William Henry Glenn for divorce, asking for the restoration of her maiden name of Rosa Newton, for a restraining order to prevent the defendant from molesting her and for alimony during the pendency of the suit of $35 a month. They were married on December 5, 1906, in Jeffersonville. She charges cruel treatment and drunkenness as the grounds for her suit.

—In the case of Stephen Mayfield against Herman Probst and the Iring Transfer Company, a suit for $5,000 as damages, a jury in Judge O'Doherty's court found for the defendant. The plaintiff was hurt on June 26, 1906, when a transfer wagon backed into a pile of tiling used in the Paul Jones building and turned it over on him. The court instructed peremptorily for Probst, who was represented by J. T. O'Neal, Jr. The Iring Company was represented by Fred Forcht.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., May 11.—Whole court sitting.

Feltner vs. Huff, etc., Leslie; affirmed.

Eversole, etc., vs. First National Bank, Perry; affirmed.

Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. Smith, Grayson; affirmed.

City of Covington vs. O'Meara, Jr., by, etc., Kenton; affirmed.

Lexington Railway Company vs. Woodward, Fayette; affirmed.

Asher, etc., vs. Tennis Coal Company, Leslie; affirmed.

Button vs. City of Louisville, etc., Jefferson; affirmed.

Watson vs. Chandler, Jr., etc., Webster; affirmed.

Western Union Telegraph Company vs. Fisher, Greenup; affirmed.

Milton, administratrix, vs. Frankfort and Versailles Traction Company, Franklin; agreement filed and case continued; appellant given to 1st day of September and appellee until the convening of court at September term to file brief.

Commonwealth vs. Gaulbert, administrator, Jefferson; agreement filed and additional record allowed to be filed.

Wathen, Mueller & Co. vs. Commonwealth, Marion; petition for rehearing overruled.

Wheat, etc., vs. Commonwealth, Boyle; appellant filed motion and given thirty days' extension to file petition for rehearing.

Commonwealth, by, etc., vs. Preeble's executor, and same vs. same, Boyd; appellant filed reply brief.

Southern Railway Company in Kentucky vs. Lee, etc., Mercer; appellee filed brief.

Davis vs. Commonwealth, and Allen vs. Commonwealth, Breathitt; set for May 19.

Derickson, Judge, vs. Conlee, Powell; appellant filed petition for rehearing.

Southern Railway Company in Kentucky vs. Miller; appellee filed motion and granted twenty days' extension of time to file brief.

Morgan vs. Board of Councilmen of Frankfort, Franklin; agreement filed and case docketed and advanced, and appellant allowed ten days to file brief and appellee ten days thereafter.

Buchanan vs. Boyd, executor, Whitley; appellee's motion to dismiss the appeal sustained.

City of Louisville vs. Commonwealth, by, etc., Jefferson; argued by Lafon Allen and W. A. McKay for appellee and by O. B. Blakey for appellant and case submitted.

Ordered that court adjourn until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Howard vs. Howard, etc.—Filed April 29, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from McLean Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, affirming.

Landes—Division of—Adverse Possession—Agreed Judgment.—The defense of H. that he has held the land adversely for fifteen years is unavailing against the agreed judgment by which half of the land was conveyed to his brother, as is immaterial that the judgment was entered by agreement. It is binding unless opened in the manner provided by law. If there is a mistake about it the court that entered it may, in a proper proceeding, grant relief by modifying it, but until it is so modified it is conclusive on H. that his brother is the owner of half the land.

Taylor & Clark for appellant; R. Alexander for appellee.

Smith vs. Commonwealth.—Filed April 27, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from McCracken Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Settle, reversing.

First — Homicide—Manslaughter, Voluntary and Involuntary—Continuance—Instructions.—While counsel for appellant was a skilled lawyer, in view of the fact that he had many pressing professional engagements, and needed time to consult with appellant's family and witnesses, there should have been a continuance until the next term and appellant not been forced into a trial four days after the return of the indictment against him.

Second—Same.—In the effort to wrench the gun away from appellant it was discharged and his father killed. There should have been an instruction submitting the question as to whether the killing was the result of sudden heat and passion on the part of appellant, and those with reference to voluntary and involuntary manslaughter fall short of an accurate statement of those crimes. (See 93 Ky., 318, 125 S. W., 636.)

James Campbell for appellant; James Breathitt, Attorney General; Tom B. McGregor, Assistant Attorney General, for appellee.

Fantz vs. Steinmetz.—Filed April 27, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court, Second Chancery division. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Settle, affirming.

First—Wills—Devise—Power of Widow to Partition Lot—General Power to Widow.—This appeal presents for consideration the question whether a deed tendered by appellee will pass a good and merchantable title to the lot, and the question depends upon the power of the widow to partition the lot. While this court does not seem to have passed on the question whether a mere general power given the widow by will to sell real estate for reinvestment necessarily confers the power to make a partition, other authorities bear out this view.

Second—While one clase in the will provides that there shall be no division until, first, the marriage of the widow, and second, when all the children have become 21 years of age, at the time of the partition the second event provided for had happened, and the deed of partition expressly declaring it was made for the benefit of the widow, who but she was to judge of the necessity for the partition? Moreover, the restriction was intended for her benefit and she had the right to waive this restriction, and having done so, cannot other complain of the act and she will be estopped to do so. Therefore, the deed tendered was sufficient to pass the title.

L. Frank Withers, for appellant; L. A. Hickman, for appellee.

Miller's Admr. vs. L. C. R. R. Co.—Filed April 28, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Ohio Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Wm. Rogers Clay, Commissioner, affirming.

Railroads—Peremptory Instruction—Evidence.—In this action by appellant to recover damages for the death of his decedent, who was run over and killed by one of appellee's trains, the only question is whether the peremptory instruction to find for appellee was correctly given, and an examination of the evidence shows that the accident resulted not from the appellee's negligence, but from the deafness of decedent, which prevented him from hearing the signals, and in view of this appellee was entitled to the peremptory instruction.

G. B. Likens for appellant; H. P. Taylor, Blewitt Lee, Trabue, Doolan & Cox for appelee.

Palmer Transfer Company vs. Fidelity and Casualty Company.—Filed April 28, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from McCracken Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Lassing, affirming.

Insurance, Accident—Method of Computing Premium—Action to Recover Amount Rebated and for Additional Premiums.—Appellant took out a policy of insurance with appellee, which it renewed from time to time, covering its drivers of vehicles. The policy contained the condition that the premium is based upon the compensation earned by the drivers. Upon a statement by appellant a portion of the premium was rebated, but after having appellant's books audited to see the compensation paid its drivers, some question arose as to these amounts which appeared to be in excess of what appellant reported, this suit was brought to recover certain amounts rebated and for additional premiums. The Chancellor found in favor of the insurance company to the extent of the amount sued for.

The only question is whether under the provision of the contract appellant had the right to have policies fixed by considering the total amount paid its drivers while actually engaged in the business of driving, or whether the total compensation received by them while in their employ must be taken into account. Held, that the contract fixes the premium by taking into consideration the number of vehicles used and the drivers employed and their compensation, without regard to the length of time actually employed by each driver while driving, and the trial court having so construed it, his judgment must be affirmed.

Price & Ross, Miller & Miller for appellant; Wheeler, Hughes & Berry for appellee.

Kevil vs. City of Princeton.—Filed April 29, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from the Caldwell Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, affirming.

First—Water Supply—Action for Contamination of—Laying of Pipes—Authority from City.—In this action by appellant who operated a small water plant, for damages for the pollution of his supply, the court properly excluded from the jury all evidence as to his customers whom he reached by passing pipes under the streets for the reason that he had no authority from the town to place them there. No right had been acquired by adverse possession as no notice had been given as required by Section 2546 Ky. Stats.

Second—Instructions.—The gist of the action here is that the city had polluted appellant's water supply, the evidence was conflicting, but much of it conduced to show that the water was unfit for use before the city turned its sewers into it, and that the sewers did it no damage. The instructions properly submitted his measure of damages. He was allowed to recover for water at other places supplied by him and also for the use of his own property.

Hodge & Hodge for appellant; Darby, Lisanby & Gates for appellee.

Bank of Russellville vs. City of Russellville.—Filed April 28, 1909.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Logan Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by William Rogers Clay, Commissioner, affirming.

Banks—Capital Stock—Whether Bonds Issued by Appellee Enter Into Value of Appellant's Capital Stock—Taxation—Contract.—The single question involved on this appeal is whether or not bonds issued by appellee and owned by appellant should be taken into consideration in determining the value of appellant's capital stock for the purpose of taxation. Held—There is neither an express nor an implied contract on the part of appellee to surrender its power of taxation, the contract of purchase was subject to the taxing power, and the imposition and collection of a tax cannot, therefore, impair the obligation of a contract which was made subject to the right of appellee to exercise the power of taxation.

S. R. Crewdson for appellant; R. J. Browning for appellee.

Taylor, etc., vs. Cundiff et al.—Filed April 28, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Pulaski Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Carroll, affirming.

Graded Schools—Tax Levy In Aid of—Objections to Validity of Tax.—The objections to the levy of the tax herein are not material. While the order does not recite that the election was held at a certain place as required by the order directing the election, it recites that it was held at the time and place mentioned in the order, and while there may be no statement in the record that the notices of election were published in the manner required by the statute, the Sheriff certified that the election was held in accordance with the order, and in the absence of anything to the contrary, it will be presumed that the officer did his duty and published the notices as required by law.

James Denton for appellants; Virgil P. Smith for appellees.

Pennsylvania Lines' Stopovers.

On first-class tickets reading over Pennsylvania lines 10 days' stopovers, including date of deposit, are now allowed, upon notice to conductor, at either or all the following cities: Indianapolis, Columbus, Pittsburg, Washington, Baltimore or Philadelphia. Also effective June 1 at Dayton.

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A home market for waste paper is promised in the incorporation and proposed operation of what is to be known as the City Waste Paper Company, with Fred W. Keisker, president of the Commercial Club, at its head. The new concern, which is composed of Fred W. Keisker, Louis Seelbach, W. J. Day, M. T. Bentzen, J. R. Murphy, T. C. Timberlake, J. C. Norman and C. L. Currie, proposes to establish and operate in Louisville a concern for the collection and baling and sale of waste paper.

Ultimately it is the aim of the company to build a mill in Louisville, where the waste paper can be made into wrapping paper and other products, instead of shipping it to mills already in operation. Already the collection and marketing of waste paper has become a large business in Louisville, where are many dealers who purchase it from scavengers, whose wagons may be seen all over the city moving along the alleys and streets, taking up waste paper, rags, etc. The new concern will not interfere with the scavenger wagons, but propose to purchase what they gather and save them the trouble of marketing away from Louisville.

The movement for a cleaner Louisville will benefit by the operations of the concern, as the refuse paper gleaned from streets and alleys in the "clean-up" movement will have a value.

M. C. Browder, Industrial Commissioner of the Commercial Club, is a prime mover in the new concern and is confident it will ultimately result in a new enterprise for Louisville that will give employment to more than 100 men and at the same time furnish a home market for waste paper.

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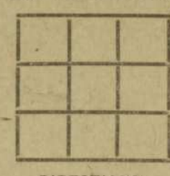

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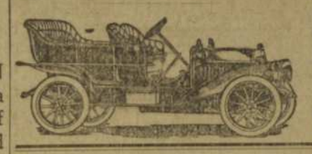

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